

P-W

Waddell-Duncan-Murray #1 2-24
Sec. 5-Twp. 22S-R. 27E

2-24

6

County Cochise

Area _____

Lease No. _____

Well

Name Waddell-Duncan Murray # 1

Location SE NW Sec 5 Twp 22S Range 27E Footage 1980 FNL & FWL
Gl Spud Completed -50 Total 4240' Buck
Elev 4225' 4238 KB Date 5-16-52 Depth 4210 ?
datum used Abandon Approx. Time Log to 4400'
Contractor: Cost \$ _____

8" Casing @ 1973' - PI Card
Casing Size Depth Cement

Drilled by Rotary
Cable Tool

18 1/2" (?) 250' Drift.

Production Horizon _____

According to Temp. Survey 300'

Initial Production D & A

8 5/8" 1970' Legged by Schlumberger to 3910' 10-18-50
5 1/2" 3098' Temp Survey by Halliburton 301-3028' 6-22-51.
Shows top cement at 2265"

REMARKS Have Time Log - Temp Log - Schlum Log - also shows perforations.

Perf. 5 shots ⁽⁵⁾ 2625-50; 28 shots ⁽⁴⁾ 2825-45'; 27 shots ⁽⁵⁾ 2950-2980';
⁽¹⁾ 30 shots 2990-3000' and ⁽²⁾ 30 shots 3016-3026.

PI-Card: "2BWP Min. w/ some gas @ 2258-70 in Penna." Went to Pre E"

Elec. Temperature Log; Resistivity & negative cor. Sample Log drilling samples + log
Logs E Log Sample Descrip. _____
Applie Plugging Completion Sample Sample Set X 7-13 P-1638
to Plug Record Report #1638 Cores _____

Water well - accepted by _____

Bond Co.
& No. _____

Date

Bond Am't \$ _____

Cancelled _____

Organization Report _____

Filing Receipt _____

Dated _____

Well Book _____ Flat Book _____

Loc. Plat _____

Dedication _____

API # 02-003-05039

PERMIT NUMBER none

Date Issured _____

2-24

COPY

COPY

COPY

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Artesia, New Mexico

2-24

A GENERAL GEOLOGIC REPORT PERTAINING TO OIL AND GAS POSSIBILITIES
SULPHUR SPRINGS VALLEY, COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA

This report is cumulative in that it covers various and sundry previous reports by this writer and is an attempt to cover an area extending, for purposes of this report, from the United States-Mexico boundary at Douglas, Arizona on the South to the beginning of the Gila River water shed at a point roughly due West of Fort Grant approximately thirty miles north of Willcox, Arizona; bordered on the east, from north to south, by the Pinaleño, Dos Cabezas, Chiricahua and Sierrita mountains; and on the west, from north to south, by the Winchester, Little Dragoon, Dragoon and Mule Mountains. An area roughly eighty miles long north to south and averaging about twenty to twenty five miles east to west and characteristic of a typical Rocky Mountain type basin with surrounding mountain ranges.

The valley area consists in the main of gently undulating grassy plains at an elevation of from 4200 feet to 5000 feet above sea level. The surrounding mountain ranges rise from a few hundred feet to 5000 feet above the valley floor.

The cores of the surrounding mountain ranges generally consist of pre-cambrian schists and granites. With the entire Paleozoic column, as shown in the following stratigraphic column, overlaying the ~~schist~~ cores. The Cretaceous formations as shown are evident on the flanks.

The major structural axes trend in a northwest-southeast direction with only a slight variations from true north and south. There are some indications of later cross folding along a more nearly east-west axis. These structural indications are evident on the surface and are confirmed in subsurface where geophysical surveys have been made.

It is impossible to determine the depth of the valley fill overlaying the Cretaceous formations in the valley proper as no subsurface information is available at the present time.

A number of water wells have been drilled in the valley fill and a large number of these have made ~~some~~ showings of oil and gas in greater or lesser quantities; however, it is the writers considered opinion that, because of its reported high gravity character this oil is nothing more or less than storage oil trapped near the surface but originating at ~~some~~ much greater depths.

CHECK ASTON cont.

-2-

The Cretaceous formations are definitely the best probabilities for the accumulation of oil and/or gas in commercial quantities because of their particular types and the complete lack of alteration which is evident in the older Paleozoic formations.

However the Paleozoic formations are of a character where altered on the contact and outcrop near the granite cores of the mountains that if the alterations did not take place at a distance from the mountains, in other words in the valley proper, the possibilities of oil and/or gas accumulations would not be at all unlikely.

As to local structural conditions necessary for the accumulation of oil and/or gas in the various formations discussed above, the writer has previously written reports covering four excellent prospects, which do not include all the structural features but only the more evident.

The following is a generalized stratigraphic section of the Sulphur Springs area:

PRE-CAMBRIAN

Schists and granites composing the crystalline basement.

Pinal Schist: Greenish grey schist.

CAMBRIAN

Bolsa Quartzite: Basal Paleozoic. Unconformably overlying the schist or granite. Total thickness may be from 400 to 500 feet. Hard, fine-grained to pebbly conglomerate. Color of exposed rocks brown.

UPPER CAMBRIAN

Abrigo Limestone: Conformably overlying the Bolsa Quartzite. Total thickness of complete section 700 feet. Laminated, thin bedded, shaly limestone. Bands of metamorphosed shale and limestone. Buff to dark grey. At top of section white quartzite 3 feet thick. Slightly fossiliferous.

DISCONFORMITY

Ordovician, Silurian, and part of the early Devonian missing.

DEVONIAN

Martin Limestone: Unconformably overlying the Abrigo Limestone. Total thickness 200 to 350 feet thick. At base grey limestone with layers of soft grey shale. Upper part hard, compact, dark grey to black limestone with a few thin sandy beds. Casts and corals in upper portion.

CARBONIFEROUS Mississippian

Escabrosa Limestone: Total thickness approximately 300 feet (may be 700 to 1000 feet locally). Thick, white to dark granular limestone, some hard, white, crystalline. Coral and crinoid stems. Where greater thickness is exposed upper part consists of limestones, shales, and sand stones, predominately yellow.

PENNSYLVANIAN

Naco Limestone: Divided into four members, all marine.

Basal member: Overlying Escab rose limestone. 1100 feet thick.
Black and grey limestone. Coral and crinoid stems.
Orange dolomite member: Alterating sandstones, shales, and dolomitic
limestones. Predominate color yellow to orange. Thickness 690 feet more
or less.
Black limestone member: Massive, dense, black limestone; 630 feet thick.
Fauna similar to the Wewoka of Oklahoma.
Upper member: Dolomitic: Shales, shaly limestones, dolomite and sand
stones. Approximately 730 feet thick.

Total thickness of Naco Limestone 3200 feet.

In the Whetstone Mountains Dr. Stoyanow places the total thickness of Naco
formation of Pennsylvanian age at 1600 feet. Tentatively classifying the
upper 1600 feet of Carboniferous beds as Permian. (Whetstone, Empire and
Little Dragoon Mountains.)

UNCONFORMITY

Triassic and Jurassic apparently missing.

MESOZOIC

Comanchean Cretaceous: Generalized section: (Bisbee Group??)

Glanee Conglomerate: Laid down upon an erosional surface on Naco Limestone;
consists of a conglomerate of angular fragments of the older rocks of all
sizes filling the hollows of the eroded surface to a more or less even
surface. Thickness from 0 to as much as 500 feet.

Novaculite and blue limestone: 50 to 70 feet thickness of irregular novaculite
beds overlain by blue fossiliferous limestones. It is a good formation marker.
Overlies glanee conglomerate.

Morite formation: Lower member: Shales, sandstones, quartzites, some limestones.
Estimated approximately 1200 feet thick.
Upper member predominately limestone and shales. Correlates with Trinity
group of Texas.

Mural Limestone: Predominately limestone, approximately 700 feet thick
Correlates with Glen Rose of Texas: Upper part may be equivalent of Edwards
Limestone.

Cintura Formation: Uppermost Comanchean Cretaceous. Shales, sands, sandstones,
impure limestones. Approximately 1800 feet thick Upper part generally eroded.
Fredericksburg Group-some may be younger.

Entire thickness of Lower Cretaceous generalized section 3000 to 4000 feet.
In the Whetstone Mountains indicated to be 10,000 feet, and in the Empire
Range at around 6000 feet.

Cenozoic to recent: Conglomerates and gravels of valley fills of indeterm.
thickness.

CHUCK ASTON Cont.

-4-

The above stratigraphic column indicates that a test well of less than 6000 to 7000 feet in depth would # in all probability not adequately test the Cretaceous formations; therefore, it is recommended that any test hole be predicated to at least these depths, unless shallower production is encountered, or deeper if it is desirable to test the Paleozoic possibilities.

From an analysis of the factors set out above and from a number of years of practical field experience, the Sulphur Springs Valley is one of the best prospective future oil provinces in the Southwest today.

Respectfully submitted this 27th day of May, 1948.

/s/ CHUCK ASTON
Chuck Aston
Consulting Pet. Geologist

A true copy

#2-24

2-24

DRILLING SAMPLES

FROM

MADDEN-GOURCAN CO., MURRAY WELD

LOCATION

CAMP #1 SEC. 5, T 22 S, R 27 E.

COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA

CORRELATED BY

LOREN I. BUCK

2212 East Seneca
Tucson, Arizona

MADDEN-DUHON CO. #1 BOROCY

Elev. Est. 4240'

4238 K.B.

Location--CSE-BL Sec. 5, 22 S., 27 E.
Coconino County, Arizona

0 - 560 Valley fill - conglomerate.
1610 Mostly red & green shaly conglomerate. Bag of Morita.
30 Soft white lime - Top of Bag of Morita, 1610'.
40 " " " & some Morita.
50 " " " "
60 " " " "
70 " " " "
80 Missing.
90 Soft white lime & some Morita.
1700 " " " "
10 " " " "
20 " " " " (lime increasing)
30 " " " " "
40 Reddish light lime & some Morita? Top solid, 1745+?
50 " " " " "
55 Light lime & some Morita w/some chert and erosional material. Few heavy porous pieces.
60 Good solid white & gray xln. lime. Trace chert Dark.
65 thin. white lime - no porosity.
70 " " " - Trace Dark chert.
75 " " "
80 " grey lime; some Dolomitic buff lime - trace chert. Fusilinids noted in sample when wet with acid.
85 " grey lime; some Dolomitic buff lime - trace chert.
90 Missing - lost circulation - no sample at 1790.
Cemented
95 Mostly cave--some grey xln. lime.
Cemented after losing circulation at 1795.
1600 Grey medium xln. lime w/little reddish lime slightly fossiliferous.
05 " " " " " "
Fusilinids
10 Grey medium " " w/some reddish lime
Fossil Fusilinids noted in pink lime.
15 Grey medium xln. lime w/some reddish lime.
Fusilinids
20 Grey medium xln. lime w/some reddish lime.
Fossil Fusilinids.
25 Grey and red xln. lime.
30 " " " "
40 Grey and red xln. lime w/thin red shale streaks.
50 Red and Grey xln. lime.
1650-60 Grey xln. lime & streaks of grey shale.
70 Grey and reddish grey xln. lime.
80 Grey xln. limestone.
90 " " " w/maroon & green shales.
Trip lost circulation. Cemented off.
1900 Grey limestone, marl & little sdy. conglomerate.
10 Dk. grey xln. limestone w/thin dark grey shale streaks.
Foss.
20 Pinkish grey fossiliferous xln. lime.
30 Finely xln. grey lime.
40 Darker grey med. xln. lime.
50 Med. to dark grey xln. lime.
60 " " " " " (Few oil-stained cuttings)
65 Reddish grey xln. lime.
70 Med. to Dark grey xln. lime.
75 Reddish dark grey finely xln. lime.
80 Med. to Dark grey " " "
85 Med. grey finely xln. lime.
90 Med. grey finely xln. lime.
95 " " " " " w/thin streak, Dark shale.
2000 " " dense lime w/traces of chert

05 Medium grey dense lime w/traces of chert.
Trip.
10 Maroon shale & dense lime w/traces of chert.
15 " " " "
20 Some maroon shale & dense lime - little green shale.
25 Dark maroon and bright green shales w/grey lime streaks.
30 Medium grey finely xlн. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
40 Reddish grey finely xlн. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
45 Reddish grey and grey finely xlн. lime w/some maroon & green shale streaks.
50 Medium grey to reddish xlн. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
Fossiliferous trip.
55 Medium grey xlн. lime.
60 " " " "
65 Med. grey & reddish xlн. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
70 Med. grey xlн. lime.
75 " " " "
30 " " " " w/some dark maroon & some green shale streaks.
35 " " " " " " "
90 " " " " " " "
95 Dark maroon & green shale w/grey med. xlн. lime streaks.
2100 Med. xlн. med. grey lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks & lime; little dolomitic.
05 Med. xlн. med. grey lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks and a thin band of oolitic lime.
10 Buff med. xlн lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks.
15 Grey med. xlн lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks - trace of chert.
20 Grey med. xlн. lime.
25 " " " "
30 Grey to reddish grey xlн. lime w/trace of dense oolitic lime.
35 Grey to reddish grey xlн lime w/streaks of maroon & green shale.
40 Med. grey xlн. lime.
45 " " " "
Trip 21/7.
50 Light grey xlн. lime.
Fossiliferous
55 Light grey xlн lime (fossiliferous) plus some conglomerate. Dense to coarsely xlн.
60 Conglomerate. Maroon & green dense lime and shales w/much chert
65 Conglomerate. Maroon & green dense lime and shales w/some chert
70 Conglomerate. Same as above.
75 Some conglomerate, with grey lime and translucent chert increasing.
80 Maroon shales, light grey lime and translucent chert
85 Maroon shales w/some reddish to grey xlн lime
90 " " " " " " " " " and chert
95 Grey and pink xlн lime--little translucent chert
2200 Grey & pink xlн lime--little translucent chert w/maroon shale streaks
05 Pink to maroon dense lime and maroon shale streaks
10 Fossiliferous. Grey & pink xlн lime w/maroon & green shale streaks.
15 Grey & pink xlн lime w/oolitic chert & maroon shales
20 Conglomerate. Maroon & grey xlн lime x/oolitic chert & maroon shales.
25 grey & maroon xlн lime w/some translucent chert & maroon shales.
30 Grey & rose xlн lime w/much translucent & rose chert.
35 Missing.
40 Grey & pink med. xlн lime w/trace of chert.
45 " " " " w/much translucent chert & some maroon shale.
50 " " " " w/chert & dark grey shale streaks.
55 Coarsely xlн grey lime w/translucent chert & maroon shale streaks.
60 Xln grey lime w/translucent chert
65 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish xlн lime & reddish mineral w/some chert.
70 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish dense lime & maroon shale w/chert.
75 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish & grey xlн. lime w/much chert.
80 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish dense lime & maroon shale w/chert.
85 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish & grey xlн. lime & chert w/little maroon shale.
90 Cherty red conglomerate w/little grey lime.
95 " " " " " " "
2300 " " " "

2305 Cherry red concretionary w/some grey xln lime.
10 " " " "
15 " " " w/grey xln lime.
20 " " " "
25 " " " "
30 Grey xln lime w/little white chert.
35 " " " w/some dolomitic lime.
40 Medium grey finely xln lime.
45 Darker grey finely xln lime.
50 " " " "
55 Med. grey finely xln lime.
60 " " " " " w/traces white opaque chert.

Top Miss 2305

Trip
65 Med. grey med. xln lime.
70 " " " "
75 " " " "
80 " to coarsely xln med. grey lime.
85 " " " "
90 " xln med. grey lime.
95 " " " "
2400 " " grey lime.
05 " " " " w/white lime streaks.
10 White xln lime, soft.
Totco Test 2413 = 2409!

Corrected

2410 White xln lime, soft.
15 " " " w/grey lime streaks, soft.
20 " " " "
2420-25 Grey and white xln lime.
30 " " " "
35 Grey medium xln lime.
40 " " " "
45 " " " "
50 " " " "
55 " " " "
60 " " " " darker
65 " " " " "
70 " " " " "
75 " " " " w/trace of light chert.
80 " to buff slightly dolomitic lime w/trace of rose chert.
85 Grey & pink medium xln lime (fossiliferous)
90 Light grey to white med. xln. lime.
95 " " " " " (fossiliferous)
2500 " " " " " " w/trace white chert
05 " " " " " " (fossiliferous)
10 White xln lime.
15 " " " (fossiliferous)
20 Light grey xln lime "
25 " " " highly fossiliferous
30 Med. grey coarsely xln lime
30 " " " " w/some pink xln lime
35 " " " " streaks of reddish stained
40 " " " " w/lime & streaks of purple shale
45 " " " " " " "
50 Light grey & pinkish xln lime - highly fossiliferous
55 " " xln lime & pink dolomitic lime.
60 " " & pink xln lime.
65 " " " dolomitic & xln lime w/some maroon shales (probably cavings)
70 Soft Lt. grey & pink Dolomitic & xln lime
Circulating 30 min.
70 Soft Lt. pink and grey dolomitic sand.
Circulating 1 hour
70 Soft Lt. pink and grey dolomitic sand.
75 Soft dark pink & grey dolomitic sand.
80 Fair porosity. Medium to coarsely xln light red dolomite & dolomitic lime
w/trace dark chert.
85 Fair porosity. Medium to coarsely xln light red dolomite & dolomitic lime
w/trace dark chert.

2900 Grey to dark grey xln lime w/few dark gray shale streaks.
05 " " " " " w/nomeular black dolomite.
10 " " " " " " "
15 " " " " " " "
15 w/trace of translucent oolitic chert.
20 Grey medium xln lime w/streaks of oolitic to fossiliferous translucent chert.
25 Grey med. xln lime & dolomitic lime w/streaks of oolitic to fossiliferous translucent chert.
30 Trip & repairs
Grey med. xln lime & dolomitic lime w/streaks of oolitic to fossiliferous translucent chert.
35 Same
40 Light red & some grey med. xln dolomite, some gray lime & translucent chert.
45 Grey & light red coarsely xln dolomite w/opaque chert.
50 Grey & light red coarsely xln dolomitic lime w/translucent & opaque chert.
55 Grey & light red coarsely xln dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
60 Grey & light red coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
65 Grey coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
70 Grey med. to coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
75 " " " " " " " " "
80 Grey & light red to coarsely xln dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
85 Grey med. sandy dolomite & dolomitic lime w/little light chert;
85 few oil-stained piece.
90 Grey med. sandy dolomite (some stained pieces as above)
95 " " coarse sandy lime.
3000 " " "
05 " " xln sandy lime.
10 " " " " " w/some chert.
15 Pink & grey med. to coarsely xln sandy lime w/trace of buff chert.
20 " " " " " " " w/more white chert.
25 " " " " " " " " w/some white chert.
30 Soft pink & grey med. xln dolomitic lime w/some white chert.
35 " " " " " " " " "
40 " light red fine to med. xln sandy lime.
45 " grey med. xln dolomite & dolomitic xln lime w/some detrital material.
50 " red med. to coarsely xln sandy lime w/detrital material.
Circulate 30" at 3050.
Circulate 1 hr. at 3050.
Soft red coarsely xln red dolomite w/little detrital material; fair porosity.
55 Red med. to coarse xln dolomite w/little grey lime.
60 Grey xln lime & red med. xln dolomite, red & green shale & red siltstone w/
little translucent chert.
65 Grey & red dolomite w/porosity w/some detrital material.
70 Pink to grey med. xln dolomite w/trace of chert.
75 " " " " " "
80 " " " " " "
85 Soft pink to grey med. xln dolomite w/trace of chert.
Circulate 30".
85 Soft pink to grey med. xln dolomite w/trace of chert.
90 Soft pink to grey med. xln dolomite.
95 Soft light red & grey fine to med. xln dolomitic lime.
3100 " " " " " "
05 " " " " " "
10 " " " " " "
15 " " " " medium "
20 " " " " " " " " " " "
25 " " " " " " " " " " "
30 Light red & grey " xln dolo. & dolomitic lime w/traces chert.
35 " " " " med. to coarse xln dolo. & " " " " "
40 " " " " " xln dolomitic lime.
45 " " " " " " " " x/some translucent chert.
50 " " " " " coarsely xln lime.
55 Pink & grey coarsely xln lime.
60 " " " " " "
65 " " " med. to coarsely xln lime.
70 " " " " " " w/traces of light chert.
75 " " " " xln green flecked(?) sandy dolomite.

3220 Pink & grey med. xln green flecked (?) sandy dolomite.
 35 " " " " " to coarse sandy dolomite.
 90 " " " " " " "
 95 " " " " " " "
 3200 " " " " " " "
 05 " " " " " " "
 10 " " fine to med. dolomitic sand & some sandy dolomite.
 15 " " " " " " "
 20 " " " " " " "
 25 " " " " " " "
 Circulate 30 min.
 3227 Pink & grey dolomitic sand & some sandy dolomite.
 Circulate 1 hr.
 3227 Red coarse dolomitic sand
 30 " " " " and grey sandy dolomite.
 35 Pink, red & grey sandy dolomite w/green flecks.
 40 Pink and grey sandy dolomite.
 45 " " " " "
 Correction—Ran S. L. 3245 = 3254.
 3250-55 Pink & grey sandy dolomite.
 60 " " " " "
 65 " " " " green flecked.
 70 " " " " " " with little chert.
 75 " " " " "
 80 " " xln lime.
 85 " " " " "
 90 " " " " slightly green flecked.
 95 Green flecked pink & grey sandy dolomite.
 3300 " " red & " " "
 05 " " pink & " " "
 10 " " " " "
 15 Grey and pink sandy dolomite w/some dolomitic sand.
 20 " " " " "
 25 " green " " & some grey xln lime.
 30 " & pink " " "
 35 " " " " "
 40 " " " " & some grey dolomitic sand.
 45 " " " " sandy lime " " "
 50 " " " " green flecked—~~few pieces are too stained.~~
 55 Hard, grey dolomitic sand—more dense.
 60 " " " " "
 65 " " " " , green flecked.
 70 Pink & buff sandy dolomite.
 75 Gray sandy dolomite.
 80 Pink & grey sandy dolomite.
 85 Darker grey sandy dolomite w/streak of pink quartzite.
 90 " " " " w/trace of translucent chert.
 95 Red lime & few red shale streaks.
 3400 " " sandy lime w/trace chert.
 05 Red, grey & green sandy lime to limey sand w/few red shale streaks.
 10 Red & grey sandy lime w/few red shale streaks.
 15 Grey & some white lime.
 20 " med. xln lime w/streaks of grey shale.
 Trip
 3422 Trip
 25 Sample after trip—probably same as above.
 30 Grey med xln lime w/streaks of grey shale.
 35 Interbedded finely xln dark grey lime & grey calcareous shale.
 40 " " " " "
 45 " " " " "
 50 " " " " "
 55 Grey, buff & pink med. xln lime w/few red shale streaks.
 60 Grey & reddish med. xln lime w/red shale streaks.
 65 " " " " "
 70 Red & grey " " " w/few red shale streaks.
 75 Interbedded pink & grey med. xln lime w/red & green shale streaks.
 80 " " " " "
 85 " " " " "
 90 Grey & pink med. xln lime w/red shale streaks.
 95 " " " "

prob Devonian
 Early
 Silurian c. 3300!
 — Hollingsworth

"Silurian
Holl."

3500 Grey & pink med. xln lime w/few red shale streaks.
 05 Red xln lime, dark green dolomitic shale & red shale.
 10 " " " " " "
 15 " " " " greenish grey dolomitic shale & red shale.
 20 Pink & greenish grey calcareous shale.
 -
E-Pollingsworth
 25 Greenish grey med. " "
 30 Light green & grey med. xln lime w/few grey calcareous shale streaks.
 35 Light greenish grey med. xln lime
 40 Light greenish grey dolomitic quartzitic sandstone.
 45 " " " " "
 50 " " " " limey sandstone w/grey shale streaks.
 55 " " " " "
 60 " " " " "
 65 " " " " "
 70 Light greenish grey sandy lime w/maroon & grey shale streaks.
 75 " " " " limey sand w/grey shale streaks.
 80 Greenish grey finely xln limestone w/grey shale streaks.
 85 Pink and grey sandy lime w/red & grey shale streaks.
 90 " " " " w/few grey shale streaks.
 95 Buff, pink & grey sandy lime w/grey (few) shale streaks.
 3600 Greenish grey sandy lime w/few grey shale streaks.
 05 " " " " "
 10 Pink & greenish grey sandy lime w/few grey shale streaks.
 15 Greenish grey sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks.
 20 " " " " "
 25 Pink & grey sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks.
 30 Grey sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks.
 35 " " " " "
 40 Grey sandy lime
 45 Grey sandy lime " " " " "
 50 " " " " "
 55 Pink & grey & slightly sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks,
 w/little chert.
 60 Dark grey finely xln lime.
 65 Dark to light grey finely xln lime.
 70 Dark to light grey med. xln lime.
 75 Med. grey med. xln lime w/few grey shale streaks.
 80 " " " " "
 85 " " sandy dolomite.
 90 " " " " "
 95 " " " " w/few grey & green shale streaks.
 3700 " " " " "
 05 Light & dark grey sandy dolomite w/few grey shale streaks.
 10 " " " " "
 15 Dark grey sandy dolomite w/traces of chert.
 20 Light & dark grey sandy dolomite w/traces of chert.
 25 Med. grey sandy dolomite.
 30 " " " " "
 35 " " " " "
 40 " " " " "
 45 " " " " "
 50 " " " " "
 55 " " " " dolomitic sand.
 60 " " " " "
 65 " " " " "
 70 " " " " "
 75 " " " " "
 80 " " " " "
3780 - 85 " " " " sandy quartzite.
 90 " " " " "
 95 " " " " "
 3800 After trip. Med. grey sandy quartzite with traces chert.
 05 Clear to translucent sandy quartzite to quartzitic sand.
 10 " " " " "
 15 " " " " "
 20 " " " white

Shale

3825 Clear to white quartzite to quartzitic sand
30 " " " " " " " w/come translucent chert.
35
40 Sample missing.
45 Pink to translucent sandy quartzite to quartzitic sand.
50 " " " " " " "
55 " & greenish quartzite.
60 " " "
65 " to translucent, quartzite.
70 " & greenish " "
75 " " " " " w/come maroon & green dolomitic shale.
80 " " " " " "
85 Greenish grey sandy dolomite.
90 Grey dolomitic sand & sandy dolomite.
95 " " " " "
3900 " " " " "
05 " " " " " w/little chert & traces of maroon
& grey shale & some translucent quartzite.
10 Pinkish & translucent quartzite w/streaks of dolomitic grey sand & trace of chert.
14
14 Shut-down for a week--testing and running casing to 1997'.
20 Pink, white and light green quartzite w/little red dolomitic sand.
25 " " " " " " w/streaks of grey shale & grey dolomitic
sand.
30 Pink, white and light green quartzite " " " " " " sand.
35 White to pink quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of grey shale &
maroon & grey dolomitic sand.
40 Same
45 "
50 "
55 White to pink to light green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of
grey shale & maroon & grey dolomitic sand.
60 Same
65 "
70 "
75 White to pink to light green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of
grey shale.
80 Same
85 White to pink to light green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of
grey shale & maroon & grey dolomitic sand.
90 Trace chert. Same as above.

PC-3990
Rollingsworth
4000

95 Increase in red. Same as above.
Deep pink to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/increase in grey shale,
some dolomitic sand, traces of dull brown chert & calcopyrite?
05 Red to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/traces of limey & dolomitic
sand.
10 " " " " " "
15 " " " " " "
and few grey shale streaks.
20 Same.
25 Increase green. Red to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/streaks
of grey dolomitic sand.
30 Pink to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/streaks of grey & red
dolomitic sand.
35 Same.
40 Pink to white quartzitic sand.
45 " " " " " to quartzite.
50 "
55 Lost circulation. Pink to white to green quartzitic sand (finer).
60 Lost circulation. " " " " " " " (mixing mud)
65 Pink to white to green quartzitic sand (finer) (mixing mud).
70 " " " " " "
75 "
80 "
85 " " " " " to quartzite.
90 "
4093 Trip
95 Pink to white quartzite w/few streaks grey shale.

4100 Pink to white quartzite w/few albrechts grey streaks.
 05 " " " " w/few albrechts grey streaks & grey dolomite.
 10 " " " "
 15 " " " "
 20 Light red quartzite.
 25 " " "
 30 Pink to white quartzite.
 35 " " "
 40 " " " w/thin streaks of grey dolomite.
 45 " " " "
 50 " " " "
 Trip & cementing 5026.
 55 Pink to white quartzite w/thin streaks of grey dolomite.
 60 " " " "
 65 " " " " lime & grey shale. dolo. w/1 piece brown/
 issing?
 70 " " " "
 75 " " " "
 80 Pink & white quartzite w/few grey dolomite streaks.
 85 " " " "
 90 " " " "
 95 Light red quartzite w/few green & red shale streaks.
 4200 " " " w/thin green, red & grey shale streaks.
 05 " " & white quartzite w/thin green, red & grey shale streaks (Pipe-dope
 in samples resembles oil stains.)
 10 Light red & white quartzite w/thin green, red & grey shale streaks (Pipe dope
 in samples resembles oil stains.)
 Circulating
 4210 Light Red & White quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks & trace tan chert
 15 " " " "
 20 Same.
 25 Light red & white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks
 30 " " " "
 35 " " " "
 40 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks.
 45 " " " "
 50 " " " "
 55 " " " " w/trace red lime.
 60 " " " " w/trace grey lime.
 65 " " " "
 70 " " " "
 75 " " " "
 80 " " " " w/trace grey lime.
 85 " " " "
 90 " " " "
 95 " " " "
 4300 " " " "
 05 " " " "
 trace staining - probably from pipe dope.
 10 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks.
 15 " " " " "
 20 " " " " " grey "
 25 " " " "
 30 " " " "
 35 Pink to white quartzite.
 40 " " " " w/little quartzitic sand.
 45 " " " "
 50 " " " "
 55 " " " " w/trace grey lime.
 60 " " " "
 65 " " " " w/trace black dolo. & green shale.
 70 " " " "
 75 " " " " w/trace green shale.
 80 " " " " w/trace green & grey shale.
 85 " " " " w/trace green & grey shale & gray lime.
 90 " " " "
 95 " " " "
 4400 " " " "

Larsen & Buck
Geologist

From the desk of
Cochise Co. NARD A. KOESTER Waddell-Duncan #1 Murray
5-225-27E

	FL.	Hollingsworth.	L. Buck
Valley fill		0-1608.	0- 560 560- 1610.
Morita Cong.			Penn Nacolst. 1610-
Penn (Atoka)	1610	x 1608-2305 Atoka fusulinella c 1805-40.	A Conglom. 2260- 2305 (possibly EAK) 2325-
Miss.	2305	2305-3380. x 2320?	
S. Yonau (prob Devonian?)	?	3380-	
Camrian		3580-	
Pt Granite		3990'-4400' x 3995	413780 -4400'
T.D 4400'		OIL SHOWS	1950-1960
			2980-2990'. 3045-50 φ - no show. 3340-3370 . few pieces oil-stained.

See Perforations.

Waddell-Duncan #1 Murray
5-225-27E

X R.E. Geer

From the desk of:

EDWARD A. KOESTER

Nedell-Duncan Oil Co #1 Murray

Permit #50.
5-225-27E.

11-13-70.

Telephone conversation with Loren Buck:

Had stains in Permian.

On nose from the Swissholm mountains.

Ran very high.

WADDELL-DUNCAN CO. #1 MURRAY

Elev. Est. 4240'

Location--CSE-NW, Sec. 5, 22 S, 27E.
Cochise County, Arizona

- 0-560 Valley Fill- conglomerate.
1610 Mostly red & green shaly conglomerate. Base of Morita.
30 Soft white lime-Top of Naco Lime. 1610'.
40 Soft white lime and some Morita.
50 " " " " "
60 " " " " "
70 " " " " "
80 Missing.
90 Soft white lime and some Morita.
1700 " " " " "
10 " " " " "
20 " " " " " (lime increasing)
30 " " " " " "
40 Reddish light lime and some Morita.
50 " " " " " Top solid, 1745'
55 Light lime and some Morita w/some chert and erosional material. Few heavy porous pieces.
60 Good solid white & gray xln. lime. Trace chert. Dark.
65 xln. white lime-no porosity.
70 " " " -Trace Dark chert.
75 " " "
80 " grey lime; some Dolomitic buff lime- trace chert. Fusilinids noted in sample when wet with acid.
85 xln grey lime; some Dolomitic buff lime- trace chert.
90 Missing- lost circulation-no sample at 1790.
Cemented
95 Mostly cave-some grey xln. lime.
C Cemented after losing circulation at 1795.
1800 Grey medium xln. lime w/little reddish lime slightly fossiliferous.
05 " " " " " "
Fusilinids
10 Grey medium " " w/some reddish lime,
Fossil Fusilinids noted in pink lime.
15 Grey medium xln. lime w/some reddish lime.
Fusilinids
20 Grey medium xln. lime w/some reddish lime.
Fossil Fusilinids
25 Grey and red xln. lime.
30 " " " " "
40 Grey and red xln. lime w/thin red shale streaks.
50 Red and grey xln. lime.
1850-60 Grey xln. lime & streaks of grey shale.
70 Grey and reddish grey xln. lime.
80 Grey xln. limestone.
90 " " " " w/maroon & green shales.
Trip lost circulation. Cemented off.
1900 Grey limestone, marl & little sdy. conglomerate.
10 Dk. grey xln. limestone w/thin dark grey shale streaks.
Posl.
20 Pinkish grey fossiliferous xln. lime.
30 Finely xln. grey lime.
40 Darker grey med. xln. lime.
50 Med. to dark grey xln. lime.

60 Med. to dark grey xln. lime (Few oil^s Stained cuttings)
65 Reddish grey xln. lime.
70 Med. to dark grey xln. lime.
75 Reddish dark grey finely xln. lime.
80 Med. to dark grey " " "
85 Med. grey finely xln. lime.
90 " " " "
95 " " " " w/thin streak, dark shale
2000 " " dense lime w/traces of chert.

05 Med. grey dense lime w/traces of chert
Trip.
10 Maroon shale & dense lime w/traces of chert.
15 " " " "
20 Some Maroon shale & dense lime-little green shale.
25 Dark Maroon and bright green shales w/grey lime streaks.
30 M. Medium grey finely xln. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
40 Reddish grey finely xln. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
45 Reddish grey & grey finely xln. lime w/some maroon & green shale streaks.
50 Medium grey to reddish xln. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
Fossiliferous trip.
55 Medium grey xln. lime.
60 " " " "
65 Med. grey & reddish xln. lime w/some maroon shale streaks.
70 Med grey xln. lime.
75 " " " "
80 " " " " w/some dark maroon & some green shale streaks.
85 " " " " " " " "
90 " " " " " " " "
95 Dark maroon & green shale w/grey med. xln. lime streaks.
2100 Med. xln. med. grey lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks and lime; little dolomitic.
05 Med. xln. med. grey lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks and a thin band of oolitic lime.
10 Buff med. xln lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks.
15 Grey med. xln. lime w/dark maroon & green shale streaks, trace of chert.
20 Grey med. xln. lime.
25 " " " "
30 Grey to Reddish grey xln lime w/trace of dense oolitic lime.
35 " " " " " " w/streaks of maroon and green shale.
40 Med. grey xln. lime.
45 Trip 2147.
50 Light grey xln. lime.
Fossiliferous
55 Light grey xln lime (fossiliferous) plus some conglomerate.
Dense to coarsely xln.
60 Conglomerate. Maroon & green dense lime and shales w/much chert.
65 Conglomerate. " " " " " " " " w/some "
70 Conglomerate. Same as above.
75 Some Conglomerate, with grey lime and translucent chert increasing
80 Maroon Shales, light grey lime and translucent chert
85 Maroon shales w/some reddish to grey xln lime

90 Maroon shales w/some reddish to grey xln lime and chert.
95 Grey and pink xln lime-- little translucent chert
2200 " " " " " " " " w/maroon shale streaks
05 Pink to maroon dense lime and maroon shale streaks
10 Fossiliferous. Grey & pink xln lime w/maroon & green shale streaks.
15 Grey & pink xln lime w/oolitic chert & maroon shales
20 Conglomerate. Maroon & grey xln lime w/oolitic chert & maroon shales.
25 Grey & maroon xln lime w/some translucent chert & maroon shales.
30 Grey & rose xln lime w/much translucent & rose chert.
35 Missing.
40 Grey & pink med. xln lime w/trace of chert.
45 " " " " " " w/much translucent chert & some maroon shale.
50 Grey & pink med. xln lime w/chert & dark grey shale streaks.
55 Coarsely xln grey lime w/translucent chert & maroon shale streaks.
60 Xln grey lime w/translucent chert.
65 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish xln lime & reddish mineral w/some chert
70 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish dense lime & maroon shale w/chert.
75 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish & grey xln. lime w/much chert.
80 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish dense lime & maroon shale w/chert.
85 Cherty conglomerate. Reddish & grey xln. lime & chert w/little maroon shale.
90 Cherty red conglomerate w/little grey lime.
95 " " " " " " " "
2300 05 Cherty red conglomerate w/some grey xln lime.
10 " " " " " " " "
15 " " " " " " w/grey xln lime.
20 " " " " " " " "
25 " " " " " " " "
30 Grey xln lime w/little white chert.
35 " " " w/some dolomitic lime.
40 Medium grey finely xln lime.
45 Darker grey finely xln lime.
50 " " " " " "
55 Med. grey finely xln lime.
60 " " " " " " w/traces white opaque chert.
Trip
65 Med. grey med. xln lime.
70 " " " " " "
75 " " " " " "
80 " to coarsely xln med. grey lime.
85 " " " " " " "
90 " xln med. grey lime.
95 " " " " " "
2400 05 " " " grey lime.
10 " " " " " w/white lime streaks.
Tetco Test 2413-2409:
Corrected
2410 05 White xln lime, soft.
15 " " " w/grey lime streaks, soft.
20 " " " " " "
2420-25 30 Grey and white xln lime.
35 " " " " " "
40 " " " " " "
45 " " " " " "

50 Grey medium xln lime.
55 " " " "
60 " " " " darker.
65 " " " " "
70 " " " " "
75 " " " " w/trace of light chert.
80 Grey to buff slightly dolomitic lime w/trace of rose chert.
85 Grey & pink medium xln lime (fossiliferous)
90 Light grey to white med. xln lime.
95 " " " " " (fossiliferous)
2500 " " " " " w/trace white chert.
05 " " " " " (fossiliferous)
10 White xln lime.
15 " " " (fossiliferous)
20 Light grey xln lime "
25 " " " highly fossiliferous
30 Med. grey coarsely xln lime
30 " " " " w/some pink xln lime
35 " " " " streaks of reddish stained
40 " " " " w/lime & streaks of purple shale.
45 " " " " " " " "
50 Light grey & pinkish xln lime-highly fossiliferous
55 " " xln lime & pink dolomitic lime.
60 " " & pink xln lime.
65 " " " dolomitic & xln lime w/some maroon shales,
(probably cavings)
70 Soft lt. grey & pink Dolomitic & xln lime
Circulating 30 min.
70 Soft Lt. pink and grey dolomitic sand.
Circulating 1 hour
70 Soft Lt. pink and grey dolomitic sand.
75 Soft dark pink & grey dolomitic sand.
80 Fair porosity. Medium to coarsely xln light red dolomite
and dolomitic lime w/trace dark chert.
85 Fair porosity. Medium to coarsely xln light red dolomite
and dolomitic lime w/trace dark chert.
2590 Medium to coarsely xln light red dolomite w/fair porosity.
95 " " " " " " w/trace dark chert.
2600 " " " " " " " & dolomitic lime.
Trip
05 Medium xln light red and grey lime.
10 Medium xln light red and grey dolomitic lime.
15 Medium xln light red w/some grey dolomitic lime.
20 Light red with little grey dolomitic lime.
25 Light red with some grey dolomitic lime.
30 Light red dolomitic lime.
35 " " " "
40 " " w/little grey dolomitic lime.
45 " " & some pinkish grey limey dolomite.
50 " " " " " dolomitic lime.
55 Red dolomitic-lime.
60 Red dolomitic lime & grey xln lime.
65 Medium grey xln lime w/thin red streaks.
70 " " " " " "
75 " " " "
80 " " " and some reddish xln lime.
85 Red dolomitic lime w/little grey xln lime.

X269XXXXXX

Circ. 30"

2688 Red and grey lime & red dolomitic lime w/some dark chert
Circ. 1 in.
2688 Red & grey lime & dolomitic lime w/some dark chert
90 Soft red lime & dolomitic lime.
95 " " " "
2700 Red lime and dolomitic lime w/few streaks grey lime.
05 Red & some grey lime and red dolomitic lime.
10 Red lime and red dolomitic lime w/red shale streaks w/dark chert.
15 Red & some grey lime & red dolomitic lime w/red shale streaks.
20 Red & grey lime & dolomitic lime w/shale streaks & brown chert.
25 Dense grey dolomitic lime w/grey shale streaks & some dark grey chert
30 Finely xlн grey dolomite.
35 Finely xlн grey dolomite w/dark chert.
40 " " " " " "
45 " " " "
Trip & repairs-37hours.
50 Finely xlн grey sandy dolomite and some xlн grey & pink lime
w/some dark chert streaks.
55 Finely xlн grey sandy dolomite w/little light chert streaks.
60 Finely xlн pink & grey sandy dolomite w/dark (some) grey chert streaks
65 Finely xlн grey & pink dolomite & lime w/dark grey chert streaks
70 Light red and grey finely xlн sandy dolomite w/dark grey chert streaks
75 Light red finely xlн sandy dolomite w/little grey chert.
80 Light red and grey dolomitic sand w/little brown chert
85 Light red dolomitic sand.
90 Light red dolomitic sand w/few streaks of grey sandy dolomite.
95 " " sandy dolomite w/few streaks of grey sandy dolomite, and
dark chert.
2800 Light red " " " " " " " "
05 Light red dolomitic sand
10 " " " " " " " " " tr. of
oolitic chert.
15 Light red and grey sandy dolomite
20 " " medium dolomitic sand w/few streaks grey dolomite.
25 " " " " w/few streaks finely xlн buff dolomite
30 " " & grey medium dolomitic sand.
35 Pink and gray dolomitic sand w/some light grey finely xlн dolomite
40 " " " " " finer
45 " " " " " "
50 Little pink & grey dolomitic sand " "
55 " " " " " "
60 " " " " fine " "
65 " " " " " " "
70 Pink & grey fine sandy dolomite.
75 " " " " "
80 Pink, buff & grey sandy dolomite w/few grey micaceous shale streaks
85 " xlн dolomite & dark grey xlн lime.
90 " " " " " " " "
95 Light red finely xlн dolomite w/some dark grey xlн lime.
2900 Grey to dark grey xlн lime w/few dark grey shale streaks.
05 " " " " " w/some shaley black dolomite
10 " " " " " " " "
15 " " " " " " " "
15 w/trace of translucent oolitic chert.
20 Grey medium xlн lime w/streaks of oolitic to fossiliferous
translucent chert.

2900
25 Grey medium xln lime & dolomitic lime w/streaks of oolitic to fossiliferous translucent chert.
Trip & repairs
30 Grey med. xln lime & dolomitic lime w/streaks of oolitic to fossiliferous translucent chert.
35 Same
40 Light red & some grey med. xln dolomite, some grey lime & translucent chert
45 Grey & light red coarsely xln dolomite w/opaque chert.
50 " " " " " w/translucent & opaque chert
55 " " " " " dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
60 Grey & light red coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
65 Grey coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
70 Grey med. to coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
75 Grey med. to coarsely xln lime & dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
80 Grey & light red to coarsely xln dolomitic lime & fossiliferous light chert.
85 Grey med. sandy dolomite & dolomitic lime w/little light chert;
85 few oil stained pieces.
90 Grey med. sandy dolomite (some stained pieces as above)
95 " " coarse sandy lime.
3000
05 " " xln sandy lime
10 " " " " " w/some chert.
15 Pink & grey med to coarsely xln sandy lime w/trace of buff chert.
20 " " " " " " " w/more white chert.
25 " " " " " " " w/some white chert
30 Soft pink & grey med. xln dolomitic lime w/some white chert.
35 " " " " " " " " " " "
40 " light red fine to med. xln sandy lime.
45 " grey med. xln dolomite & dolomitic xln lime w/some detrital material.
50 Soft red med. to coarsely xln sandy lime w/detrital material.
Circulate 30" at 3050.
Circulate 1 hr. at 3050.
Soft red coarsely xln red dolomite w/little detrital material;
fair porosity.
55 Red med. to coarse xln dolomite w/little grey lime.
60 Grey xln lime & red med. xln dolomite, red & green shale & red siltstone w/little translucent chert.
65 Grey & red dolomite w/porosity w/some detrital material.
70 Pink to grey med. xln dolomite w/trace of chert.
75 " " " " " " " "
80 " " " " " " " "
85 Soft pink to grey med. xln dolomite w/trace of chert.
Circulate 30".
85 Soft pink to grey med. xln dolomite w/ trace of chert.
Circulate 1 hr.
85 Soft pink to grey med. xln dolomite.
90 " " " " " " "
95 Soft light red & grey fine to med. xln dolomitic lime.
3100
05 " " " " " " " "
10 " " " " " " " " " & dolomite.

3115 Soft light red & grey medium xln. dolomitic lime & dolomite
20 " " " " " dolo. & dolomitic lime w/trans-
lucent chert.
25 Soft light red & grey medium xln dolo. & dolomitic lime w/trans-
lucent chert.
30 Light red & grey medium xln dolo. & dolomitic lime w/traces chert.
35 " " med. to coarse xln dolo. & dolomitic lime w/traces
chert.
40 Light red & grey med. xln dolomitic lime.
45 " " " " " w/some translucent chert.
50 " " coarsely xln lime.
55 Pink & grey coarsely xln lime.
60 "
65 " med. to coarsely xln lime.
70 " " " " " w/traces light chert.
75 " " xln green flecked (?) sandy dolomite.
80 Pink & grey med. xln green flecked (?) sandy dolomite
85 "
90 " " to coarsely sandy dolomite.
95 "
3200 "
05 "
10 " fine to med. dolomitic sand & some sandy dolomite.
15 "
20 "
25 "
Circulate 30min.
3227 Pink & grey dolomitic sand & some sandy dolomite.
Circulate 1 hr.
3227 Red coarse dolomitic sand
30 " " " and grey sandy dolomite.
35 Pink, red & grey sandy dolomite w/green flecks.
40 Pink & grey sandy dolomite.
45 "
Correction-Ran S.L.M. 3245 - 3254
3250-55 Pink & grey sandy dolomite.
60 "
65 " " " green flecked.
70 " " " " with little chert.
75 "
80 Pink & grey xln lime.
85 "
90 " " " slightly green flecked.
95 Green flecked pink & grey sandy dolomite.
3300 "
05 " " pink & " " "
10 "
15 Grey & pink sandy dolomite w/some dolomitic sand.
20 "
25 " green " " & some grey xln lime.
30 " & pink " "
35 "
40 " " " & some grey dolomitic sand.
45 " " sandy lime " " "
50 " " " green flecked-few pieces are oil stained.
55 Hard, grey dolomitic sand--more dense.
60 "
65 " " " " " , green flecked.
70 Pink & buff sandy dolomite.
75 Grey sandy dolomite.

3380 Pink & grey sandy dolomite.
85 Darker grey sandy dolomite w/streak of pink quartzite.
90 " " " " w/trace of translucent chert.
95 Red lime & few red shale streaks.
3400 " " & sandy lime w/trace chert.
05 Red, grey & green sandy lime to limey sand w/few red shale streaks.
10 Red & grey sandy lime w/few red shale streaks.
15 Grey & some white lime.
20 " med.xln lime w/streaks of grey shale.
Trip
3422 Trip
25 Sample after trip---probably same as above.
30 Grey med xln lime w/streaks of grey shale.
35 Interbedded finely xln dark grey lime & grey calcareous shale.
40 " " " " " " " "
45 " " " " " " " "
50 " " " " " " " "
55 Grey, buff & pink med xln lime w/few red shale streaks.
60 Grey & reddish med. xln lime w/red shale streaks.
65 " " " " " " " "
70 Red & grey " " " w/few red shale streaks.
75 Interbedded pink & grey med. xln lime w/red & green shale streaks.
80 " " " " " " " "
85 " " " " " " " "
90 Grey & pink med. xln lime w/red shale streaks.
95 " " " " " " " "
3500 Grey & pink med. xln lime w/few red shale streaks.
05 Red xln lime, dark green dolomitic shale & red shale.
10 " " " " " " " "
15 " " " " greenish grey dolomitic shale & red shale.
20 Pink & greenish grey calcareous shale.
25 " " " xln Lime.
30 Greenish grey med. " "
35 Light green & grey med. xln lime w/few grey calcareous shale streaks
40 Light greenish grey med. xln lime.
45 Light greenish grey dolomitic quartzitic sandstone.
50 " " " " " "
55 " " " Limey sandstone w/grey shale streaks.
60 " " " " " " " "
65 " " " " " " " "
70 Light greenish grey sandy lime w/maroon & grey shale streaks.
75 " " " limey sand w/grey shale streaks.
80 Greenish grey finely xln limestone w/grey shale streaks.
85 Pink & grey sandy lime w/red & grey shale streaks.
90 " " " w/few grey shale streaks.
95 Buff, pink & grey sandy lime w/grey (few) shale streaks.
3600 Greenish grey sandy lime w/few grey shale streaks.
05 " " " " " " " "
10 Pink & greenish grey sandy Lime w/few grey shale streaks.
15 Greenish grey sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks.
20 " " " " " " " "
25 Pink & grey sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks.
30 Grey sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale streaks.
35 " " " " " " " "
40 Grey sandy lime.
45 Grey sandy lime " " " " " "
50 " " " " " " " "
55 Pink & grey & slightly sandy lime w/calcareous grey & green shale
streaks. W/little chert.
60 Dark grey finely xln lime.

3665 Dark to light grey finely xln lime.
70 Dark to light grey med. xln lime.
75 Med. grey med. xln lime w/few grey shale streaks.
80 " " "
85 " " sandy dolomite.
90 " " "
95 " " " " w/few grey & green shale streaks.
3700 05
10 Light & dark grey sandy dolomite w/few grey shale streaks.
15 " " "
20 Dark grey sandy dolomite w/traces of chert.
25 Light & dark grey sandy dolomite w/traces of chert.
30 Med. grey sandy dolomite.
35 " " "
40 " " "
45 " " "
50 " " "
55 " " dolomitic sand.
60 " " "
65 " " "
70 " " "
75 " " "
80 " " "
85 " " sandy quartzite.
90 " " "
95 " " "
3800 After trip. Med. grey sandy quartzite w/traces chert.
05 Clear to translucent sandy quartzite to quartzitic sand.
10 " " "
15 " " "
20 " " white
25 Clear to white quartzite to quartzitic sand.
30 " " " " " " w/some translucent chert.
35 " " " " " " "
40 Sample missing
45 Pink to translucent sandy quartzite to quartzitic sand.
50 " " "
55 " & greenish quartzite.
60 " "
65 " to translucent quartzite.
70 " & greenish "
75 " " " " w/some maroon & green dolomitic shale.
80 " " " " "
85 Greenish grey sandy dolomite.
90 Grey dolomitic sand & sandy dolomite.
95 " " "
3900 05
10 " " " " " " w/little chert & traces of
maroon & grey shale & some translucent quartzite.
14 Pinkish translucent quartzite.
Shut down for a week--testing and running casing to 1997!
20 Pink, white and light green quartzite w/little red dolomitic sand.
25 " " " " " " w/streaks of grey shale and
grey dolomitic sand.
30 Pink, white, & light green quartzite " " " " "

3935 White to pink quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of grey shale & maroon & grey dolomitic sand.
40 Same.
45 "
50 "
55 White to pink to light green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of grey shale & maroon & grey dolomitic sand.
60 Same
65 "
70 "
75 White to pink to light green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of grey shale.
80 Same.
85 White to pink to light green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/few thin streaks of grey shale & maroon & grey dolomitic sand.
90 Trace chert. Same as above.
95 Increase in red. Same as above.
4000 Deep pink to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/increase in grey shale, some dolomitic sand, traces of dull brown chert and calcopyrite?
05 Red to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/ traces of limey and dolomitic sand.
10 Red to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/traces of limey & dolomitic sand.
15 Red to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/traces of limey and dolomitic sand and few grey shale streaks.
20 Same.
25 Increase green. Red to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/streaks of grey dolomitic sand.
30 Pink to white to green quartzitic sand to quartzite w/streaks of grey & red dolomitic sand.
35 Same.
40 Pink to white quartzitic sand.
45 " " " " to quartzite.
50 " " " " "
55 Lost circulation. Pink to white to green quartzitic sand (finer).
60 " " " " " " " " (mixing mud)
65 Pink to white to green quartzitic sand (finer) (mixing mud)
70 " " quartzitic sand.
75 " " " "
80 " " " "
85 " " " " to quartzite.
90 " " " " "
4093 Trip
95 Pink to white quartzite w/few streaks grey shale.
4100 Pink to white quartzite w/few streaks grey shale.
05 " " " " " " " " & grey dolomite
10 " " " " " " " " "
15 " " " " " " " " "
20 Light red quartzite.
25 " " " "
30 Pink to white quartzite.
35 " " " "
40 " " " "
45 " " " " " w/thin streaks of grey dolomite.
50 " " " " " " " "
55 Trip & cementing 5026
55 Pink to white quartzite w/ thin streaks of grey dolomite.
60 " " " " " " " "
65 " " " " " " " " lime & grey shale

Missing

{ 4170 Pink to white quartzite w/thin streaks of grey lime & grey shale
w/trace brown dolo.

75 Pink to white quartzite

80 Pink & white quartzite w/few grey dolomite streaks.

85 " " " " " "

90 " " " " " "

95 Light red quartzite w/few green & red shale streaks.

4200 " " " w/thin green, red & grey shale streaks.

05 " & white quartzite w/thin green, red & grey shale streaks
(Pipe dope in samples resembles oil stains.)

10 Light red & white quartzite w/thin green, red & grey shale streaks
(Pipe dope in samples resembles oil stains.)

Circulating

4210 Light red & white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks &
trace tan chert.

15 Light red & white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks and
trace quartzite sand.

20 Same.

25 Light red & white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks.

30 " " " " " " " " " " & thin
grey line streak

35 Light red & white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks.

40 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks.

45 " " " " " " " " "

50 " " " " " " " " "

55 " " " " " " " " "

60 " " " " " " " " " " w/trace
red lime

65 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks w/trace
grey lime.

70 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks

75 " " " " " " " " "

80 " " " " " " " " "

85 " " " " " " " " " " w/trace
grey lime.

90 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks w/trace
grey lime.

95 Pink to white " " " " " " " " "

4300 Pink to white " " " " " " " " "

05 Pink to white " " " " " " " " "

trace staining--probably from pipe dope.

10 Pink to white quartzite w/few grey & green shale streaks.

15 " " " " " " " " "

20 " " " " " " " " " " w/trace
buff lime.

25 Pink to white " " " " " " " " "

grey lime.

30 Pink to white " " " " " " " " "

35 Pink to white quartzite.

40 " " " " "

45 " " " " " " w/little quartzitic sand.

50 " " " " " " "

55 " " " " " " "

60 " " " " " " w/trace grey lime.

65 " " " " " " "

70 " " " " " " w/trace black dolo. & green shale

75 " " " " " " "

80 " " " " " " w/trace green shale.

4385 - Pink to white quartzite w/trace green & grey shale.
90 " " " " " " " " " " " " & grey lime.
95 " " " " " " " " " " " "
4400 " " " " " " " " " " " "

COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA No Per. No. 3720

Waddell-Duncan Co. (Willcox, Ariz.)

Murrey (Cowan) No. 1

Sec. 5, T 22 S, R 27 E

SPECIAL: Waddell-Duncan Co./Chuck Aston-12/22/50

1-12-51: LR to Waddell-Duncan Co.

10-4-51: LR to J. W. Alexander w/Cities Service

July 7, 1951

REPORT

1608: Top Pennsylvanian system, by lithology

1608: Top Atoka series, by lithology

1810-1840: Atoka fusulines

By lithology only:

2305: Top "Mississippian" limestone

3380: Top Silurian system

3520: Top Cambrian system

3990: Top pre-Cambrian granite

Samples examined from 0 to 4400 feet.

7/7/51

David L. Williams
R. V. Hollingsworth
Hollingsworth
Wade, Texas

January 13, 1951

Frank L. Williams
Raymond S. Baker, Jr.
Eugene F. Lancaster

R. V. Hollingsworth
Cushing, Oklahoma

Waddell-Losman Company
Willcox, Arizona

Dear Sirs:

We report, as follows, on a special project.

LITHOLOGICAL REPORT

by R. V. Hollingsworth

Graham County, Arizona

Waddell-Losman Company
Survey No. 1
Sec. 5 T 22 S. R. 27E
1-1601 "Willow Hill"

0-40 Sand, white to red fine grained, with streaks of pale red clay.

40-100 Sand fine grained.

100-530 Sand white coarse grained to fine gravelstone sized, subangular to subrounded, with light brown to pale red cobble fragments possibly shale.

530-1270 Sand white coarse grained to fine gravelstone, subangular to subrounded, with light brown weathered igneous rock, subrounded to round, dominantly gray in color included.

1270-3400 Sand, often coarse grained to fine gravelstone, subangular to subrounded with light brown weathered igneous rock, subrounded to dominantly gray in color included.

3400-1603 Sand white fine to coarse grained subrounded to round, with weathered igneous rock subrounded to round variegated in color.

(#600-2305) Pennsylvanian System, Atoka ("blend") Series.

1603-1613 Limestone, white medium to coarse packergrained.

1613-1625 Granite wash, reddish brown with streaks of red shale.

1625-1635 Limestone, white medium to coarse packergrained.

1635-1755 Granite wash, reddish brown with streaks red shale.

1740-1750 Granite wash with pale red cobble limestone and quartz pebbles included.

1755-1775 Limestone, light brown fine packergrained.

1775-1785 Granite wash.

1785-1795 Limestone, light brown fine packergrained.

1795-1805 Granite wash. (Cemented cave after lost circulation - L. Buck.)

Socorro County
Waddell-Duncan Co.
Burro, N. M.

(2600-2305) Pennsylvanian System, Atoka ("bend") or (berry) Series (Continued)

- 1305-1315 Limestone, pale yellowish brown; penegranulated.
Fusulinella Atoka, as above.
- 1315-1330 Granite wash, with interbeds of light gray to pale red fine penegranulated limestone in 1325-1335 and 1345-1350.
Fusulinella Atoka in age 1330-1340/.
- 1350-1375 Granite wash, ?
1375-1385 Limestone, light gray microgranulated.
1385-1390 Granite wash. Trip 1890 - lost circulation - cemented off.
- 1390-2000 Limestone, pale reddish brown very fine penegranulated, with pseudoolites in 1950-2040 and large crinoidal fragments in 1990-2000.
- 2000-2030 Limestone, pale reddish brown microgranulated, with streaks of red shale and large crinoidal fragments included. Trace white sparsely vitreous chert in 2010-2020. Smooth undiabatic ostracodes with slight Mississippian aspect in 2020-2030.
- 2030-2100 Limestone, white to pale brown very fine penegranated with streaks red shale and crinoidal fragments included. Limestone, as above, with oolites and pseudoolites in 2070-2100.
- 2100-2105 Granite wash.
2105-2160 Limestone; white to light gray medium recrystallized, slightly oölitic and pseudoolitic, with crinoidal fragments included.
- 2160-2200 Limestone, white to pale fine penegranated, slightly streaked with red shale, with few light bluish green vitreous chert included.
Limestone slightly dolomitic in 2170-2200.
- 2200-2265 Granite wash.
2205-2260 Limestone, pale yellowish brown medium recrystallized, with pseudoolites and some light gray, brown spotted, vitreous chert included. Limestone slightly dolomitic in 2170-2200.
- 2260-2305 Chert, red to pale yellowish gray, with streaks of red shale, white crystal calcite and visible limestone pebbles included, with streaks of pale yellowish brown medium unsograined limestone in 2270-2305.

(2305-2320) Mississippian system.

- 2305-2320 Limestone, white to dark yellowish brown very fine to coarse penegranated.
- 2320-2330 Limestone, dark yellowish brown very fine penegranated.
- 2330-2370 Dolomitic limestone, dark yellowish brown fine py recrystallized with calcite veinlets and scattered crinoidal fragments. Trace of bluish white brown-spotted chert in 2340-2350.
- 2370-2400 Limestone, with medium to coarse unsograined, with pseudoolites and crinoidal fragments included. Limestone dolomitic at 2370-2400.
- 2400-2415 Limestone, white medium to coarse unsograined, slightly oölitic, with many pseudoolites included.
- 2305-3320 Mississippian system
- 2415-2460 Limestone, white to pale brown medium unsograined, with crinoidal fragments, pseudoolites and calcite veinlets included.

Cochise County
Maddall-Werner Co.
Burke Co., I.

- 2160-2170 Siliceous dolomite, white to very coarse-grained, with streaks of bluish white, fine to medium mesogranular.
- 2165-2175 Siliceous dolomite, white coarse mesogranular with streaks of bluish white, fine to medium mesogranular.
- 2365-2475 Clayey dolomite, light gray to reddish brown, interbedded with interbeds of dark yellowish green, medium mesogranular dolomite. Limestone 3600-2610 with streaks of red nodules intercalated. Pelagic Limestone in 2610-2640.
- 2655-2670 Pelagic limestone, dark yellowish brown, fine to medium mesogranular.
- 2680-2710 Dolomite, pale yellowish mesogranular, interbedded with pale reddish dolomitic limestone. Shells of red shales, or thin calcite and calcareous dull chert included in 2680-2700.
- 2720-2750 Siliceous dolomite, light gray to brownish white, with streaks of olive gray, pale brown dolomite, fine to medium mesogranular with pale reddish and red shales. Limestone in 2730. See 2730.
- 2730-2750 Dolomite, pink to light red medium mesogranular with little pale yellowish white, fine to medium mesogranular. Limestone in 2800-30.
- 2810-2840 Siliceous dolomite, light gray to reddish brown, with some bluish white round vitreous chert pebbles included.
- 2840-2870 Siliceous dolomite, light gray to pale yellowish white, fine to medium mesogranular.
- 2870-2910 Siliceous dolomite, olive gray to pale yellowish white, fine to medium mesogranular with streaks of bluish white, fine to medium mesogranular.
- 2955-3010 Dolomite, white to pale yellowish mesogranular, with streaks of bluish white, fine to medium mesogranular. Limestone in 2920. 3010
- 3020-3050 Dolomite, white to pale coarse mesogranular, with slightly glauconitic, with little white to bluish white opaque vitreous chert.
- 3030-3070 Arenaceous dolomite, white to red medium to coarse mesogranular, very glauconitic, with little light blue vitreous chert, white, fine to medium grains; subrounded to round sand grains in dolomite at 3010-3070.
- 3070-3150 Dolomite, white to pale coarse mesogranular, slightly glauconitic, with little bluish white vitreous chert included, with white fine to medium subrounded sand grains in 3140-3150.
- 3150-3300 Arenaceous dolomite, white to red coarse arenaceous, very glauconitic, with medium to very coarse subangular to rounded sand grains included.
- 3300-3380 Dolomitic sandstone, white, fine to very coarse-grained, subangular to round, extremely glauconitic, with interbeds of light gray, medium mesogranular arenaceous dolomite included. Light gray dolomite in 3380.
- General stratigraphic system: Probably Devonian EAK
- 3380-3425 Limestone, white to light gray, very fine granular, with streaks of reddish brown medium mesogranular limestone and red shale included. With streaks of olive gray shale in 3380-3425.

Cooling County
Maddall Duncan Co.
Tinney No. 1

Page 1

- 3435-3450 Limestone, white to light greenish gray very fine-grained and slightly dolomitic, with streaks of light greenish gray and olive gray, brown-spotted shale included.
- 3450-3500 Limestone, white to pale red medium packstone, slightly glauconitic, with shell fragments and streaks of pale gray included.
- 3500-3520 Very siliceous dolomite, dark green and red, very packstone.
- 3520-3590 Arenaceous limestone, white to olive gray coarse packstone, very glauconitic and slightly dolomitic, with streaks and interbeds of light olive gray shale included.
- 3590-3630 Calcareous sandstone, light greenish gray very fine to fine-grained subangular, bioclastic and glauconitic in part, with streaks of light brownish gray, medium-grained limestone and light greenish gray shale included. See 3550-3590 for some glauconite-like.
- 3630-3670 Dolomitic arenaceous limestone, brownish gray very fine-grained, slightly glauconitic and brown-spotted, with streaks of light green to olive gray shale included. See 3630-3670 for some light greenish gray very fine to fine-grained sand, slightly dolomitic in 3630-70.
- 3670-3780 Dolomitic sandstone light gray to light grayish gray, very fine to fine-grained, subangular, slightly glauconitic, with streaks and interbeds of light olive gray, medium-grained, slightly dolomitic dolomite including thin streaks of bright green shale in 3690-3780, with little or no visible vetrinous chert.
- 3780-3845 Sandstone, white to light gray vadose, rounded to rounded subangular to subrounded grains with white, light gray, and yellowish gray, siliceous quartz embayments, slightly glauconitic in 3815-3845.
- 3845-3910 Arkosic sandstone with very coarse pyrite, cobblestone-sized angular to subangular, with fine crystalline caliche.
- 3910-3900 Sandstone, light olive gray to grayish green very fine to fine-grained, subangular, slightly dolomitic in part.
- 3990 Arkosic sandstone as at 3845-3910.
- 3990-4000 Pre-Cambrian granite.
- 4000-4100 Acid igneous rock, granitoid texture, white quartz, with numerous small crystals of feldspar, orthoclase variety, pinkish in reaction with formic-magnesian minerals, biotites, sericite, and some olivine.

"Respectfully submitted,
PALEONTOLOGICAL LABORATORY

R. V. Bellingsworth

Geologic Section

Compiling the various geologic sections exposed in the mountains we find the following ages represented:

CRETACEOUS TO RECENT Valley fill.

CRETACEOUS Coarse conglomerates, sandstones (up to 100' thick) shales and limestones.

PERMIAN Basal sandstone, sandstone, inter. 10' shale and limestone.

PENNSYLVANIAN Limestone and shale.

MISSISSIPPIAN (LOWER) Massive granular limestone.

DEVONIAN (UPPER) Fine and sandy limestone.

UPPER CAMBRIAN Limestone, granular and sometimes granular.

MIDDLE CAMBRIAN Detrital limes to sandy shales. Also Basha Quartzite.

PRE-CAMBRIAN Fossil boulders and granites.

Methods of Locating Subsurface Folding in the Valley

Since the writer has observed no suitable outcrops throughout the greater part of the valley some other means of locating geologic structures, the valley fill will continue to a great extent, both core drilling and surface methods are probably eliminated. It is the writer's opinion that more detailed work would be the most reliable in locating buried folds.

Possible Petroleum Horizons

The writer, after observing the various outcrops in the mountains adjacent to Sulphur Springs Valley, is of the opinion that within the following rocks GOOD RESERVOIRS for oil and gas may be encountered by a well drilled on structure within the valley:

Cretaceous

Permian

Pennsylvanian

Upper Mississippian

And Perhaps in some of the older beds.

Recent Magnetometer Survey

The writer has studied the extensive magnetometer map recently completed of Sulphur Springs Valley for Maddell-Muncie Co., of Wilcox, Arizona. The map appears to be rather complete and thoroughly done since good control was available in most of the area. Upon this map were several first class magnetic anomalies, number 16 being typical to be first class locations for test wells. The writer would recommend that careful study be made of the map and the best prospecting situation be tested.

Plans for Testing

The test should be started after plans had been made to drill to a depth of at least 10,000 feet. This decision was partly arrived at after the writer had observed the rotary well samples from a test located immediately North of the town of Wilcox, in Sec-3, 1/4 of sec. 23, Twp 13 South Range 24 East. This test is currently below 6300'. The samples indicate that the test has been drilling Cretaceous for several hundred feet. Casing has been cemented to a depth of 6,512 feet. Numerous shows of oil and gas have been reported in the section behind the casing and plans are to test them in the future.

Loren I. Buck
Consulting Geologist
2312 East Second
Tucson, Arizona

January 3, 1949

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CHUCK ASTON'S
GEOLOGIC REPORT.....

NOTES AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE GEOLOGIC AREA AND THE PROSPECT
AND GAS IN THE NEARBY TOWNSHIP OF SULPHUR SPRINGS, TEXAS.

Concho County, Texas.

In the summer of 1950, the writer has made detailed and intensive studies of the oil field area, and surrounding areas, and has determined, from a geologic standpoint, that there is no oil in the present structures or the upper portion of crude petroleum reservoirs to be expected here.

These studies were based upon the intervals and the proposed test location, of the stratigraphic section and recommendations of the test structures, indicated which, as far as can be seen, are all of a nature sufficient for commercial accumulation.

The stratigraphy as evidenced by the mountain areas surrounding the subject area is made up of the following geological section:

Cretaceous System	Valley fill Cretaceous consists of sandstones, sandstone (up to 50' thick) interbedded with shale and limestone.
Pennsylvanian	Local conglomerate, sandstone, interbedded shale and limestone.
Permian	Limestone and shales.
Mississippian	Reservoir granular limestone.
Devonian (approx.)	Shale and sandy limestone.
Lower Cambrian	Brachiopods, corals, aragonite, dolomite, brachiopods.
Middle Cambrian	Solenites, lime and sandy dol. Also dolomitic dolomite.
Proterozoic	Fossil schists and pyrites.

The thickness of the valley fill is approximately 100'. The thickness of the present limestone is the outcropting oil and gas reservoir possibilities. The thickness of approximately 300' consisting of organic shales, limestones and sandstone. The possibilities of crude oil accumulation in the Cretaceous rocks are somewhat limited in that no porosity is definitely evidenced on the outcrops.

The surface expressions of possible geological structures in the subject area are limited to arching of the valley fill, which is possibly indicative. However, in the past 15 months numerous and detailed magnetic surveys were made by R.R. Barnes Geophysical Service, of Dallas, Texas, which confirmed, in the main, the so-called surface expressions.

After work more than 20 first class prospective oil structures were determined. Following this magnetic work, detailed gravity surveys were made by R.H. Barnes Geophysical Service and J.L. Dugay of Dallas, Texas, with some variance in interpretation have again confirmed the structural anomalies, resulting in a location for a test well of approximate depth, estimated at 7300', to be made in the SW 1/4 of NW 1, Sec. 5, T-22-S.R-27-E.

It is the writer's considered opinion that the Cretaceous limestone, probably equivalent of the producing limestone horizon in the Texoma Field of Texas, will be encountered somewhere by 2500' and have a probable thicknesses of 300' in the proposed location with approximately 1400' of stratified limestone and shales between the shale(?) and a four or five hundred foot sandstone, possibly marine in origin. In other words this initial reservoir sand should be encountered by 4500'.

Because of additional possible reservoir formations the subject test should be completed for a distance of 7300'. It is the recommendation of the writer that this test should be made at the earliest practical date to the depth of not less than 7500' for commercial production.

Respectfully submitted this 15th day of June 1950 CHUCK ASTON
Consulting Petroleum Geologist

1000-10000' T.D. in well 2007
R. Hollingsworth
Jan. 13, 1961
Dallas, Texas

January 13, 1961

Carroll L. Williams
John J. Baker, Jr.
Hugene F. Brewster

Geological Survey
State Farm
Center, Oklahoma

Mobil-Oil Company
Willcox, Arizona

Dear Sirs:

We report, as follows, on a special project.

EXPLORATION NATURE

by R.V. Hollingsworth

Outline Analysis

Mobil-Oil Company
Survey No. 1
Sec. 5 T 22 S.R. 27E
Laramie Valley City

600- Sand, white to red fine grained, with streaks of pale red clay.

60-100 Sand fine grained.

100-500 Sand white coarse grained to fine gravelly, subangular to subrounded, with light brown to pale red cobble fragments possibly included.

650-1000 sand white coarse grained to fine gravelly, subangular to subrounded, with 10% or more weathered igneous rock, subrounded to rounded, dominantly gray in color included.

1270-1400 Sand, white coarse grained to fine gravelly, subangular to subrounded with 50% or more weathered igneous rock, subrounded to dominantly gray in color included.

1400-1400 Sand white fine to coarse grained subrounded to rounded, with weathered igneous rock subrounded to round variegated in color.

(4608-2305) Pennsylvanian cratonic Atoka ("blend") series.

1600-1613 Limestone, white medium to coarse pebbly-grained.

1613-1629 Granite wash, reddish brown with streaks of red shale.

1625-1635 Limestone, white medium to coarse pebbly-grained.

1634-1705 Granite wash, reddish brown with streaks red shale.

1740-1750 Granite wash with pale red cobble limestone and quartz pebbles included.

1755-1775 Limestone, light brown fine pebbly-grained.
1775-1785 Granite wash.

1785-1795 Limestone, light brown fine pebbly-grained.

1795-1805 Granite wash. Cemented caving after lost circulation - L. Buck.

Page 2

Geologic Column
Middle Pennsylvanian Series
Tunica Co., La.

(1600-1800) Pennsylvanian System, Atoka ("bend") or ("erry") Series (Continued)

- 1800-1810 Limestone, pale red fine paurograined.
Fusulinella - Atoka in age.
- 1810-1830 Granite wash, with intercals of light gray to pale red fine paurograined limestone in 1810-1835 and 1840-1850.
Fusulinella Atoka in age 1830-1840.
- 1840-1870 Granite wash. ?
1875-1885 Limestone, light gray micrograined.
1885-1890 Granite wash. Trip 1890 - lost circulation - cemented off
- 1890-1900 Limestone, pale reddish brown very fine paurograined, with pseudosolites in 1950-1960 and large crinoidal fragments in 1970-2000.
- 1900-1930 Limestone, pale red to brown micrograined, with streaks of red shale and large crinoidal fragments included. Trace white opaque vitreous chert in 1910-1920. Some nondescript ostracodes with slight Mississippian aspect in 1930-1950
- 2030-2100 Limestone, white to pale brown very fine paurograined with streaks red shale and crinoidal fragments included. Limestone, as above, with solites and pseudosolites in 2070-2100.
- 2100-2105 Granite wash.
2105-2160 Limestone; white to light gray medium mesograined, slightly dolitic and pseudosolites, with crinoidal fragments included.
- 2160-2200 Limestone, white to pink fine paurograined, slightly streaked with red shale, with some light brown and vitreous chert included.
Limestone slightly dolomitic in 2170-2200.
- 2200-2250 Granite wash.
2200-2260 Limestone, pale yellowish brown medium mesograined, with pseudosolites and some light gray, brown spotted, vitreous chert included. Limestone slightly glauconitic in 2170-2200.
- 2260-2300 Chert, red to pale yellowish gray, with streaks of red shale, white crystal calcite and cobble limestone pebbles included, with streaks of pale yellowish brown medium mesograined limestone in 2270-2300.
- (2300-2380) Mississippian system.
2300-2320 Limestone, white to dark yellowish brown very fine to coarse paurograined.
- 2320-2330 Limestone, dark yellowish brown very fine paurograined.
- 2330-2370 Dolomitic limestone, dark yellowish brown fine paurograined with calcite veinlets and scattered crinoidal fragments. Trace of bluish white brown-spotted chert in 2340-2350.
- 2370-2400 Limestone, with medium to coarse mesograined, with pseudosolites and crinoidal fragments included. Limestone dolomitized at 2390-2400.
- 2400-2418 Limestone, white medium to coarse mesograined, slightly dolitic, with many pseudosolites included.
- 2400-2450 Mississippian system
- 2410-2460 Limestone, white to pale brown medium mesograined, with crinoidal fragments, pseudosolites and calcite veinlets included.

Geological Survey
Geological
Survey

3520-3990 Cambrian system, probably upper part of
the Lower Cambrian, probably lower part of the Lower Cambrian.

3520-3990 Cambrian system, probably lower part of the Lower Cambrian.

3520-3990 Cambrian system, probably lower part of the Lower Cambrian.

3520-3590 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3590 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3590 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3590 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3815 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3815 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3990 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3990 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

3520-3990 Cambrian system, white to light gray color, fine-grained,
very glaucophane and omphacite intergrowths, with some small
grains of light green pyroxene and/or

Hopewellian, extensive,

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U. S. Geological Survey

Geologic Features

Capacities of various beds of sandstone reported by different authors follow:

Appended to this paper is a letter full

PERIOD *Based on the following evidence, British Columbia
and Alberta.*

1000' - West side - West side

ANSWER: $\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2 h$ (cylinder) \times $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$ (cone) \times $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$ (pyramid)

Wine and sandy Limestone.

Lignite, shale and sandstone, 1999-2000

Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Mexico, Venezuela, and the United States.

¹ See also the discussion of the relationship between the two in the introduction.

to obtain a clear picture of the present state of the U.S. Navy.

The writer has object'd to Mr. T. C.'s suggestion that as "the greater part of the valley some other work will be done, and the stream free, the valley field will continue to a great extent, with more tillage and no marshy methods are probably effectuated." It is the writer's opinion, that except other work would be done, a little by leaving marshy fields.

The second, which I have now written, is as follows. It is a short one, and is addressed to Mr. George H. Dyer, of Boston, Massachusetts, who has been engaged in the preparation of a history of the American Revolution.

Structure after 1000 cycles at 100 °C

卷之三

THE JOURNAL OF

January 4, 1937

and perhaps in some of the older beds.

Recent Magnetometer Survey

The writer has studied the extensive "Mister-Mair" map recently completed of Julyline Springs Valley for Madsell-Purcell Co., of Wilcox, Arizona. The map appears to be rather complete and thoroughly done since good material was available in most of the area. Upon this map were several first class ~~outcrops~~^{localities} of the "Mister-Mair" to be firm clay locations for road walls. The writer would recommend that careful study be made of the map and the best appearing exposures be noted.

Plans for training

The test should be started after plans had been made to drill to a depth of at least 10,000 feet. This decision was partly arrived at after the writer had observed the rotary well samples from a test located ~~as~~ immediately North west of the town of Wilcox, in Section 1/4 of Sec. 23, Twp 13 South Range 24 East. This test is currently below 6,000'. The samples indicate that the test has been drilling Cretaceous for several hundred feet. Casing was cemented to a depth of 6,512 feet. Numerous shows of oil and gas have been reported in the section below the casing and plans are to test them in the future.

Loren J. Eupk
Consulting Geol. 111
2113 East Seneca
Tucson, Arizona

DATA SHEET

Goldsborough, W.

Geology of the Laramie River area in
Pinal County, Arizona, diversity of flora, 1911.

Hansen, C.

Geology and topography of the Tucson and the
Catalina Mts., Tucson, Survey Prof., Page 15, 1911.

McGinnies, A.

Geological features of the Tucson Mts., the
Catalina Mts., Tucson, Survey Prof., Page 15, 1911.

McNamee, W.

Geology of Tucson, Arizona
U.S. Geol. Surv. Monograph Series 30.

卷之三

卷之三十一

19. *Leucosia* *leucostoma* *leucostoma* *leucostoma*

10. The following table gives the number of cases of smallpox reported in each State during the year 1802.

the first time, and the author's name is given as "John C. H. Smith".

The following page contains evidence, legal and factual, which is relevant to the case. The evidence is contained in the following exhibits:

Georgian Bay Islands - 1968 - 1969 - 1970 - 1971 - 1972 - 1973.

10. The following table shows the number of hours worked by each employee in a company.

Figure 1. The relationship between the number of species and the area of forest cover in each state.

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the first stage of the process, the *in vitro* growth of the *Escherichia coli* cells, was carried out in a medium containing glucose as the sole carbon source. The second stage, involving the conversion of the *Escherichia coli* cells to *Escherichia coli* lipopolysaccharide, was carried out in a medium containing sucrose as the sole carbon source.

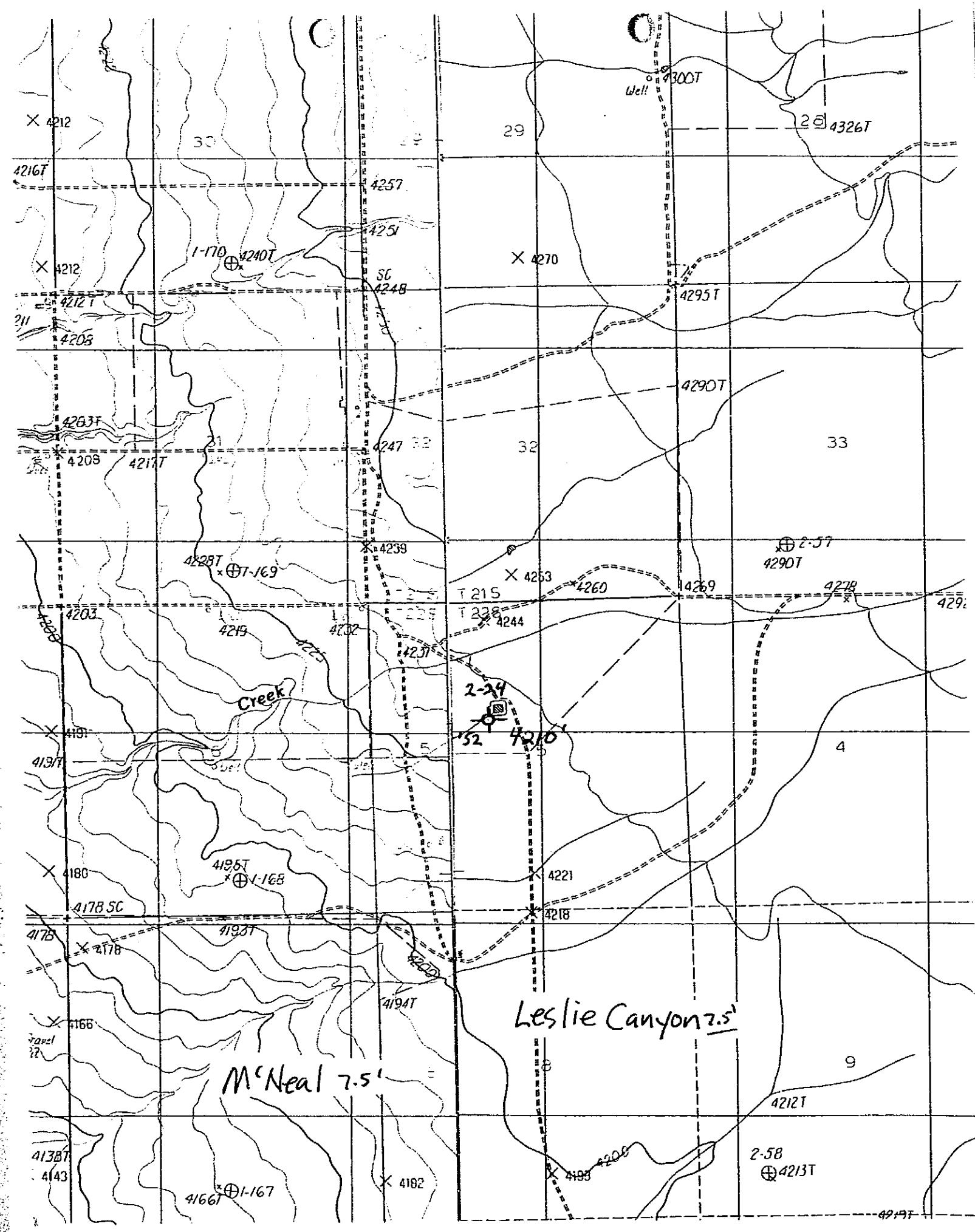
The surface expressions of possible vascular stenosis: In the subject area are limited to a class of low validity of all clinical vascular identification. However, in this first 10 subjects numbered 1-10, three men and seven were made by R.B. Johnson, cardiologist, of Atlanta, Georgia, blood pressure, digital pulse, finger pulse, plus 50 second surface compressions.

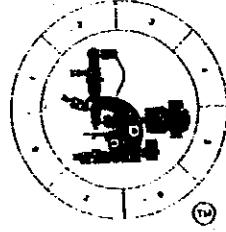
In 1965, work once again began on the well structures were determined, including, the 100' magnetic port. Detailed gravity surveys were made by R.R. Murray, Geophysical Services and J. Chapman of Dallas, Texas which with some slight variance in interpretation have again confirmed the structural anomalies, resulting in a location for a test well of a maximum depth, estimated at 7300', to be made in the SE 1/4 of NW 1/4, sec. 5, T-22-R-27-S.

It is the writers' considered opinion that the Grottoeson Limestone, "Ward Limestone," probably equivalent of the producing limestone horizon in the Texico field of Mexico, will be encountered somewhere by 4500' and have a probable thickness of 300' in the proposed location with approximately 180' of unstratified limestone and shales between the Ward(?) and a four or five hundred foot sandstone, possibly equivalent sand equivalent. In other words this "ideal reservoir sand" should be encountered by 4500'.

In view of additional possible reservoir formations the subject test should be conducted at a minimum of 700 ft. It is the recommendation of the writer that this test should be made at the earliest practical date to the depth of not less than 700 ft in oil-saturated production.

Respectfully submitted this 15th day of June 1950 CHUCK ASTON
Consulting Petroleum Geologist





GEO-STRAT, INC.

GEOCHEMICAL EVALUATION OF THE WADDELL-DUNCAN
NO. 1 MURREY WELL, SEC. 5, T 22 S, R 27 E,
COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA

GEOCHEMICAL EVALUATION OF THE WADDELL-DUNCAN
NO. 1 MURREY WELL, SEC. 5, T 22 S, R 27 E,
COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA

Prepared
for

Karl W. Schwab
GEO-STRAT, INC.
Houston, Texas

March 1980

Date:

LEGAL NOTICE

The report, GEOCHEMICAL EVALUATION OF THE WADDELL-DUNCAN NO. 1 MURREY WELL, SEC. 5, T 22 S, R 27 E, COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA, was prepared by Geo-Strat, Inc., Houston, Texas. Neither Geo-Strat, Inc., nor any person(s) acting on its behalf

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- b. assumes any liability with respect to the use of, or for damages resulting from the use of, any geological information disclosed herein.

SUMMARY

- Palynological, total organic carbon, visual kerogen, and vitrinite reflectance analyses, allow the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well to be divided into eight (8) fairly distinct geochemical zones. While these don't exactly conform to the Formational boundaries as picked on lithology and/or on the IES Log, they are none-the-less considered to have some time-stratigraphic significance.
- Reworked Cretaceous and Paleozoic palynomorphs are common in Quaternary bolson-type deposits.
- Tertiary sediments contain a great deal of mineral debris (?volcanics). Pollen of the Compositae and the Chenopodiaceae type are common.
- The average total organic carbon content of the entire section is extremely low, less than 0.030 %.
- The stratigraphic section ranges from Immature, 0 to 1,640 feet, to Severely Altered, 2,550 feet to T.D.
- There is a significant "jump" in the level of maturation at the Tertiary-Carboniferous boundary (between 1,640 and 1,650 feet). This is also reflected by a noticeable deterioration in the overall kerogen preservation.
- The Carboniferous (Penn.-?U. Miss. Undiff.) - Mississippian contact, between 2,140 and 2,150 feet, is marked by a sudden decrease in the kerogen particle size. In addition, the quality of the extractable organic matter improves significantly.
- Lower to Middle Ordovician age sediments are inferred by the abundant and diversified occurrences of acritarchs and by the observed occurrence of some chain-like organisms, possibly related to the Chitinozoan Desmochitina sp., and scolecodonts.

SAMPLE MATERIAL

Geo-Strat, Inc. is deeply indebted to Dr. H. Wesley Peirce of the Arizona Bureau of Geology and Mineral Technology, University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona, for making well cuttings samples of the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well available for study.

Forty-one (41) well cuttings samples, representing the stratigraphic interval between 50 and 4,250 feet, were composited into 90 foot sample cuts (Text-Figure 3). Samples prepared for visual kerogen and vitrinite reflectance analyses were processed using standard palynological techniques with the oxidation step omitted. All organic carbon analyses were conducted using a LECO DC-12 Organic Carbon Analyzer and Determinator.

Each sample examined in this study is identified by the Geo-Strat Job Number 219- and by a sequential suffix number -001 through 041. The stratigraphic interval represented by each number can be found in Table 2.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Two (2) copies of this report, complete with all available IES Logs, have been supplied to each participant. In addition, each report contains a transparency of the IES Log which has been reduced for use with the total organic carbon well profile (Text-Figure 8). All visual kerogen slides and vitrinite plugs will be retained by Geo-Strat, Inc. This work is subject to copyright. The reprinting or copying of this report, its Text-Figures, Tables, and Plates, is prohibited.

INTRODUCTION

As petroleum exploration along the Overthrust Belt intensifies, increased attention has been focused on the extension of this structural feature into the Basin and Range Province of southern Arizona (Heylmun, 1978; McCaslin, 1978; and Tippee, 1980). Although over forty (40) petroleum-exploration wells have been reportedly drilled in southeastern Arizona, only about one-fourth have penetrated rocks of Paleozoic age (Text-Figure 1). Of these, six (6) were reported to have had questionable oil and/or gas shows (Table 1).

Many geologists feel that deep traps and reservoir quality sediments probably exist within the Paleozoic sediments of the Pedragosa Basin. This being true, the next question the geologist must ask himself is, "are source rocks present?" At present, no organic geochemical data is available on any of the wells drilled in southeastern Arizona. In order to gain a better understanding of the geology-geochemistry relationship, Geo-Strat, Inc. has undertaken a detailed study of the stratigraphic section penetrated by the

Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well. The results and interpretations made by this writer will be based primarily on Geo-Strat's Palynological, Total Organic Carbon, Visual Kerogen, and Vitrinite Reflectance analyses. From these studies we will attempt to:

1. Accurately define the state of thermal maturity attained by each time-stratigraphic unit encountered in the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well.
2. Describe the character, type and quality of the extracted organic matter.
3. Gain a fairly good understanding as to the hydrocarbon source potential of the entire stratigraphic section.

RESULTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

I. GENERAL GEOLOGY

The Pedragosa Basin covers a vast area of southeastern Arizona, southwestern New Mexico, and northern Mexico (Text-Figure 1). In southeastern Arizona it occupies the eastern two-thirds of Cochise County, an area of approximately 1,000 sq. km. Structurally, the area is characterized by subparallel north-northwest trending mountain ranges, 5 to 30 km. wide, separated by alluvial filled basins. They are the result of Laramide and Cascadian tectonism in association with periodic activity along the Deming Axis. The Cenozoic, Mesozoic, and to a limited degree the Paleozoic, is characterized by rocks which exhibit complex folding and thrust faulting coupled with localized areas of volcanic intrusives and mineralization. (NOTE: For a more detailed synopsis concerning the geologic history of the region, please see Turner, 1962).

II. PALYNOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

Palynological investigations of the stratigraphic section penetrated by the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well turned out to be of limited value. The sparsity of well cuttings sample material, the degree to which the samples had been picked over since they were initially collected, and the fact that this well is open hole from the casing shoe, estimated at 250 feet on the enclosed IES Log, to T.D., all contribute to a very disappointing zonation attempt. Never-the-less, what few palynomorphs were present did prove to be of some value. Palynologically we can show that:

1. Large scale erosion and recycling of Cretaceous and Paleozoic sediments were actively taking place during deposition of the Quaternary bolson-type valley fills (Plates 1-3).
2. The Gila portion of the stratigraphic section contains very few palynomorphs. The most common are those belonging to the Compositae and the Chenopodiaceae. Some gymnosperm pollen, probably reworked from older sediments, were also noted (Plates 2-3).
3. Cretaceous sediments, if encountered in the general area of the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murray well, will tend to be Immature. (NOTE: This is based on the color of the reworked palynomorphs observed in the Tertiary-Quaternary portions of the well).
4. Carboniferous (Pennsylvanian--U. Mississippian) sediments have reached a maturation level ranging from Mature to Very Mature. (NOTE: This again is based on the color of what is considered to be an Upper Pennsylvanian (?L. Permian) bisaccate observed in sample 219-022 (Plate 3, Figure 9)).
5. Sediments interpreted as Devonian in age, show a marked change in the organic matter type and degree of thermal alteration. Here we also observe the first occurrence of ?Chitinozoan fragments coupled with a sudden influx of marine algal cysts, i.e., acritarchs (Plates 4-5).
6. Lower to Middle Ordovician age sediments are inferred by the abundant and diversified occurrences of marine algal cysts, i.e., Baltisphaeridium sp., Microhystridium sp., and Leiospheres. Also present are some chain-like organisms, possibly related to the Chitinozoan Desmochitina sp., and scolecodonts (Plates 4-6).

III. GEOCHEMICAL METHODS

In determining the hydrocarbon potential of a particular rock unit, the geologist-geochemist has a variety of methods upon which he or she can rely. The method which one chooses depends, in part, on the type, amount, condition, and manner in which the samples were collected. Whichever method one chooses to use will naturally have specific limitations. No single analysis will provide the geologist with all the geochemical parameters needed to make an intelligent interpretation. It must be understood that the degree of reliability for a particular analysis will vary from poor to excellent. Therefore, prior to undertaking a geochemical study, one should have a clear picture in his or her mind what it is that they are trying to determine and the options available. A summary of the principal methods used in the characterization of source rocks and their degree of reliability is given by Tissot and Welte, 1978, p. 465. An updated version of their chart is reproduced in Table 3.

Because of the nature of the well cuttings which were made available on the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murray well, i.e., scarcity and quality, Geo-Strat, Inc. had to limit the scope of its geochemical investigation. In this study, we will be discussing three (3) of the most important geochemical parameters: Total Organic Carbon, Visual Kerogen Assessment, and Vitrinite Reflectance analyses. A brief explanation of these methods is given below.

A. TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON

The total organic carbon content of any given sediment is a measure of its organic richness. This procedure involves five (5) basic steps:

1. Drying the rock sample.
2. Grinding the sample to a very fine powder.
3. Weighing about a 0.30 gram sample into a ceramic crucible.
4. Acidizing the sample, in the crucible, with hot and cold hydrochloric acid in order to remove the carbonate carbon.
5. Determining the total organic carbon content in an apparatus utilizing an induction furnace and a thermal conductivity cell to measure the evolved CO₂.

Based on the work of Ronov (1958) and Gehman (1962), it is generally accepted that one needs a minimum of at least 0.50 % T.O.C. in a clastic sediment for it to be considered as having fair source rock capabilities and at least twice that, 1.00 %, to be considered as good. Only about half of this, 0.25 % and 0.50 % respectively, is required for those rock units which are carbonates (Text-Figure 5). Please be aware that these minimal values should be considered only as a rough guideline rather than as an absolute indication for determining a rock's source capabilities. Other criteria which must also be considered include the type of organic matter present and its state of thermal maturation.

B. VISUAL KEROGEN

Kerogen, as originally defined, is the solid bituminous mineraloid substance in oil shales which yeilds oil upon destructive distillation (Crum-Brown, 1912). The term has since been broadened to include all insoluble organic matter, primarily of a plant nature, recovered from shales and other clastic sediments after they have been treated with hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids (Burgess, 1974). This includes spores, pollen, plant epiderm, woody plant tissue (vitrinite), coaly debris (inerts) and algal cysts (fresh water and marine), as well as a host of unidentifiable organic matter types of uncertain biological affinities.

The thermal history of a sediment, often referred to as organic metamorphism or eometamorphism, is manifested in the color of the extractable organic matter. Gutjahr (1966), Correia (1967) and Staplin (1969), were among the first to demonstrate that the color of the kerogen, as viewed in transmitted illumination with the aid of a microscope, acts as a type of paleo-thermometer. The five (5) most important factors which influence the color changes of organic matter are: 1. heat, 2. pressure, 3. chemical associations, 4. weathering, and 5. geologic age. Other factors which may contribute to the degree of color change, especially in palynomorphs (spores, pollen, etc.), include cell-wall composition and morphologic structures (Wilson, 1971).

During increasing thermal maturation, palynomorph carbonization progresses through a series of color stages. Immature sediments are characterized by palynomorphs having a colorless to pale yellow color. Mature sediments contain spores, pollen, and plant tissue which vary from orange-brown to brown in color. Very mature sediments, or those which are nearly metamorphosed, yield palynomorphs which are dark brown to black in color. It is during these various stages of transformation that hydrocarbons are generated. The relationship between the degree of thermal alteration (T.A.I.), coal rank, and the occurrence of oil and gas, is illustrated in Text-Figure 4.

Palynomorphs are generally destroyed during low-grade metamorphism. Thin-walled dinoflagellates (algal cysts), spores and pollen grains with delicate ornamentation and some forms of membranous plant tissues, are usually among the first to disappear. Woody tissues however, become darker colored early during diagenesis and retain their delicate wall structures, i.e., pit diaphragms, until most spores and pollen have disappeared. (NOTE: Some woody plant tissues become lignified and thus are dark colored while the plant is still living).

Why use Kerogen?

The visual kerogen analysis is an important technique used to determine the geothermal history of a sedimentary basin. The thermal alteration (T.A.I.) curve and knowledge of the particular type of kerogen incorporated into a sediment (O.M.I.), allows the geologist to predict a particular geographical areas source rock potential (hydrocarbon generation and type). For this reason it is necessary that the dispersed kerogen debris be categorized. Microscopically, using transmitted illumination, GEO-STRAT, INC., recognizes four (4) basic kerogen types. These are ranked according to their importance in the generation of hydrocarbons and are therefore based upon their "lipid" content. (NOTE: Lipids, hydrogen-rich constituents which are considered by many to be the precursors of liquid hydrocarbons, represent a variety of chemically unrelated substances such as fats, hydrocarbons, inorganic sulfur, etc.).

Those considered to be the two most important kerogen types, rich in lipids, are designated as Lp and Ls. Lp stands for liptinites of primary importance (amorphous sapropelic kerogen and associated algal debris), while those designated as Ls, liptinites of secondary importance, include such things as spores, pollen, and plant tissues (epiderm). The third category is comprised of woody plant tissue (vitrinite) and is designated simply as V. This group is lean in its lipid content. The least important kerogen type(s) involved in the generation of liquid hydrocarbons, group four, are the inerts. These are finely disseminated particles of coaly debris mixed with pieces of mineral charcoal. While some of the coaly debris has a dry gas (thermally derived methane) potential, it adds very little to the overall formation and generation of oil and/or gas condensate. Thus in properly assessing the hydrocarbon potential of any sedimentary basin, and in particular the Pedragosa Basin of southeastern Arizona, it is essential that the geologist have a firm knowledge not only about the thermal maturity of the stratigraphic section, but also in the type(s) of organic matter (kerogen) contained within each time-stratigraphic rock unit.

In addition to being an excellent indicator of geothermal diagenesis, the degree of preservation and size range of the individual kerogen particles are also of importance. The degree of preservation (P.I.), is indicative not only of the environment in the area of deposition, i.e., Eh and pH, but it can also provide the explorationist with important clues pertaining to the stratigraphic section, i.e., secondary mineralization (dolomite and pyrite) and possibly tectonic events (unconformities, faulting, etc.). Particle size measurements (P.S.I.) can also yield significant results providing the samples are prepared in a consistent manner, i.e., grinding, acidization, slide preparation, etc. The overall particle size has been helpful in determining the proximity of the depositional site to shoreline and in ascertaining the direction of transport.

How are the Kerogen parameters derived?

The method used by Geo-Strat, Inc., to determine the individual kerogen parameters is simple and straight forward. Our technique involves the derivation of a numerical value, index, based on the number of squares which are colored-in on the KEROGEN SUMMARY CHART (Text-Figures 7,9). Values are calculated for each of the four (4) basic parameters, i.e., Organic Matter Type, Thermal Alteration, Degree of Preservation, and Kerogen Particle Size. In the derivation of the Organic Matter Index only the botanical entities, represented by the first six (6) rows, are calculated. These include Algae, Amorphous debris, Spores-Pollen, Cuticle-Membranous debris, Vitrinite or Woody structured debris, and Coaly debris or Inerts. Like the system itself, the kerogen values are subjective. Once derived, the indicies may be used individually or summed in a collective fashion so as to represent a single value for a particular Formation and/or Biostratigraphic Zone (Table 6).

Our primary goal in using this method is to be able to generate a series of contour maps which when combined with additional geological information, will provide the geologist with an added vantage in determining where the most promising locations are for more detailed oil and gas exploration. (NOTE: In order to determine relative abundance for each of the kerogen types in a given sample, one must divide the total number of squares which have been colored-in under the heading TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER on the KEROGEN SUMMARY CHART, into 100. This in effect will produce a normalized percentage value for each square. When computed, simply multiply this value times the total number of squares colored-in for each of the six (6) categories. The resulting figure will be a rough estimate as to the percentage of that particular kerogen type which was observed on the kerogen slide. An example of this is given below).

TOTAL SQUARES COLORED-IN: (From KEROGEN SUMMARY CHART)

- $\frac{1}{2}$ Algal debris
- 3 Amorphous debris
- 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Spores-Pollen
- 3 Cuticle-Membranous debris
- 1 Woody structured debris (Vitrinite)
- 1 Coaly debris (Inerts)

Total 10

$$\text{VALUE OF EACH SQUARE} = \frac{100\%}{10} = 10\%$$

NORMALIZED PERCENTAGE OF EACH ORGANIC MATTER TYPE PRESENT

- 5% Algal debris
- 30% Amorphous debris
- 15% Spores-Pollen
- 30% Cuticle-Membranous debris
- 10% Woody structured debris (Vitrinite)
- 10% Coaly debris (Inerts)

Total 100%

C. VITRINITE REFLECTANCE

Vitrinite, one of the many petrographic constituents of coal, has been used by the coal mining industry for many years as a means of determining coal rank (Text-Figure 6). In petroleum exploration the technique, although slightly modified, is used as a means of determining a sediment's state of thermal maturity (Text-Figures 4,13; Tables 4-6).

In the vitrinite reflectance analysis, vitrinite particles and associated kerogen types are extracted from the sediment using a series of acids (hydrochloric and hydrofluoric). The process is essentially the same as that used in palynology except that the oxidation step has been omitted. (NOTE: Some geologists prefer to use the raw crushed rock sample without any acidization whatsoever. This technique is used by many petroleum companies and produces just as accurate values as those obtained in the acidization method. The advantage in using a sample which has been macerated is that one can usually obtain a greater concentration of the vitrinite particles. This is especially important when dealing with a carbonate sequence or when evaluating sediments lean in vitrinite). Extractable organic matter, kerogenaceous debris and vitrinite, is air dried in a vacuum chamber and then embedded into a bioplastic or epoxy plug. After being finely polished, a high resolution microscope, calibrated with a known optical standard, is used to measure the reflectivity of the vitrinite particles.

Vitrinite reflectance measurements, expressed as % Ro, are taken in oil and then summarized on individual histograms (Text-Figures 14-16). In samples having a history of low paleotemperatures, less than 175° F, 40 to 50 observations are usually adequate. Sediments which have undergone complex structural deformations and/or which have been subjected to high paleotemperatures, greater than 250° - 300° F, may require as many as 100 to 150 observations. This is also true for sedimentary units which contain a great deal of recycled kerogen debris. The latter usually contains vitrinite particles which have a wide scatter in their reflectance values and subsequently results in histograms having multiple vitrinite reflectance, %Ro, populations. Without the aid of the visual kerogen data and/or other geochemical parameters, samples having multiple vitrinite reflectance, %Ro, populations, are very difficult, sometimes impossible, to interpret.

IV. APPLIED GEOCHEMISTRY

Using the results of Geo-Strat's Total Organic Carbon, Visual Kerogen, and Vitrinite Reflectance analyses, the stratigraphic section encountered by the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murray well can be sub-divided into eight (8) fairly distinct geochemical zones (Text-Figures 3,9-12). While these zones don't exactly conform to the Formation boundaries as picked on lithology and/or on the IES Log, Table 1, they are none-the-less considered to have some time-stratigraphic significance.

Organic geochemical parameters and their respective interpretations will be discussed according to individual Formation and/or Biostratigraphic Zones. A tentative summary of this data can be found in Text-Figure 2. Table 6.

ZONE I

Quaternary Undifferentiated (0-440')

Zone I, 0 to 440 feet, is characterized by bolson type deposits which are composed of plant cuticle and membranous debris mixed with equal amounts of woody structured material and inert. The overall quality of the extractable organic matter, in-so-far as its potential for hydrocarbon generation is concerned, would be considered as only Fair (Text-Figures 9-10A; Table 6). The Fair quality of the organic matter, coupled with the very low levels of thermal maturity and low total organic carbon content, i.e., an average T.A.I. of 1.80 and an average T.O.C. of 0.027 %, indicates that this zone would be considered as having Very Poor source rock capabilities (Text-Figures 8-9,12,14-16; Tables 2,5-6). (NOTE: No vitrinite reflectance measurements were obtained for Zone I due to the lean recovery of kerogen residue).

The kerogen particle size, P.S.I., ranges from Finely Disseminated to Fine. Kerogen preservation is generally Very Good, probably due, at least in part, to the very low levels of oxidation and low paleotemperatures. The average P.S.I. value recorded for this interval is 2.08 while the average P.I. value is 2.67 (Text-Figures 9,10B-11; Table 6).

ZONE II

Tertiary Undifferentiated (450'-1,640')

Zone II, 450 to 1,640 feet, can be recognized by an increase in the level of thermal maturity, poorer palynomorph preservation, an increase in kerogen particle size, and by a noticeable influx of mineral debris (Text-Figures 9,10B-11; Table 6). Average values for maturation, preservation, and particle size, are 3.00, 4.00, and 2.28 respectively. As was noted in Zone I, no vitrinite reflectance measurements were possible for Zone II due to an insufficient amount of kerogen residue. However, based on spore coloration, coupled with vitrinite particles which are considered to represent up-hole cave, the vitrinite reflectance value is estimated to be near 0.51 %Ro (Text-Figures 4,9,13-16; Table 5-6).

The dominant kerogen type in Zone II is plant cuticle and membranous debris associated with minor amounts of spore-pollen, structured woody material and inert (coaly debris). While there is a general overall improvement in the quality of the organic matter as compared to that of Zone I, average O.M.I. of 4.65 versus an O.M.I. of 5.00, the average total organic carbon content diminishes. Zone II has an average T.O.C. of 0.017 % while Zone I has an average T.O.C. of 0.027 % (Text-Figures 8-10A; Tables 2,6). (NOTE: Although the overall T.O.C. value diminishes in Zone II, there is a noticeable increase in its percentage between 500 and 940 feet. What the significance of this "jump" means is unclear at this writing. It appears to coincide with an increase in the resistivity between 500 and 800 feet as seen on the enclosed IES Log).

Geochemically, Zone II would be considered as a Very Poor source for the generation of liquid hydrocarbons. Though unlikely, it is possible that minor amounts of biogenic methane could be generated in sediments which represent this portion of the stratigraphic section.

ZONE III

Carboniferous (Penn.-?U. Miss.) Undifferentiated (1,650'-2,140')

The section designated as Zone III, 1,650 to 2,140 feet, is marked by a pronounced change in its geochemical parameters. Examination of the extractable organic matter shows an increase in the percentage of structured woody material and inert debris along with minor but persistent occurrences of amorphous kerogen. The average organic matter index, O.M.I., for Zone III is 4.80 (Text-Figures 9-10A; Table 6). (NOTE: In general the occurrence of amorphous kerogen would enhance the quality, i.e., hydrocarbon potential, of

a sediment. Similarly, an increase in structured woody debris and inert particulate matter, would tend to downgrade a sediments O.M.I. value and thus its source potential. In this instance the increase in structured woody material and inert debris has caused the average organic matter index, O.M.I., to be moderately higher, therefore less favorable, than that attained in Zone II).

In addition to the increased abundance of the amorphous, structured woody, and inert kerogen types, there is a noticeable increase in the amount of kerogen debris exhibiting high thermal alteration effects. It is this writers opinion that the lower T.A.I. values recorded for this portion of the stratigraphic section, i.e., 1.00 to 2.33, represents up-hole contamination and that the secondary maturation population, T.A.I. values of from 5.00 to 5.50, are in situ (Text-Figures 9,12; Table 6). Because of a lack in the amount of kerogen residue recovered from the acid treatment of the rock, vitrinite reflectance measurements were not obtained for any of the cuttings samples taken through this interval. (NOTE: An average %Ro value estimated at 0.78, as shown in Table 6, is considered to be representative for a portion of the sediments representing this particular time period. Please understand however, that this is just an approximate value based on what I have interpreted as possible being up-hole cave. The %Ro value for Zone III could be considerably higher).

The incrediable "jump" in maturation between Zones II and III, based on visual kerogen, suggests that one of the most dramatic moments in tectonic activity for this area of southeastern Arizona occurred between the Carboniferous (?Permian) and Cretaceous Periods. Depending on what values one uses to represent the paleo-thermal gradient, depth of burial for sediments of Zone III could vary anywhere from approximately 6,250 feet to as much as 20,833 feet (Table 7). The pronounced "jump" in maturation is also reflected by a deterioration in palynomorph and/or kerogen preservation (compare the palynomorphs illustrated in Plates 1-3 with those of 4-6). Though not nearly as dramatic, the average preservation index declines from a P.I. value of 4.00 in Zone II to a P.I. value of 4.50 in Zone III (Text-Figures 9,11; Table 6).

Among other geochemical parameters showing marked changes include the total organic carbon content and kerogen particle size. As can be seen in the Total Organic Carbon well profile, T.O.C. values range from a minimum of 0.014 % at 2,140 feet to a maximum of 0.040 % at 1,840 feet. The average T.O.C. value is 0.027 % (Text-Figure 8; Table 2,6). Here once again the sudden increase in the T.O.C. content roughly coincides with a "jump" in the resistivity (see enclosed IES Log). While the particle size of the kerogen debris in the Quaternary and Tertiary sections appears to fluctuate a great deal, the Carboniferous marks the beginning of a trend towards a finer particle size (Text-Figures 9, 10B; Table 6). This is an indication that deposition is either taking place further out into the basin (farther from shoreline) and/or that we are seeing a major change in lithology type.

Geochemically, sediments assigned to Zone III contain organic matter of Fair quality which have reached a Mature state of alteration. Low organic carbon values obtained from sediments in this portion of the section forces one to regard Zone III as having Poor source rock capabilities. If one can determine in which direction the T.O.C. content increases, lets say to about 1.00 %, without changing the other parameters significantly, the Carboniferous could become a potential source for oil and associated gas.

ZONE IV

?Mississippian
(2,250'-2,540')

In comparison with the overlying unit, Zone III, one can't help but notice that the sediments of Zone IV show a slight improvement in the overall quality of its kerogen content, higher maturation values, finer particle size, and a deterioration in palynomorph preservation. These parameters, reflected by an O.M.I. of 4.36, a T.A.I. of 5.75, a P.S.I. of 1.54, and a P.I. of 5.50, are not easily discernable on the KEROGEN SUMMARY CHART, but show up fairly well on the ORGANIC MATTER, DEGREE OF ALTERATION, PARTICLE SIZE, AND DEGREE OF PRESERVATION well profiles (Text-Figures 9-12). Due to an insufficient amount of kerogen residue, a detailed vitrinite reflectance analyses of this portion of the stratigraphic section was not possible. However, based on the results obtained in our visual kerogen analyses, coupled with measurements which were made on vitrinite particles considered here to represent up-hole contamination, Geo-Strat, Inc., has postulated a vitrinite reflectance, %Ro, value of 1.16 for Mississippian age sediments (Text-Figures 13-16; Tables 5-6). Geologic interpretations made by this writer for this portion of the stratigraphic section are based exclusively on visual kerogen and total organic carbon data. As a result of the differences in these parameters, Geo-Strat, Inc., has interpreted the interval from 2,250 to 2,540 feet as most likely representing Mississippian age deposits. Again, depending upon one's interpretation of the data, sediments assigned to this portion of the geologic column could have been buried anywhere from 10,000 to 33,000 feet (Table 7).

Based on the organic matter content, the Mississippian would be considered as having slightly better source rock qualities than the overlying Carboniferous. However, the Low total organic carbon content, average T.O.C. of 0.029 %, forces one to regard this interval as having Very Poor source rock capabilities (Text-Figures 5,8; Tables 2,6). If one can determine in which direction the T.O.C. content increases, i.e., to about 1.00 % or more, the Mississippian could become an important source rock for the generation of oil, gas condensate, or thermally derived methane.

ZONE V

Devonian

(2,550'-3,340')

The Mississippian-Devonian contact, the most noticeable boundary in the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well, is exemplified by a dramatic change in extractable organic matter type. Extractable organic matter is principally of the amorphous-kerogen type. Extractable organic matter associated with secondary amounts of cuticular and membraneous algal type associated with secondary amounts of cuticular and inert materials plant tissue. Minor amounts of structured woody debris and inert materials are also present (Text-Figures 9-10A).

In addition to the pronounced change in the organic matter type, the extractable kerogenaceous debris shows a moderate "jump" in its level of thermal alteration. While overlying Mississippian sediments have an average T.A.I. of 5.75 and are considered to be Very Mature, Devonian rocks have an average T.A.I. of 6.00 and are interpreted as being Severely Altered. This high degree of alteration is also reflected by an average vitrinite reflectance value of 1.63 %Ro. At these temperatures, the maximum depth of burial for Devonian age sediments is calculated to be between 13,000 and 45,000 feet (Text-Figures 9,12-16; Tables 4-7). The organic matter also shows a noticeable deterioration in its state of preservation, probably due to the high level of alteration. The P.I. index, Degree of Preservation, increases from an average of 5.50 in Zone IV to an average of 6.00 for Zone V (Text-Figures 9,11; Table 6).

The kerogen particle size has an average value of 1.34 and continues to show a decrease in overall size. This, along with the sudden influx of amorphous-algal type kerogen, indicates that the Devonian section penetrated by the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well was deposited in either fairly deep water and/or at some goodly distance from shoreline (Text-Figures 9-10B; Table 6).

Total organic carbon values continue to be on the Low side. Values range from a minimum of 0.016 % at 3,340 feet to a maximum of 0.044 % at 3,040 feet. The average T.O.C. content was 0.027 % (Text-Figures 5,8; Tables 2,6). Like the Carboniferous and Mississippian portions of the stratigraphic section, the Devonian, as represented in the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well, appears to have Very Poor source rock capabilities. Because of its extremely high level of maturation, any hydrocarbons which might be found in association with this portion of the geologic column will undoubtedly be of the thermally derived methane (dry gas) type.

ZONE VI

Lower to Middle Ordovician

(3,350'-3,740')

Sediments encountered between 3,350 and 3,740 feet in the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well are interpreted as being of Lower to Middle Ordovician in age. Present is an abundant but diversified group of algal cysts, i.e., Baltisphaeridium sp., Micrhystridium sp., ?Acanthodiacylindrum sp., and Leiospheres, coupled with some chain-like organisms, possibly related to the Chitinozoan Desmochitina sp., and a single scolecodont (Plates 4-6).

Extractable organic matter recovered from Zone VI is characterized by kerogenaceous debris which is primarily of an amorphous-algal nature. When compared with that observed in Zone V, one can readily see that there is a distinct absence in woody structured debris (vitrinite) and an increase in the percentages of inert material. The progressive trend towards a better quality of organic matter, beginning in the Carboniferous and continuing through the Devonian, is suddenly reversed (Text-Figures 9-10A; Table 6). In addition, there is a noticeable shift in the kerogen particle size. This abrupt change, towards a more coarse size fraction, may coincide with tectonic events, i.e., epeirogenic upwarping and subsequent erosion which may have taken place during late Ordovician and/or early Devonian time (Text-Figures 9-10B; Table 6).

The transition from Devonian to Lower or Middle Ordovician is also characterized by a dramatic decrease in the total organic carbon content. While sediments of Zones III, IV, and V, consistently yield average T.O.C. values of about 0.027 %, rocks assigned to Zone VI only have an average T.O.C. of 0.014 % (Text-Figure 8, Tables 2,6).

In-so-far as thermal maturity and kerogen preservation is concerned, Zones V and VI are very much alike. Both contain rocks in which the extractable organic matter has been Severely Altered. The average thermal alteration index, T.A.I., is 6.33. Vitrinite reflectance measurements of the same kerogen fraction had an average %Ro of 1.95. This would tend to indicate slightly higher paleotemperatures than what was calculated by the visual kerogen method. Kerogen preservation would be considered, at best, as only Fair. The average Preservation Index, P.I., is 6.00 (Text-Figures 5,9, 11-16; Tables 2,5-6).

Geochemically, Lower to Middle Ordovician sediments could become possible source rocks for thermally derived methane (dry gas) providing one can find an area in which the average T.O.C. content is greatly improved, i.e., about 1.00 %. As it now stands, Lower to Middle Ordovician rocks within the immediate area of the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murrey well are considered to have Extremely Poor source rock capabilities.

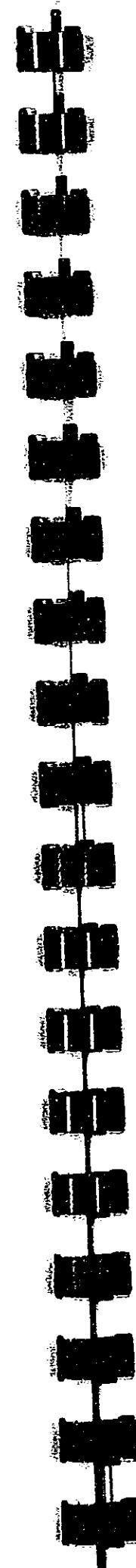
ZONE VII

?Cambrian Undifferentiated
(3,750'-4,040')

The boundary between the ?Cambrian and the Lower to Middle Ordovician in the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murray well is placed at or near the point where there is a marked decrease in the abundance of the palynomorphs Baltisphaeridium sp., Micrhystridium sp., and ?Acanthodiaceridium sp. cf. A. spinum (Rasul, 1979). This contact is also recognized by a noticeable decrease in the overall quality and preservation of the organic matter, i.e., an average O.M.I. of 3.75 and an average P.I. of 7.40 (Table 6). The Very Poor quality of the extractable organic matter can be attributed to the overall decrease in the percentages of cuticular and membranous plant tissues coupled by an increase in the amount of inert debris (Text-Figures 9-11; Table 6). In addition, there is an abrupt change in the kerogen particle size and a dramatic shift in the total organic carbon content. While the kerogen particle size decreases from an average of 1.58 in Zone VI to an average of 1.28 in Zone VII, the total organic carbon content "jumps" from an average of 0.014 % in Zone VI to an average of 0.021 % in Zone VII (Text-Figures 8,9-10B; Table 2,6). I believe it would be wise to keep in mind however, that the reversal and trend towards higher T.O.C. values should be considered as highly questionable, at least until other stratigraphic sections of the same general age in nearby wells have been analyzed.

In-so-far as thermal maturity is concerned, the extractable kerogenaceous debris is at about the same level of maturity as that of Zone VI. Both have an average T.A.I. of 6.33 and an average vitrinite reflectance Z_{Ro} value of 1.95. The organic matter is considered to be Severely Altered (Text-Figures 9,12-16; Tables 2,6). Depending on the geothermal gradient one uses, Ordovician and ?Cambrian sediments could have been buried anywhere from 14,500 to 48,333 feet (Table 7).

Geochemically, the ?Cambrian section in the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murray well must be considered as having Very Poor source rock capabilities. However, if ?Cambrian age rocks can be found having substantially higher total organic carbon percentages, i.e., 1.00 % or more, then this portion of the stratigraphic section could possibly produce significant quantities of dry gas.



ZONE VIII

?Precambrian
(4,050'-4,250')

In reality it is impossible to pick the ?Cambrian-Precambrian boundary on a change in organic matter type. This is especially true when one understands that the basement complex in this immediate area of the Pedragosa Basin is generally considered to be of an igneous and/or metamorphic nature. At this particular horizon we must revert to negative criteria, i.e., a rapid decrease in the overall abundance of plant tissue, an increase in the variety of organic matter types due to up-hole cave, and an increase in the amount of mineral debris in the maceral and/or on the kerogen slide. Using this approach, Geo-Strat, Inc., has placed the ?Cambrian-Precambrian boundary at about 4,050 feet. (NOTE: After taking another hard look at the kerogen data, it would appear that an equally good location for this contact would be between samples 219-038 and 219-039). This is based on four (4) observations: 1. a shift in the Organic Matter Index, 2. a change in the Kerogen Particle Size, 3. an abrupt "jump" in the Total Organic Carbon content, and 4. a noticeable increase in the amount of mineral debris present in the kerogen macerals (Text-Figure 8-10; Table 6). Although I have recorded a number of geochemical parameters for this particular zone, Table 6, these are best interpreted as representing up-hole contamination. They should be viewed with caution and skepticism in-so-far as their geochemical significance is concerned.

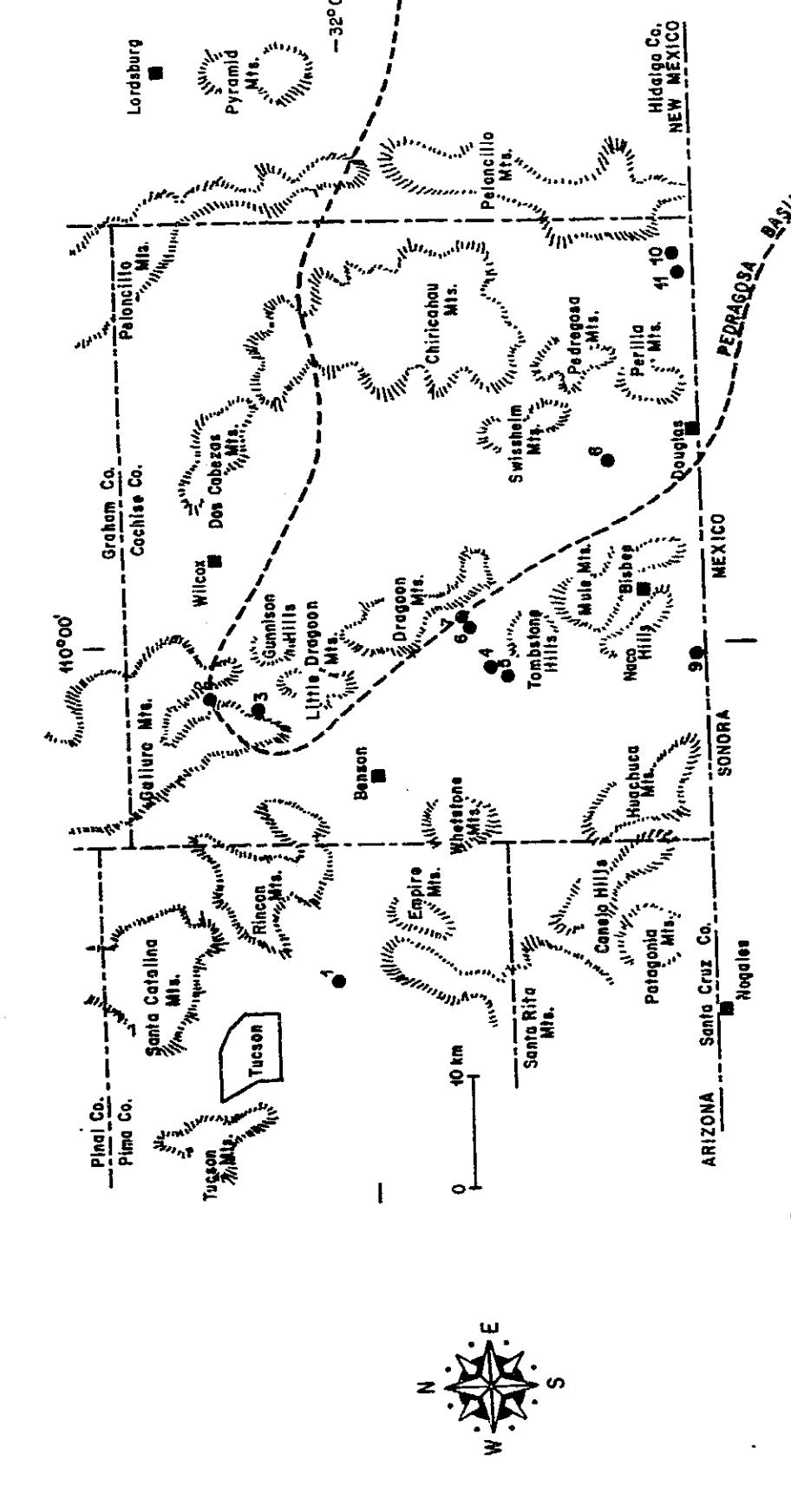
CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of this study, we have concluded that the principal reason why the Waddell-Duncan No. 1 Murray well resulted in being a dry hole was due to an overall lack of good source rocks. This is directly attributed to an insufficient amount of organic carbon in each of the individual rock units, i.e., the overall average T.O.C. content was less than 0.030 % for each of the time-stratigraphic units (Tables 2,6). It is imperative therefore, that we try and locate and/or outline areas in which the total organic carbon content averages between 0.75 % and 1.00 %. Providing that the kerogen type and degree of maturation remains essentially the same, we feel that the Carboniferous, and possibly the Mississippian, offer the best chances for generating oil and/or gas condensate. The Devonian, Ordovician, and possibly the Cambrian, are more apt to be a source for dry gas (thermally derived methane).

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TEXT-FIGURES



Text-Figure 1. Location map showing key exploration wells which have penetrated Paleozoic (or Precambrian) rocks in southeastern Arizona (Pinal and Cochise counties). Please see Table 1 for specific well data.

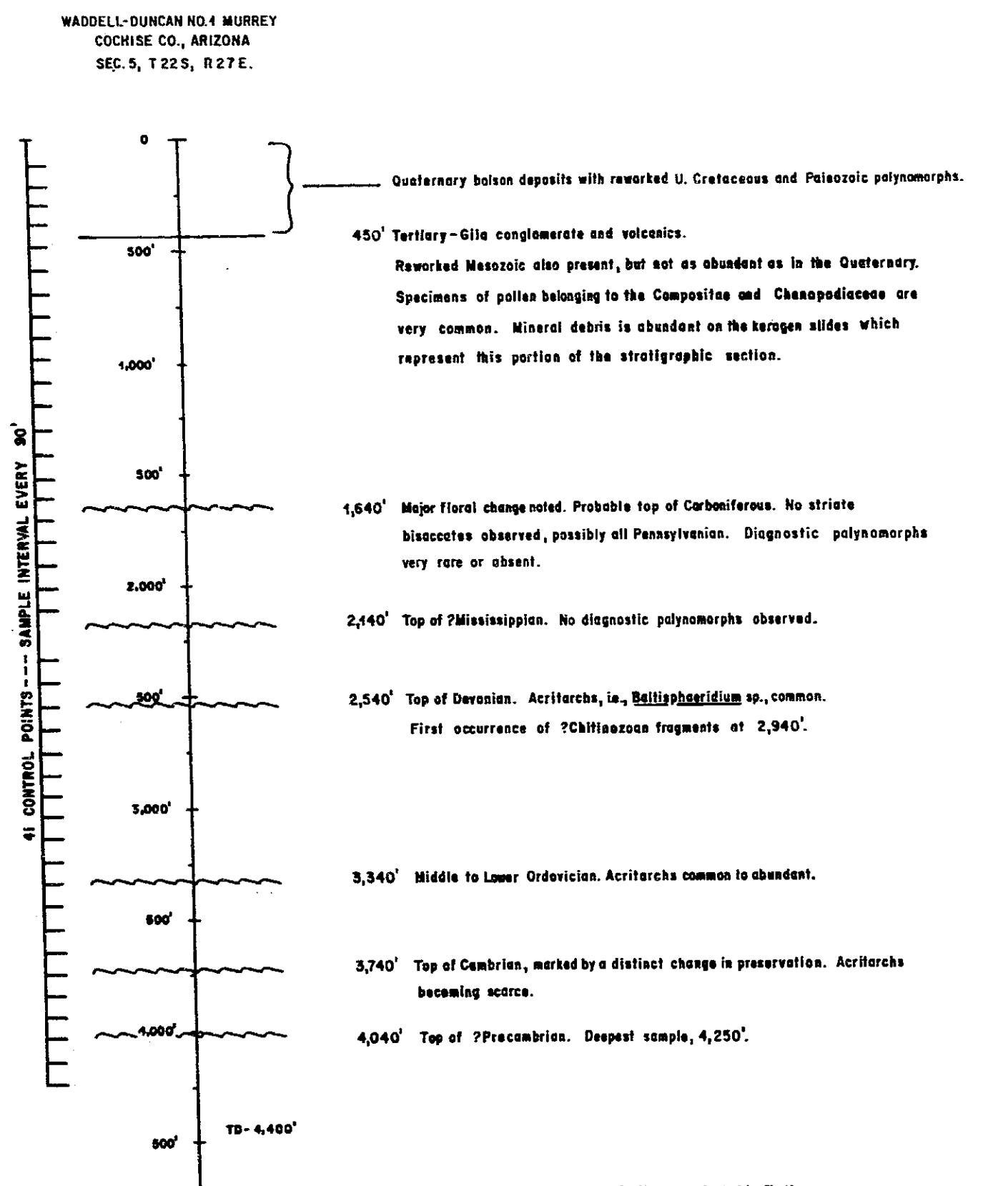
GEO-STRAT, INC.,
3/80

STRATIGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE (Pedregosa basin and adjoining areas)

Chronostratigraphic Units	Lithostratigraphic Units				Main Rock Type	General Depositional Environment		
	Pedregosa basin		Burro and related uplifts	Orogrande basin (southern part)				
	Ariz.-Sonora	New Mex.-Chih.						
Quaternary	bolson and other deposits				sand			
Quat-Tertiary	Gila		Santa Fe		conglomerate			
Tertiary to Cretaceous	volcanic (and intrusive) rocks				igneous	nonmarine		
Upper to Lower(?) Cretaceous	Ft. Crittenden	Ringbone	Lobo	Love Ranch	conglomerate			
	(not recognized)		Colorado	Mancos	dark mudstone	shallow mar.		
			Beartooth	Dakota	sandstone	shallow mar.		
			Sarten		sandstone	to nonmarine		
	Bibee	Cintura	Majedo	(absent)	sandstone			
Lower Cretaceous		Mural	U-Bar		limestone	shallow mar.		
		Marita	Hell-to-Finish		red mudstone	nonmarine		
		Glanca			conglomerate			
Jurassic	intrusive rocks		(absent)	(absent)	ign.	shallow mar.		
Triassic	volcanic rocks				ls., ss.			
Permian	Guadalupian	(not recog.)		Santa Rita	(absent)	igneous		
		Rainvalley		(absent)	San Andres	nonmarine		
	Leonardian	Concha		(absent)	Glorieta			
		Scherrer			dolostone			
		Epitaph			Yeso			
		Colina			limestone			
	Wolfcampian	Earp	Earp	Abo-Hueco		red mudst., ls.		
Pennsylvanian				Bursum	limest.	non., shell. mar.		
Virgilian	Horquilla	Horquilla	Panther Sheep	limest.	shallow			
Missourian			Bishops Cap	dolost.	to deep			
Desmoinesian			Berino	sandst.	marine			
Atoka			La Tuna	mudst.				
Morrowan	Black Prince		Helms	limestone,				
Mississippian	Paradise		Lake Valley—Rancheria	Helms	mudst.			
	Escobrosa				limest., chert			
					dark mudstone			
Devonian	Percha		Canutillo	Canutillo	decolst., dol., chrt.			
	Martin	(absent)			decolst.			
Silurian	(not recognized)		Montoya	Fusselman	dolostones			
Ordovician		?			dolostone			
		El Paso			timest., dol.			
Coronado		Bliss			sandstone	shallow mar. to non.		
Cambrian	Abrigo	Bolsa	(absent)		timest., dol.	shallow marine		
	Bolsa				sandstone	shell mar. to non.		
Precambrian	basement rocks				ign., metamorphic			

Text-Figure 2

Text-Figure 3

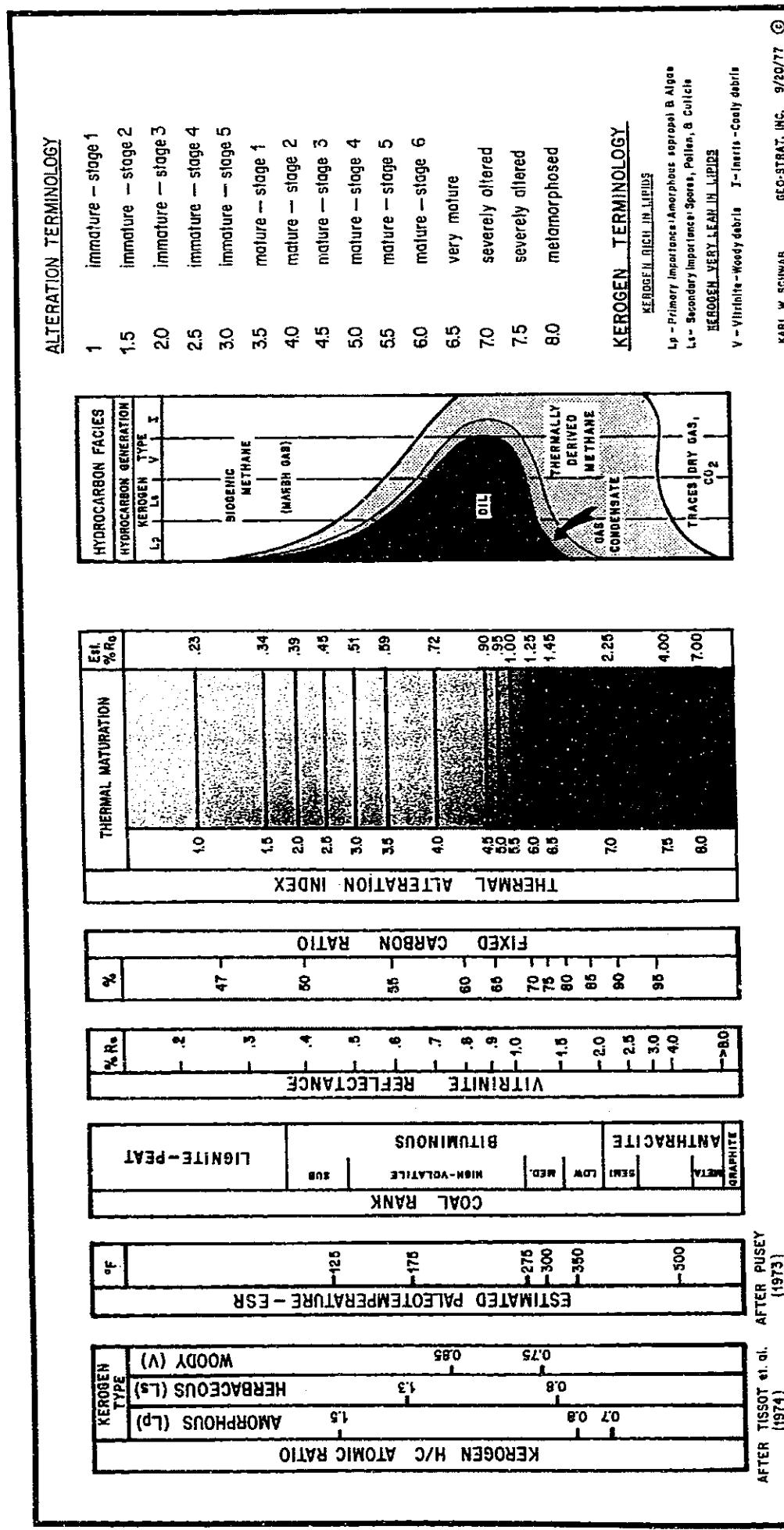


NOTE: This well is badly contaminated by Tertiary debris due to up-hole caving.

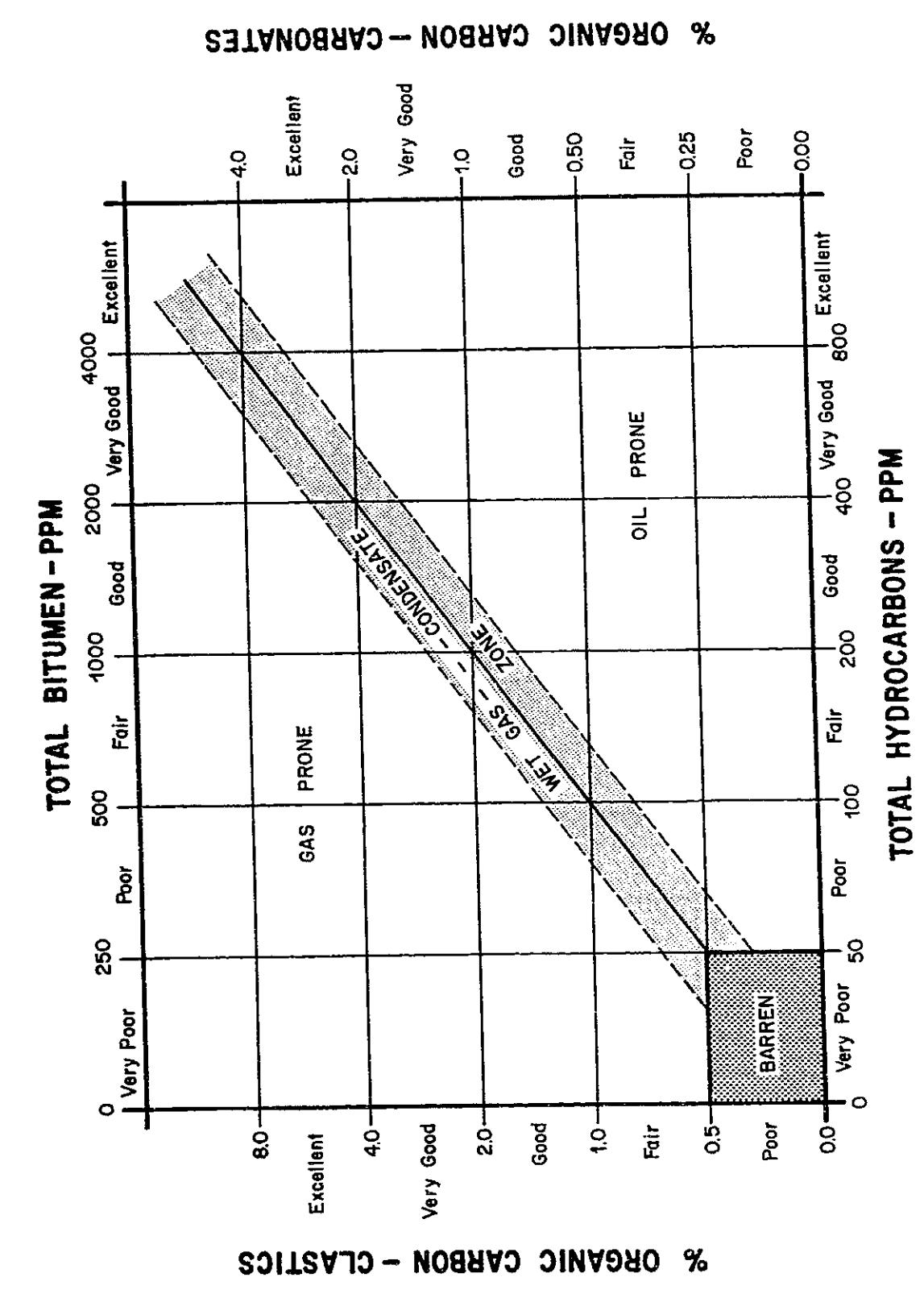
K.W. Schwab
Geo-Strat, Inc. 3/80

Text-Figure 4

COMPARISON OF GEOTHERMAL DIAGENETIC CRITERIA



SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION CHART



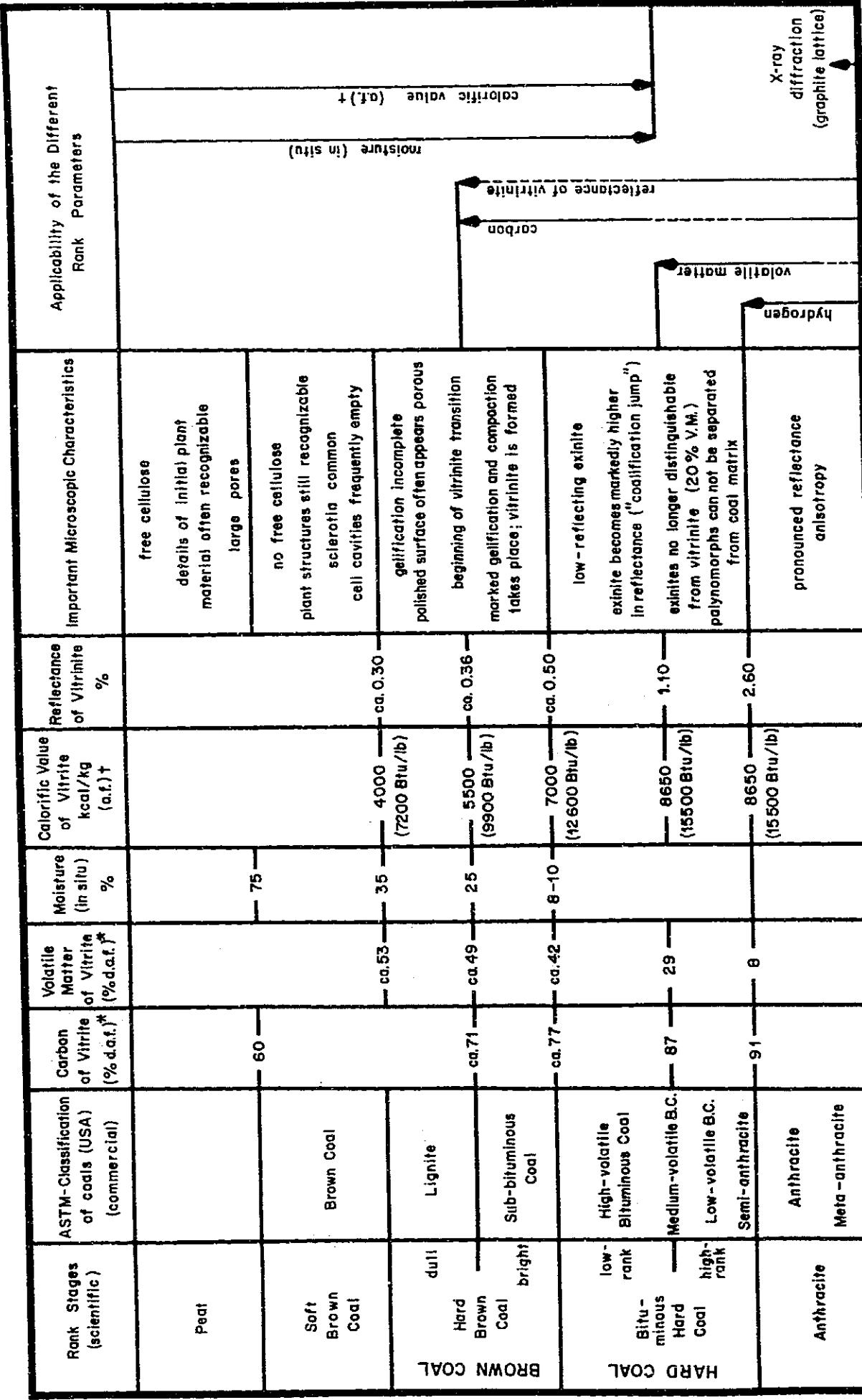
Text-Figure 5

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Spec. 5
Sample 11

Text-Figure 6

GEOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS OF COAL METAMORPHISM



* d.a.t. = dry ash free † a.f. = ash free modified from: Teichmüller & Teichmüller, 1968

Text-Figure 7

KEROGEN SUMMARY CHART		TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER	COLOR OF ORGANIC MATTER & T.A.I.	STATE OF ORGANIC MATTER	TYPE ORGANIC MATTER MATURATION AND PRESERVATION INDICES
DEPTH	DEGREE OF MATURITATION				
+ 2 OR MORE MATURATION POPULATIONS					
TRACE	< 5%				
COMMON	5 % TO 25 %				
ABUNDANT	26 % TO 60 %				
VERY ABUNDANT	> 60 %				
GEOP-STRAT. NO.	DEPTH				
219-019	1,940'				
219-025	2,640'				

SUMMARY OF PARTICLE SIZE: 219-025

1/2 block of amorphous debris..... value 1.0
 4 blocks of finely disseminated..... value 4.0
 1/2 blocks of fine..... value 4.5

REMARKS		CALCULATED ORGANIC MATTER INDEX
PRIMARY MATTER DESTRUCTION	SECONDARY MATTER DESTRUCTION	
MATERIAL MATURITY INDEX (T.A.I.)	ORGANIC MATTER INDEX (T.A.I.)	3.00
PRESERVATION INDEX (P.I.)	PRESERVATION INDEX (P.I.)	3.00
ORGANIC MATTER INDEX (T.A.I.)	ORGANIC MATTER INDEX (T.A.I.)	1.85
PRIMARY MATTER DESTRUCTION	SECONDARY MATTER DESTRUCTION	
MATERIAL MATURITY INDEX (T.A.I.)	ORGANIC MATTER INDEX (T.A.I.)	
PRESERVATION INDEX (P.I.)	PRESERVATION INDEX (P.I.)	
ORGANIC MATTER INDEX (T.A.I.)	ORGANIC MATTER INDEX (T.A.I.)	

TOTAL VALUE OF ALL BLOCKS = 30.0

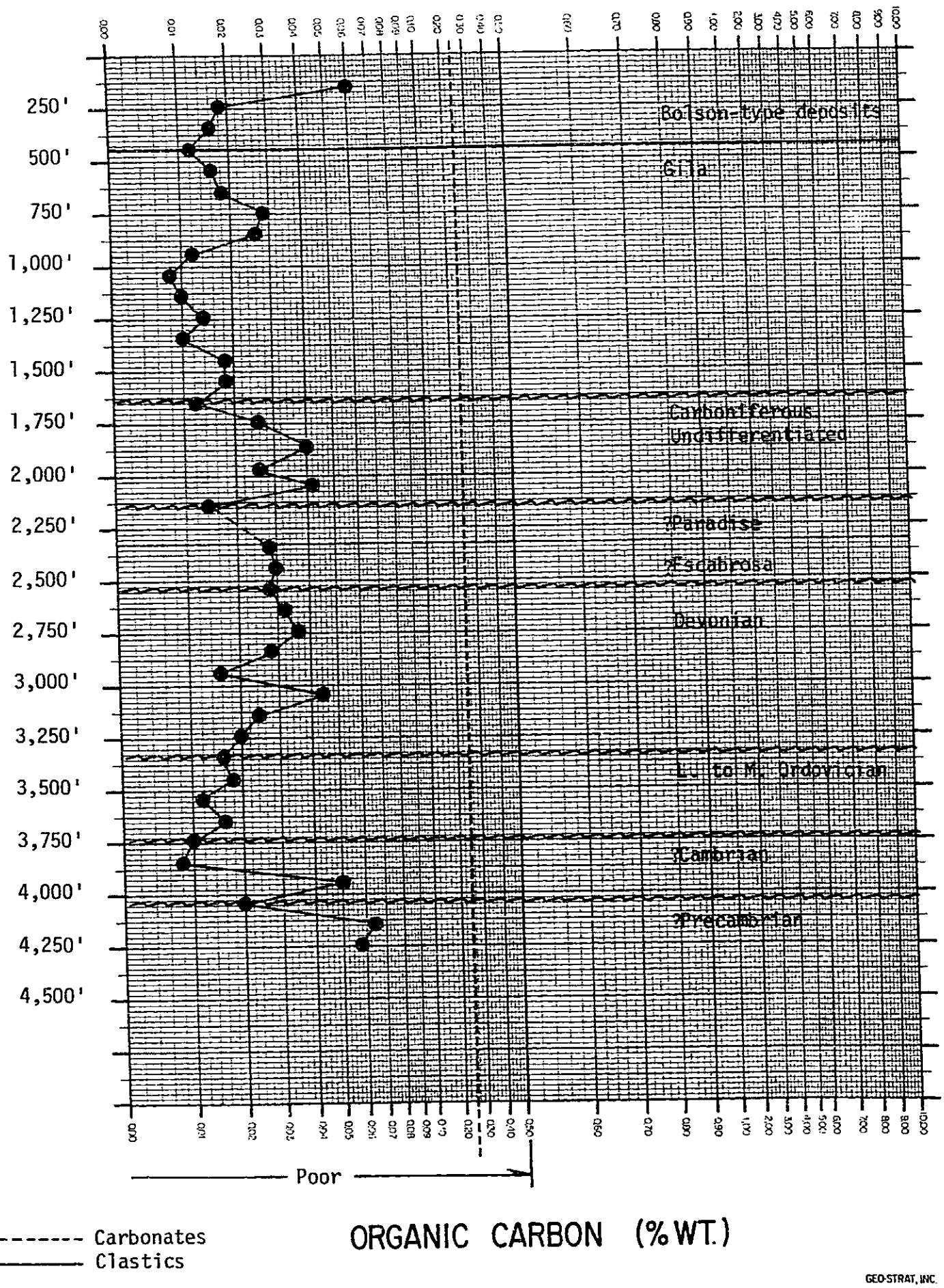
TOTAL VALUE OF ALL BLOCKS	=	8.5	CALCULATED KEROGEN PARTICLE SIZE INDEX
No. of Blocks	=	8.5	8.5
No. of Blocks	=	5.5	5.5

TOTAL VALUE OF ALL BLOCKS = 30.0

TOTAL VALUE OF ALL BLOCKS	=	8.5	CALCULATED KEROGEN PARTICLE SIZE INDEX
No. of Blocks	=	8.5	8.5
No. of Blocks	=	6.5	6.5

TOTAL VALUE OF ALL BLOCKS = 30.0

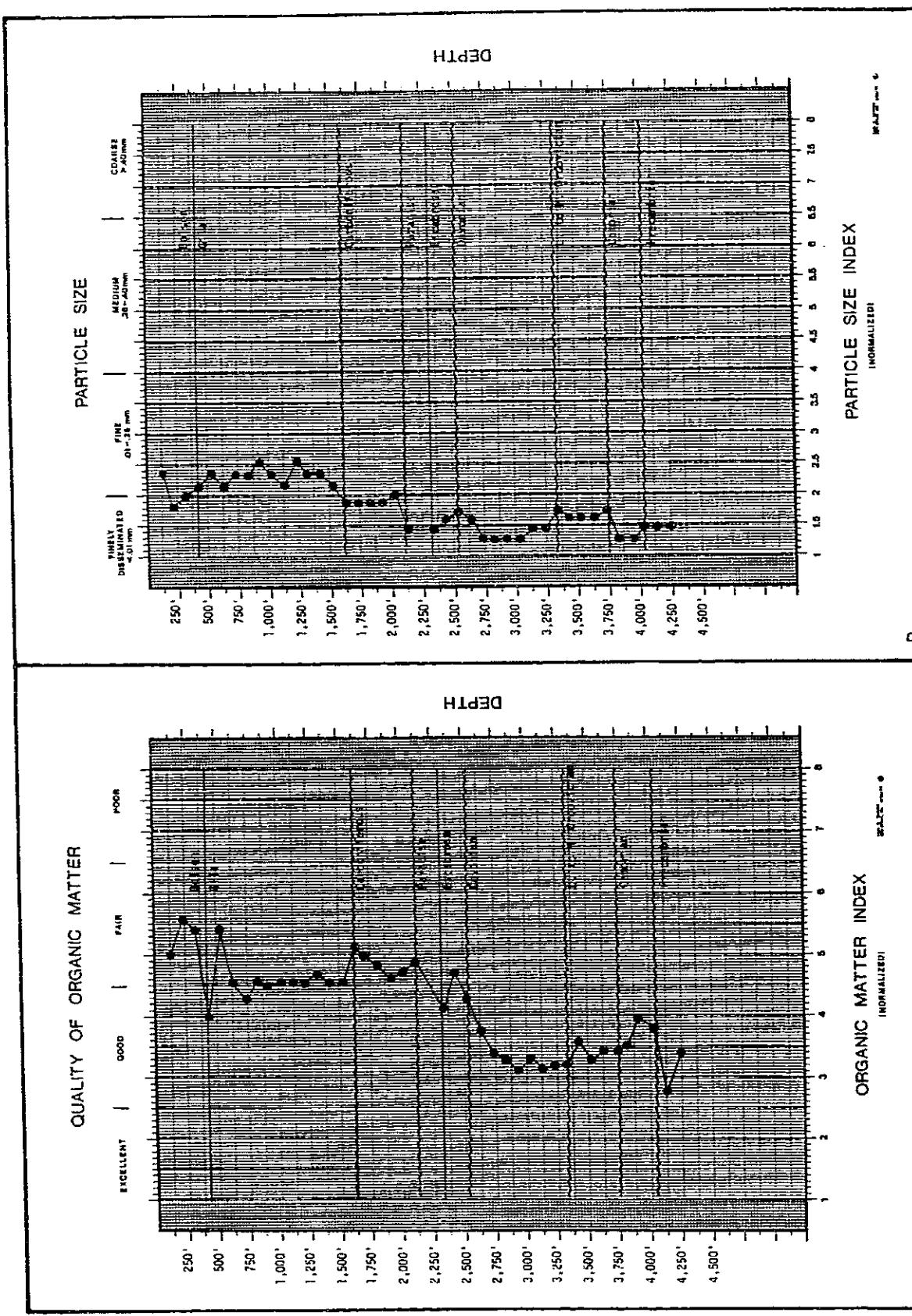
I-G-393
Topper



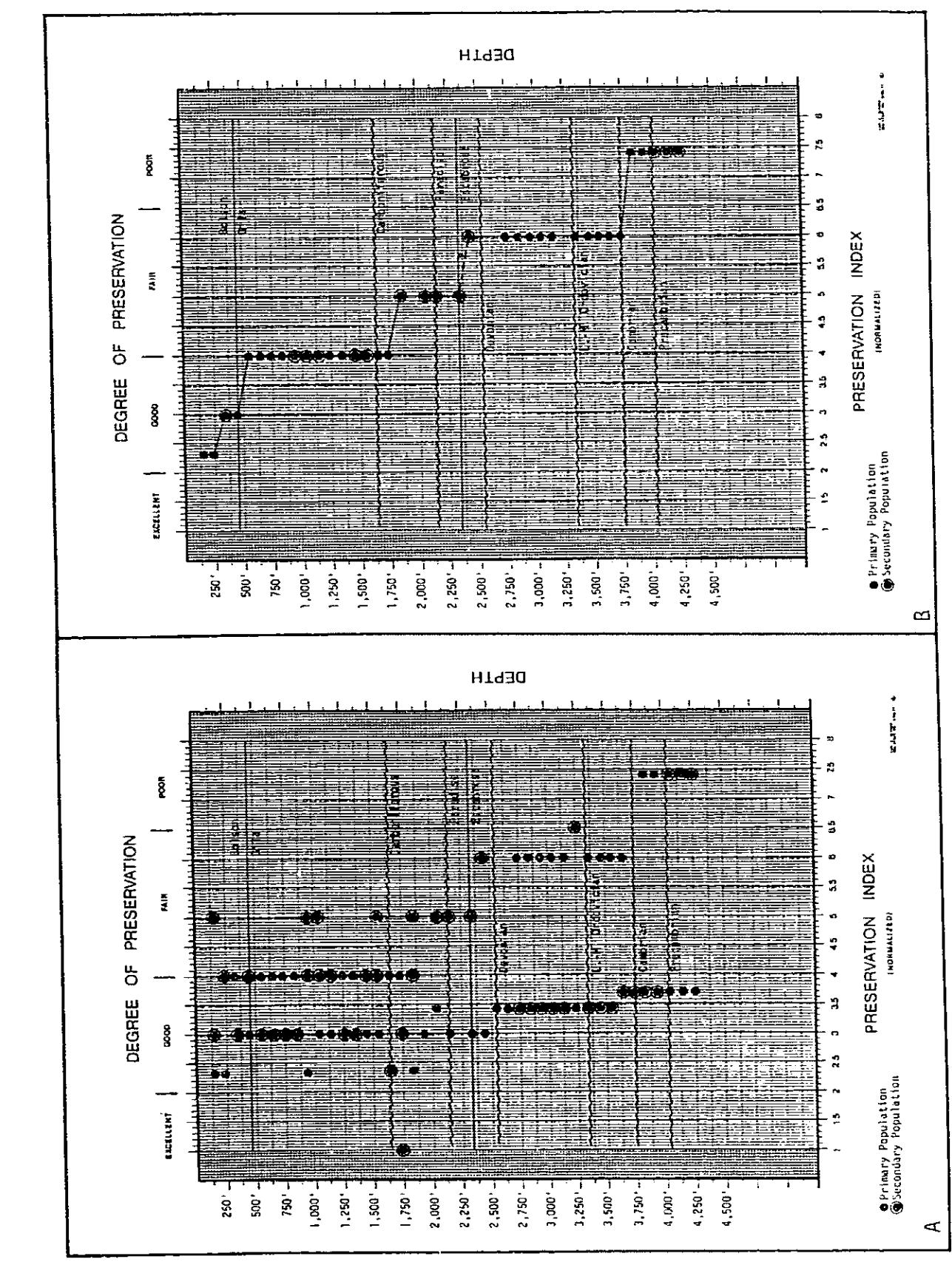
GEO-STRAT. NO.	DEPTH	KEROGEN SUMMARY CHART		TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER	COLOR OF ORGANIC MATTER (TAN)	AMORPHOUS ALGAL-TYPES	MISC DATA	STATE OF ORGANIC MATTER	TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER, MATURATION, PRESERVATION, AND PARTICLE SIZE INDICES			
		TRACE < 1%	COMMON - 5% TO 10%						INTERFACIAL	REFRACTORY	RESISTANT	STABLE
219-001	140'								5.00	1.80	2.00	2.33
219-002	240'								5.59	1.50	4.00	2.33
219-003	350'								5.41	1.80	3.00	1.00
219-004	460'								4.00	1.80	3.00	3.00
219-005	540'								5.41	3.00	2.00	4.00
219-006	640'								4.53	3.00	2.00	4.00
219-007	740'								4.33	3.00	2.00	3.00
219-008	840'								4.55	3.00	2.00	4.00
219-009	940'								4.50	1.80	4.00	3.00
219-010	1,040'								4.55	2.00	1.00	2.00
219-011	1,140'								4.55	2.00	3.00	3.00
219-012	1,240'								4.55	3.00	2.00	4.00
219-013	1,340'								4.67	3.00	2.00	4.00
219-014	1,440'								4.55	2.00	3.00	3.00
219-015	1,540'								4.55	2.00	1.00	2.00
219-016	1,640'								5.13	3.00	1.80	4.00
219-017	1,740'								5.00	3.00	2.00	4.00
219-018	1,840'								4.32	2.14	3.00	2.33
219-019	1,940'								4.61	2.33		3.00
219-020	2,040'								4.71	2.33	5.50	3.40
219-021	2,140'								4.36	2.33	5.50	3.00
219-022	2,240'								4.14	2.33	5.50	3.00
219-023	2,340'								4.67	2.43	6.00	3.00
219-024	2,440'								4.27	2.50		3.40
219-025	2,540'								3.75	2.50		3.40
219-026	2,740'								3.38	6.00	2.50	6.00
219-027	2,840'								3.29	6.00	2.50	6.00
219-028	2,940'								3.13	6.00	2.43	6.00
219-029	3,040'								3.29	6.00	2.50	6.00
219-030	3,140'								3.13	6.00	2.50	6.00
219-031	3,240'								3.19	2.43	5.00	3.40
219-032	3,340'								3.19	6.00	2.50	6.00
219-033	3,440'								3.56	6.33	2.57	6.00
219-034	3,540'								3.27	6.33	2.57	6.00
219-035	3,640'								3.41	6.33	2.57	6.00
219-036	3,740'								3.41	6.33	2.57	6.00
219-037	3,840'								3.50	6.33	2.57	7.40
219-038	3,940'								3.94	6.33	2.57	7.40
219-039	4,040'								3.80	2.57	6.33	3.67
219-040	4,140'								2.75	2.57	6.33	3.67
219-041	4,250'								3.26	2.57	6.33	3.67

Text-Figure 9

Text-Figure 10



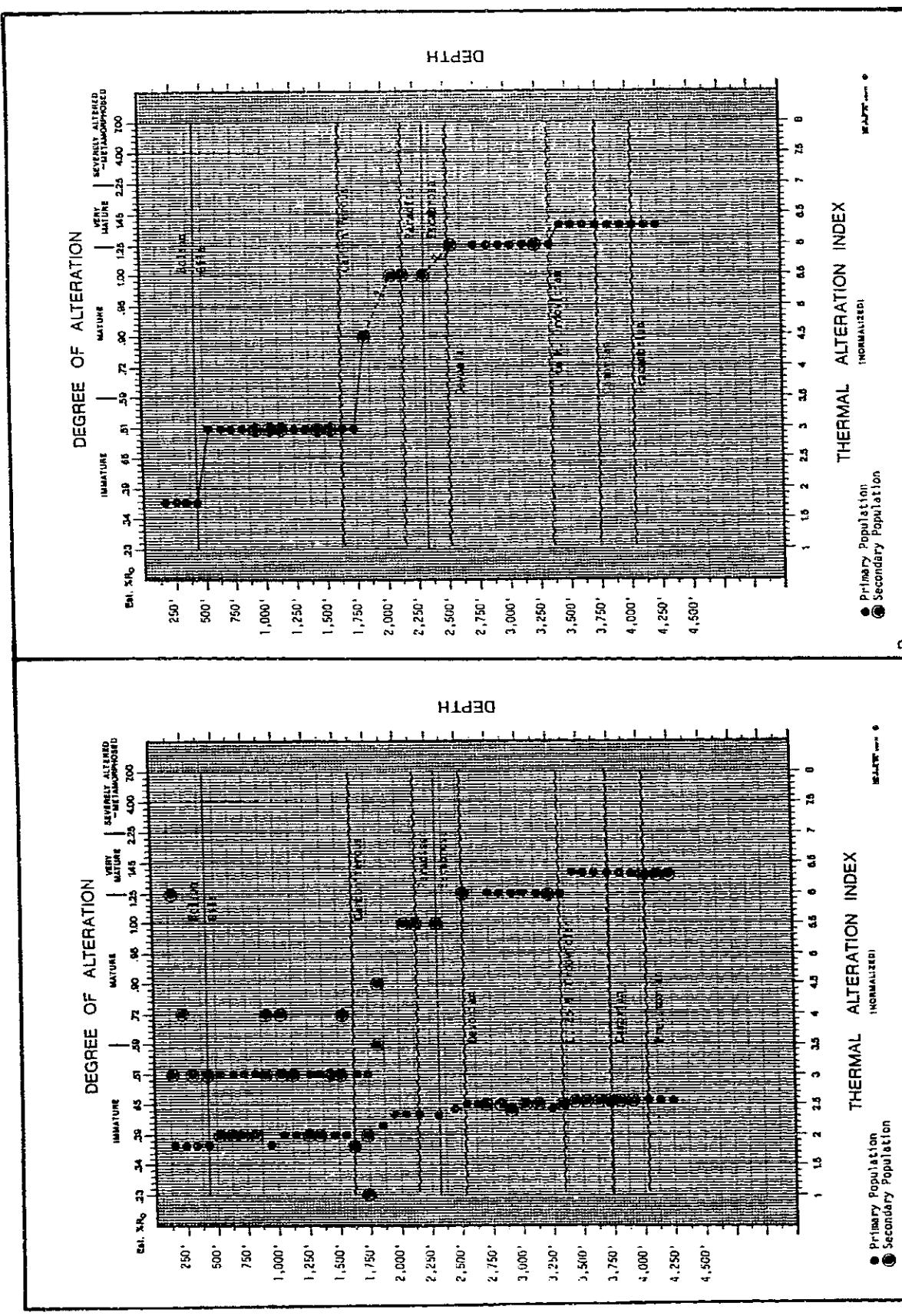
Text-Figure 11



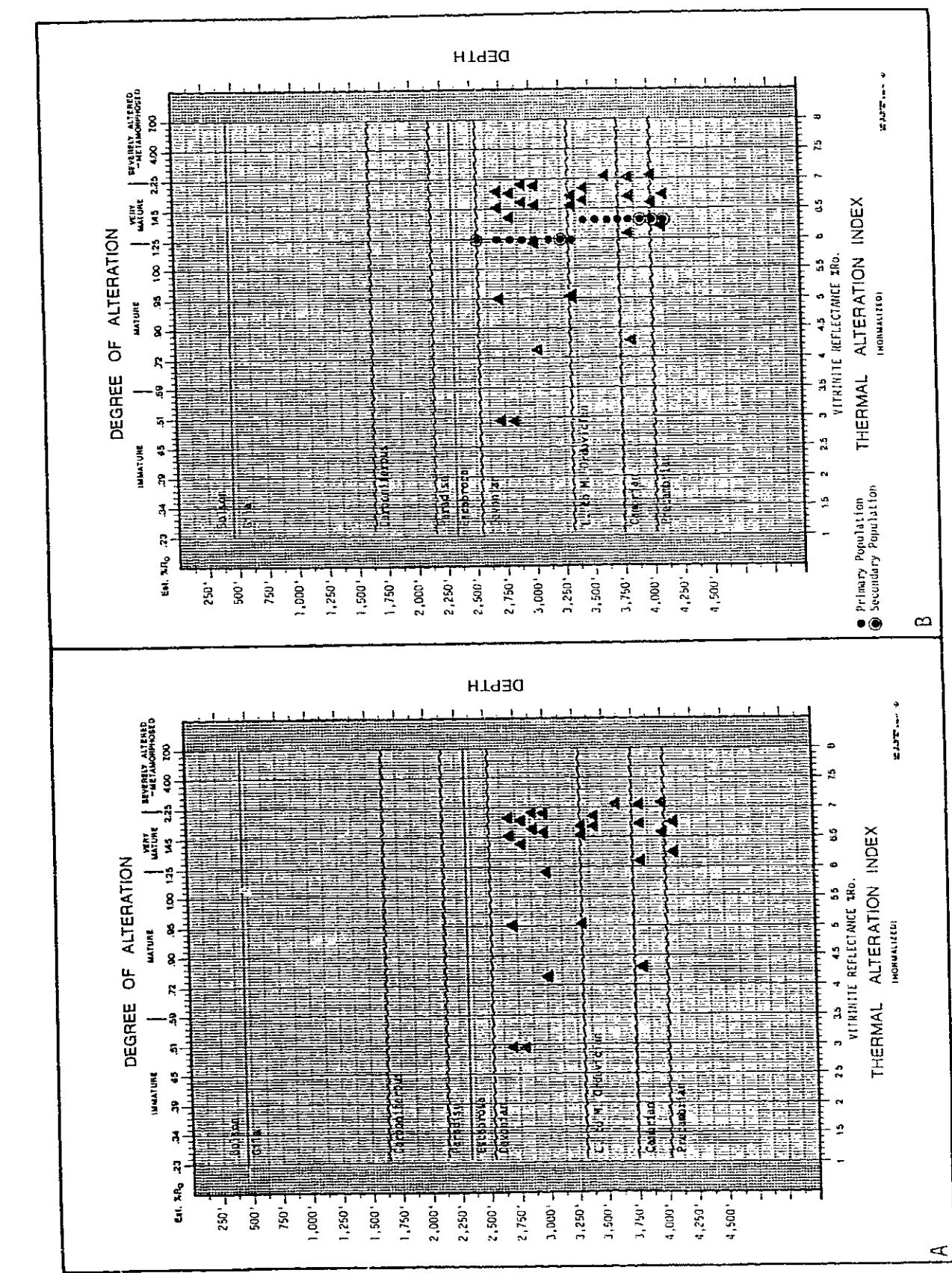
A - Total Populations

B - Populations considered to be *in situ*

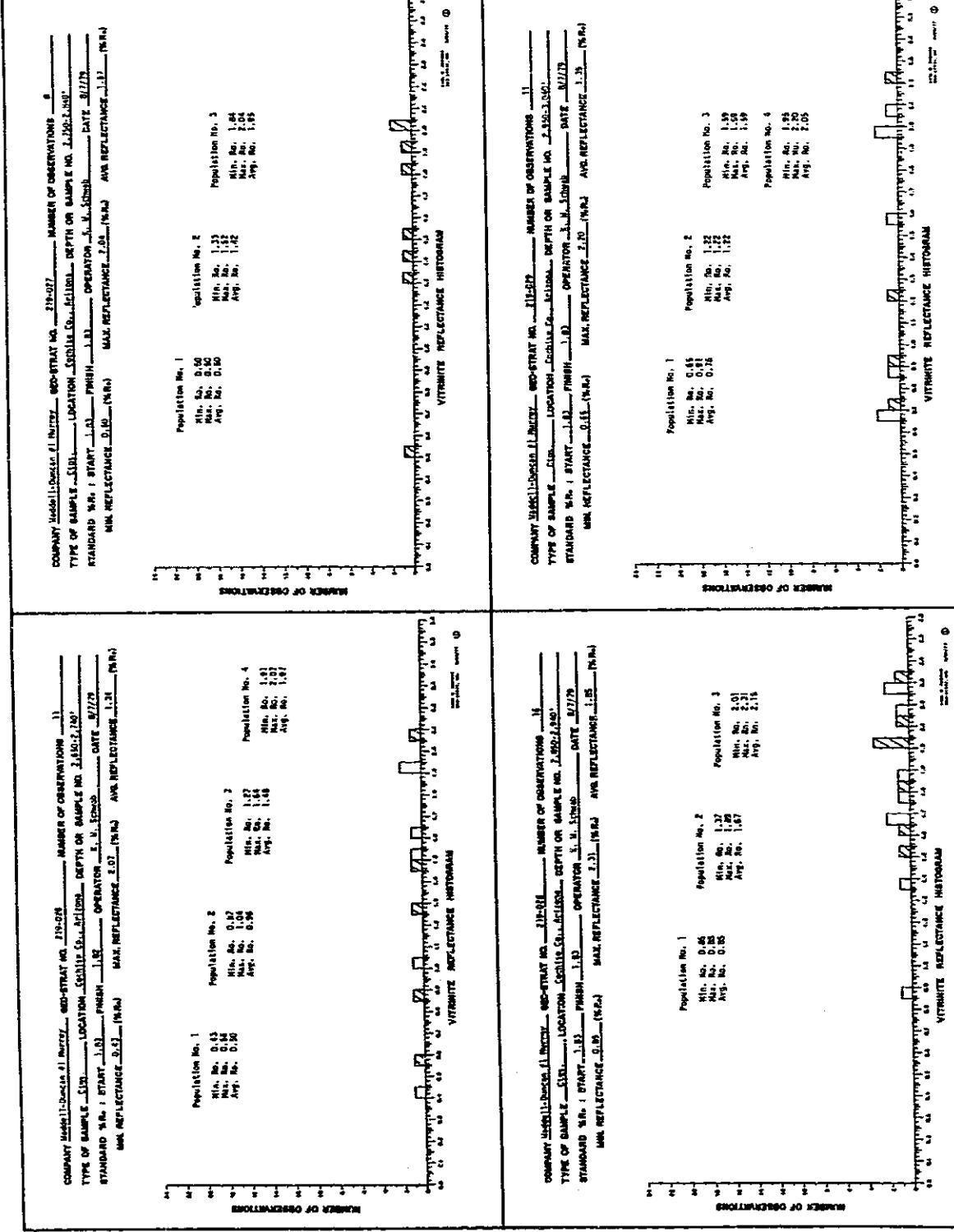
Text-Figure 12



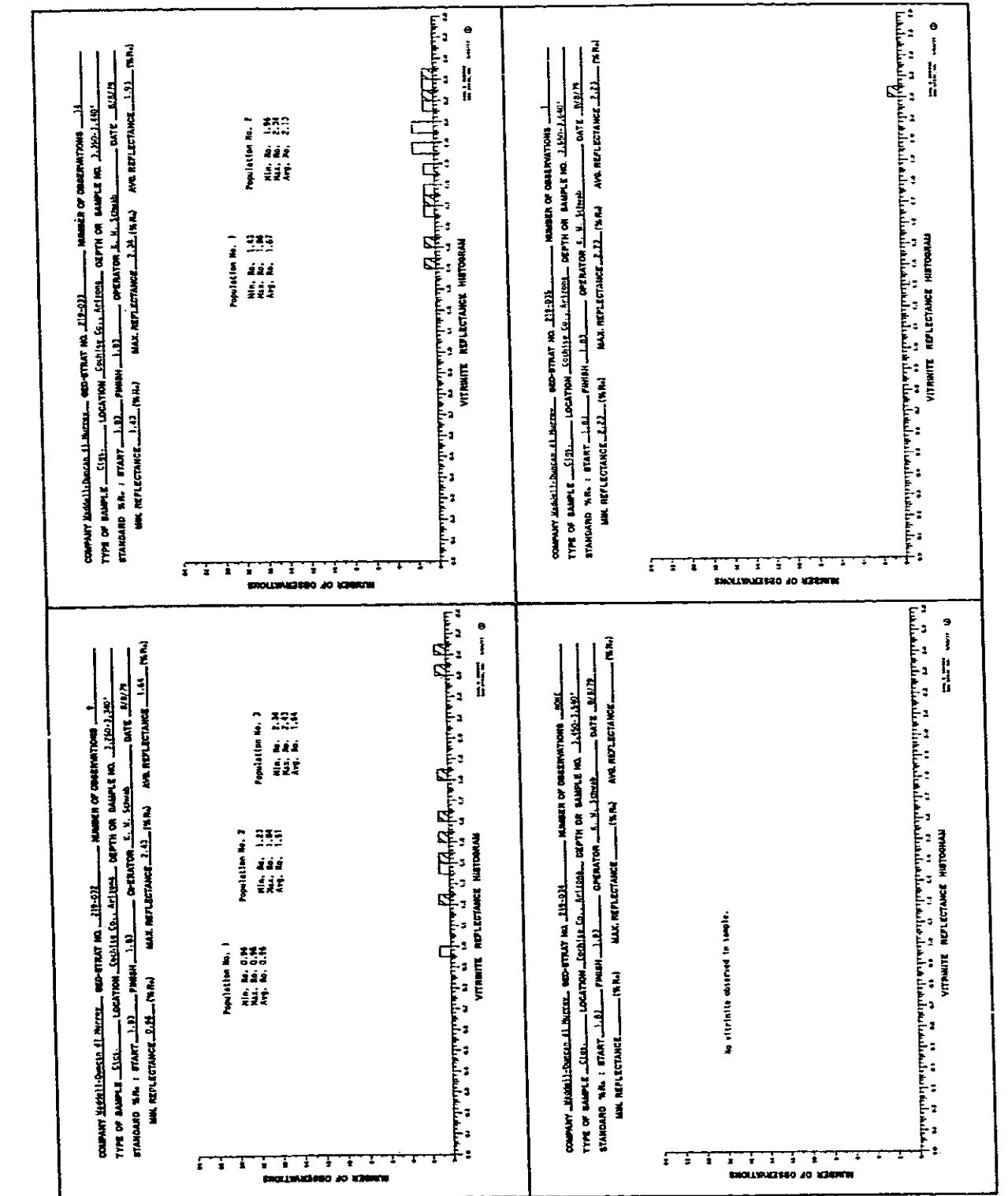
Text-Figure 13



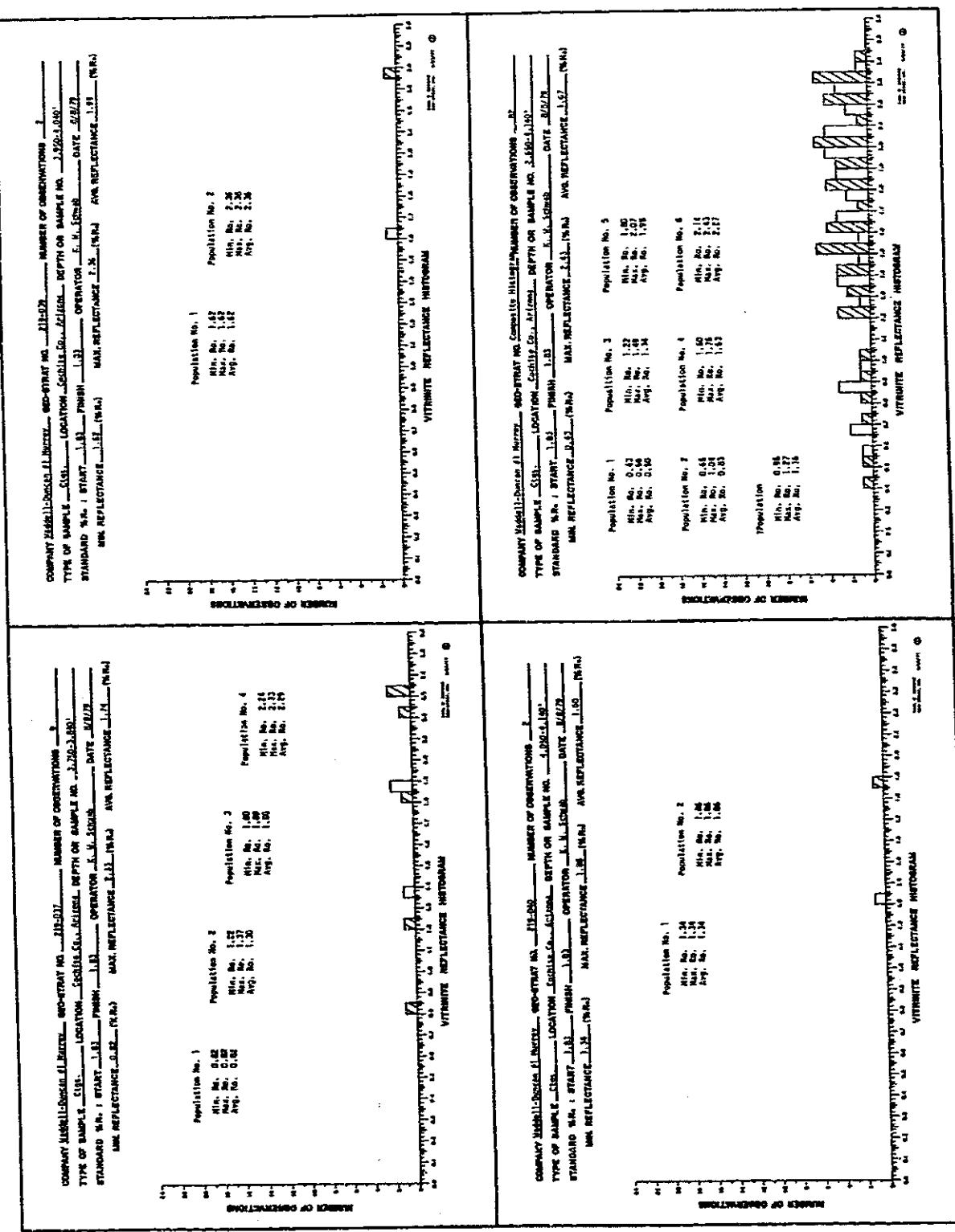
Text-Figure 14



Text-Figure 15



Text-Figure 16



TABLES

Table 1. Key exploration wells which have penetrated Paleozoic (or Precambrian) rocks in southeastern Arizona (Pima and Cochise counties).

Name	Location	Elev.	Formation Tops (T1 = Tertiary intrusive rock)	Total Depth	Oil, Gas Shows	Completion Date
PIMA COUNTY:						
1. Humble No. 1 St. (32) (strat.)	Sec. 6,T16S,R16E 2210 FSL, 2210 FWL	2886' KB	Surf.-Quat., 1143'-Tert. sed. rock [incl. evaporites] 6168'-Tert. vol. and sed. rock, 11,987'-Fault-Precamb.(?) (T1)	12,671'	Precamb. (?)	12-18-72
COCHISE COUNTY:						
2. Duncan No. 21 (X) St.	Sec. 33,T13S,R22E 1920 FSL, 960 FEL	4965' DF	Surf.-Quat., 520'(?) -Tert. sed. rock, 2160'- Tert. (?) vol. and sed. rock, 5220'-Precamb. (?)	5310'	Precamb. (?)	12-20-60
3. Bonak No. 1 St.	Sec. 22,T14S,R21E 1865 FNL, 2262' FWL	4765' GL	Surf.-Escabrosa	200'	None rept.	10-15-60
4. Moncrief No. 1 St.	Sec. 17,T21S,R23E 770' FSL, 650' FEL	4765' GL	Surf.-Colina, 692'-Earp. 1216'-Horquilla, 2440'-Escabrosa(?)	2446'	Gas: 1600'-1640' 1840'-1884'	2-7-63
5. Fraser No. 1 St.	Sec. 19,T21S,R23E 2010' FSL, 1120' FEL	4478' KB	Surf.-Quat., 50'-Colina, 410' Earp. Horquilla	1903'	Gas, Oil: 1498'-1498'	10-30-68
6. Moncrief No. 1 Davis Clark	Sec. 6,T21S,R24E 2710' FNL, 2310' FEL	4594' KB	Surf.-Quat., above 300'-Morita, 1135'- Horquilla(?), 2480'-Escabrosa, 3335'-Abriego(?)	3525'	Oil: 1950'-1970'	2-7-63
7. Southwest No. 1 Davis Clark	Sec. 5,T21S,R24E 884' FNL, 660' FEL	4595' GL	Surf.-Quat., 200'-Morita, 1150'-Earp, Horquilla, 2670'-Escabrosa, 3290'-Martin	3570'	Oil: 2570'-2590'	10-17-67
8. Waddell Duncan No. 1 Murray	Sec. 5,T22S,R22E 1980' FNL, 1980' FWL	4238' KB	Surf.-Quat., 515'-Gila, Tert. vol. rocks, 1755'- Paradise(?) -lower Horquilla (Atocha), 2346'- Martin (T1), 2865'-Escabrosa (T1), 2970'- Martin (T1), 2885'-Abriego, 3525'-Bolsa, 3995'-Precamb.	4400'	Oil: 1950'-1960', 2980'-2990', 3345'-3350'	5-16-52
9. Ari-Tex No. 1 Gains	Sec. 4,T24S,R23E NW&NW&W	4480' GL	Surf.-Quat., above 1005'-Permian(?)	1005'	None rept.	5- -45
10. Thomson No. 2 St.	Sec. 2,T24S,R31E 630' FNL, 530' FEL	4186' KB	Surf.-Quat., above 458'-Permian(?) (Epilith-Colina?)	802'	Gas: 458'	12-28-61
11. Guadalupe No. 1 St.	Sec. 2,T24S,R31E 2200' FSL, 2500' FWL	4363' KB	Surf.-Colina, 100'-Earp, 1296'-Ino sps.,- Horquilla, 2760'-Paradise(?) , 2840'-Escabrosa, 4260'-Dev. (Pedregosa), 4555'-Montoya(?) , 4712'-Abriego, 5545'-Bolsa	5679'	Bolsa	12-26-71

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Table 2

WADDELL-DUNCAN NO. 1 MURREY
Sec. 5, T 22 S, R 27 E, Cochise Co., Arizona

Geo-Strat Job No.	Depth	TOC (%WT)
219-001	50-140'	0.060
219-002	150-240'	0.018
219-003	240-340'	0.016
219-004	350-440'	0.012
219-005	450-540'	0.016
219-006	550-640'	0.018
219-007	650-740'	0.028
219-008	750-840'	0.026
219-009	850-940'	0.012
219-010	950-1040'	0.008
219-011	1050-1140'	0.010
219-012	1150-1240'	0.014
219-013	1250-1340'	0.010
219-014	1350-1440'	0.018
219-015	1450-1540'	0.018
219-016	1550-1640'	0.012
219-017	1650-1740'	0.026
219-018	1750-1840'	0.040
219-019	1850-1940'	0.026
219-020	1950-2040'	0.042
219-021	2050-2140'	0.014
219-022	2250-2340'	0.028
219-023	2350-2440'	0.030
219-024	2450-2540'	0.028
219-025	2550-2640'	0.032
219-026	2650-2740'	0.036
219-027	2750-2840'	0.028
219-028	2850-2940'	0.016
219-029	2950-3040'	0.044
219-030	3050-3140'	0.024
219-031	3150-3240'	0.020
219-032	3250-3340'	0.016
219-033	3350-3440'	0.018
219-034	3450-3540'	0.012
219-035	3550-3640'	0.016
219-036	3650-3740'	0.010
219-037	3750-3840'	0.008
219-038	3850-3940'	0.048
219-039	3950-4040'	0.020
219-040	4050-4140'	0.064
219-041	4150-4250'	0.058

TABLE 3 A COMPARISON OF METHODS USED IN SOURCE-ROCK CHARACTERIZATION

METHOD OF ANALYSIS		Abundance "Quantity" of organic matter	Quality of organic matter - type	Maturity - type (O.M.I.)	Correlation of organic matter (T.A.)	Correlation between source- rock and Petroleum
CLASS	TYPE					
Chemical (on rock)	Organic carbon	●				
Optical microscopy	Transmitted light (Palynofacies, alteration)	●	●	●		
	Reflected light		●	●		
	Fluorescent light		●	●	●	
Pyrolysis (on rock)	Rock-Eval	●	●	●	●	
	C_R/C_T , etc....		●	●		
Physiochemical (on kerogen)	Elemental analysis	●	●	●		
	Infrared spectroscopy					
	Thermal analysis (TGA)		●	●		
	Electron microdiffraction					
	ESR		●	●		
	Carbon isotopes	●			●	
Chemical (on bitumen and/or crude oil)	Amount of HC			●		
	Light HC			●	●	
	n-Alkanes		●	●	●	
	Isoprenoids		●	●	●	
	Steroids, terpenes		●	●	●	●
	Porphyrins, metals			●	●	
	Physical (on bitumen, oil, or gas)		●	●	●	●
Physical (on bitumen, oil, or gas)	Carbon isotopes		●	●	●	●

Reliability: ● Good to excellent ● Fairly good ● Poor

Table 4

**COMPARISON OF THERMAL ALTERATION INDICES
(APPROXIMATE)**

STAPLIN'S STANDARD	GEO-STRAT, INC.	GEOCHEM LABORATORIES	VITRINITE REFLECTANCE %R₀
1.0	1.00	1	0.23
1.5	1.50	1+	0.34
2.0	2.00	1+ TO 2-	0.39
2.5	2.50	2-	0.45
3.0	3.00	2- TO 2	0.51
3.5	3.50	2	0.59
4.0	4.00	2 TO 2+	0.72
4.5	4.50	2+	0.90
5.0	5.00	2+ TO 3-	0.95
5.5	5.50	3-	1.00
6.0	6.00	3- TO 3	1.25
6.5	6.50	3 TO 3+	1.45
7.0	7.00	3+ TO 4	2.25
7.5	7.50	4 TO 4+	3.00-4.00
8.0	8.00	4+ TO 5	5.00-7.00

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Table 5

VITRINITE SUMMARY CHART

Job Number	Depth/Sample No.	Total Cts.	Min. Reflectance	Max. Reflectance	Avg. Reflectance
219-026	2,650-2,740'	11	0.43	2.07	1.34
Population No. 1	2	0.43	0.56	0.50	
Population No. 2	2	0.87	1.04	0.96	
Population No. 3	4	1.27	1.64	1.28	
Population No. 4	3	1.91	2.07	1.97	
219-027	2,750-2,840'	8	0.50	2.04	1.57
Population No. 1	1	0.50	0.50	0.50	
Population No. 2	3	1.33	1.52	1.42	
Population No. 3	3	1.84	2.04	1.95	
219-028	2,850-2,940'	17	0.85	2.31	1.85
Population No. 1	1	0.85	0.85	0.85	
Population No. 2	8	1.37	1.89	1.67	
Population No. 3	8	2.01	2.31	2.15	
219-029	2,950-3,040'	11	0.65	2.20	1.35
Population No. 1	5	0.65	0.91	0.76	
Population No. 2	1	1.22	1.22	1.22	
Population No. 3	1	1.59	1.59	1.59	
Population No. 4	4	1.95	2.20	2.05	

Table 5
VITRINITE SUMMARY CHART

Job Number	Depth/Sample No.	Total Cts.	Min. Reflectance	Max. Reflectance	Avg. Reflectance
219-032	3,250-3,340'	9	0.96	2.43	1.64
Population No. 1		1	0.96	0.96	0.96
Population No. 2		6	1.23	1.84	1.51
Population No. 3		2	2.34	2.43	1.64
219-033	3,350-3,440'	14	1.43	2.34	1.93
Population No. 1		6	1.43	1.86	1.67
Population No. 2		8	1.96	2.34	2.13
219-034	3,450-3,540'		No Vitrinite Observed In Sample		
219-035	3,550-3,640'	1	2.23	2.23	2.23
219-037	3,750-3,840'	9	0.82	2.33	1.74
Population No. 1		1	0.82	0.82	0.82
Population No. 2		2	1.22	1.37	1.30
Population No. 3		3	1.80	1.89	1.85
Population No. 4		3	2.24	2.33	2.29
219-039	3,950-4,040'	2	1.62	2.36	1.99
Population No. 1		1	1.62	1.62	1.62
Population No. 2		1	2.36	2.36	2.36
219-040	4,050-4,140'	2	1.34	1.86	1.60
Population No. 1		1	1.34	1.34	1.34
Population No. 2		1	1.86	1.86	1.86

Table 5
VITRINITE SUMMARY CHART

Job Number	Depth/Sample No.	Total Cts.	Min. Reflectance	Max. Reflectance	Avg. Reflectance
219-026 to 040	"Composite Histogram"	82	0.43	2.43	1.67
Population No. 1		3	0.43	0.56	0.50
Population No. 2		10	0.65	1.04	0.83
Population No. 3		13	1.22	1.49	1.34
Population No. 4		16	1.50	1.76	1.63
Population No. 5		23	1.80	2.07	1.95
Population No. 6		17	2.14	2.43	2.27

NOTE: The above plugs were prepared from kerogen residues.

Table 6

SUMMARY OF GEOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS

GEOLOGIC AGE AND/OR FORMATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	Avg. O.M.I.*	Avg. R.S.I.*	Avg. T.A.I.*	Avg. P.I.*	Avg. % Ro ^t	Avg. % TOC	Est. PALEO-TEMP °F	SOURCE ROCK CAPABILITIES
QUATERNARY - UNDIFF.	0 - 440'	5.00	2.08	1.80	2.67	?	0.027	100°	POOR
TERTIARY - UNDIFF.	450'-1,640'	4.65	2.28	3.00	4.00	0.51	0.017	130°	POOR
CARBONIFEROUS-UNDIFF.	1,650'-2,140'	4.80	1.70	5.00	4.50	0.78	0.027	200°	POOR
? PARADISE	2,150'-2,340'	4.14	1.40	5.75	5.50	1.16	0.028	275°	POOR
? ESCABROSA	2,350'-2,540'	4.47	1.61	5.75	5.50	1.16	0.029	275°	POOR
DEVONIAN-UNDIFF.	2,550'-3,340'	3.23	1.34	6.00	6.00	1.63	0.027	350°	POOR
L.- M. ORDOVICHAN	3,350'-3,740'	3.41	1.58	6.33	6.00	1.95	0.014	365°	POOR
? CAMBRIAN-UNDIFF.	3,750'-4,040'	3.75	1.28	6.33	7.40	1.95	0.021	365°	POOR
? PRECAMBRIAN "c"	4,050'-4,250'	"3.06"	"1.40"	"6.33"	"7.40"	"2.27"	"0.047"	"400"	NONE

Geo Strat, Inc. 3/80 ©

† Average %Ro values based on individual histograms or composite histogram.

"c" Kerogen values and total organic carbon content considered to be contamination due to core.

* Considered to be in situ.

Estimated paleotemperature based on work by Pusey (1973)

Table 7

ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF BURIAL FOR SEDIMENTS IN THE WADDELL-DUNCAN NO. 1 MURRAY WELL

FORMATION	DEPTH	GRADIENT*			
		0.6°F/100'	1.2°F/100'	1.6°F/100'	2.0°F/100'
Quaternary Undiff.	0-440'	4,166'	2,083'	1,562'	1,250'
Tertiary Undiff.	450'-1,640'	9,166'	4,583'	3,437'	2,750'
Carboniferous Undiff.	1,650'-2,140'	20,833'	10,416'	7,812'	6,250'
Mississippian	2,150'-2,540'	33,333'	16,666'	12,500'	10,000'
? Paradise	2,350'-2,540'	33,333'	16,666'	12,500'	10,000'
? Escabrosa	2,550'-3,340'	45,833'	22,916'	17,187'	13,750'
Devonian Undiff.	3,350'-3,740'	48,333'	24,166'	18,125'	14,500'
L.- M. Ordovician	3,750'-4,040'	48,333'	24,166'	18,125'	14,500'
? Cambrian Undiff.	4,050'-4,250'	54,166'	27,038'	20,312'	16,250'
? Precambrian					

* Based on a surface temperature of 75° F and no temperature increase due to tectonic activity.

PLATES

Waddell
S

PLATE 1

- Figure 1. Specimen of Hystrichosphaeridium (Oligosphaeridium) sp. cf. H. complex. Overall diameter, 85.0 microns. Length of processes, 20.0 to 24.0 microns; central body, 37.0 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001, 16.4 x 122.0.
- Figure 2. Unidentified dinoflagellate. Greatest length, 76.0 microns. Length of processes, 9.0 microns; central body area, approximately 50.0 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001, 17.4 x 107.1.
- Figure 3. Unidentified dinoflagellate. Greatest length, 60.8 microns. Length of processes, 19 microns. 3a, bright field illumination; 3b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001, 19.6 x 136.0.
- Figure 4. Ambrosia sp. Specimen is 19.0 microns in diameter. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001.
- Figure 5. Cicatricosisporites dorogensis. Specimen is 47.5 microns in greatest length. 5a, bright field illumination; 5b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001, 10.1 x 120.4.
- Figure 6. Foraminiferal lining. Greatest length, 43.7 microns. 6a, bright field illumination; 6b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-022, 8.6 x 132.7.
- Figure 7. Unidentified algal cyst. Greatest diameter, 76.0 microns. 7a, bright field illumination; 7b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-023, 7.7 x 121.9.

PLATE 1

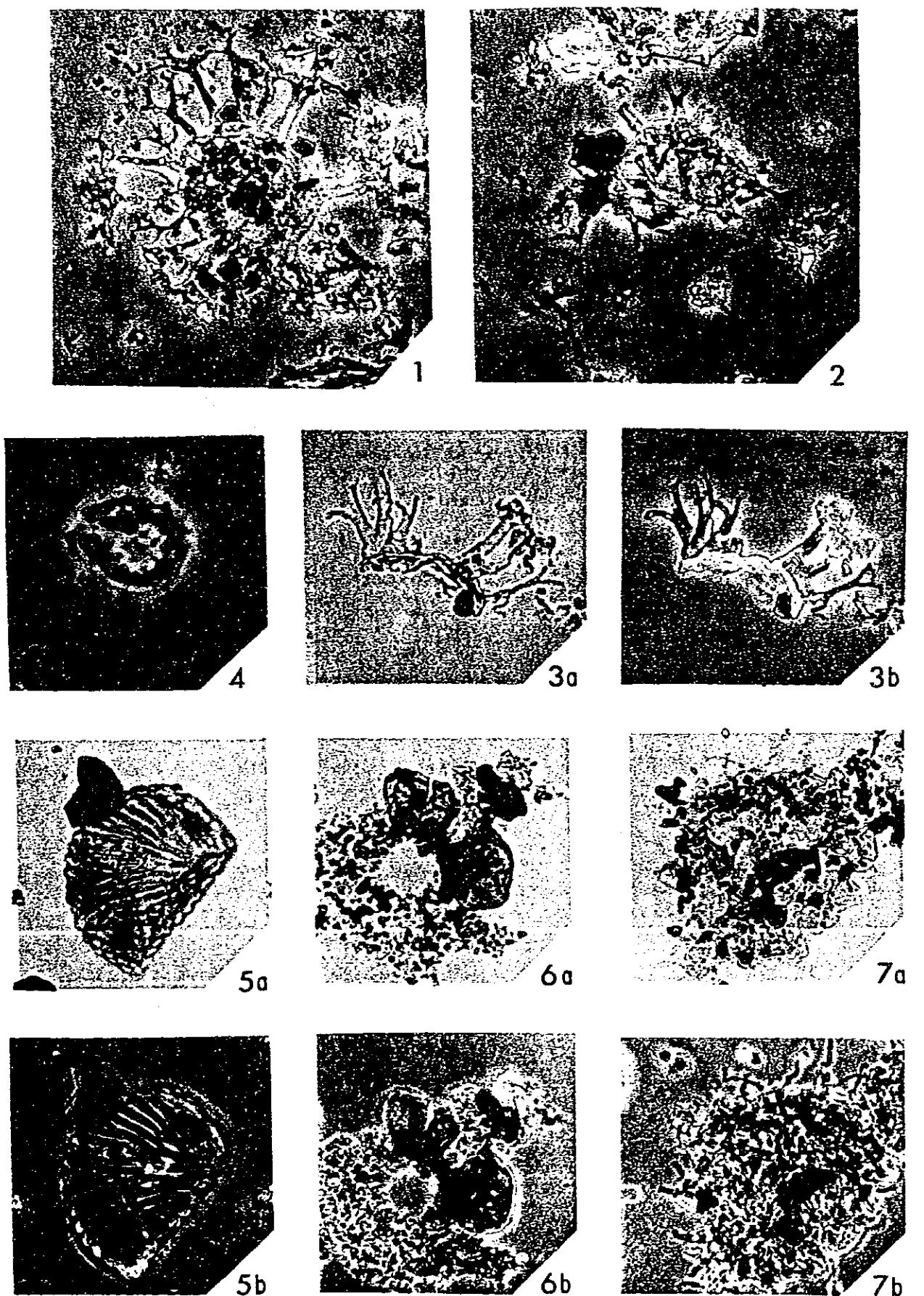


PLATE 2

Figure 1. Unidentified pollen. Greatest diameter, 20.9 microns. 1a,c, bright field illumination; 1b,d, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001, 8.7 x 112.8.

Figure 2. Chenopodiaceae-Amaranthaceae. Maximum diameter, 24.7 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-016, 15.8 x 116.1.

Figure 3. Chenopodiaceae-Amaranthaceae. Maximum diameter, 28.5 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-016, 16.9 x 135.1.

Figure 4. Unidentified tricolporate pollen. Maximum length, 24.7 microns. 4a, bright field illumination; 4b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-017, 20.3 x 131.5.

Figure 5. Unidentified dinoflagellate. Greatest diameter, 81.7 microns. Length of processes, 14.0 to 26.0 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-002, 22.7 x 110.6.

Figure 6. Chenopodiaceae-Amaranthaceae. Maximum diameter, 24.7 microns. 6a, bright field illumination; 6b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-015, 2.9 x 137.8.

Figure 7. Unidentified palynomorph. Maximum length, 72.5 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-020, 5.9 x 104.7.

Figure 8. Baltisphaeridium sp. (reworked from Paleozoic sediments). Overall diameter, 21.0 microns. Processes 7.5 microns, central body, 13.5 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-002, 13.5 x 115.9.

PLATE 2

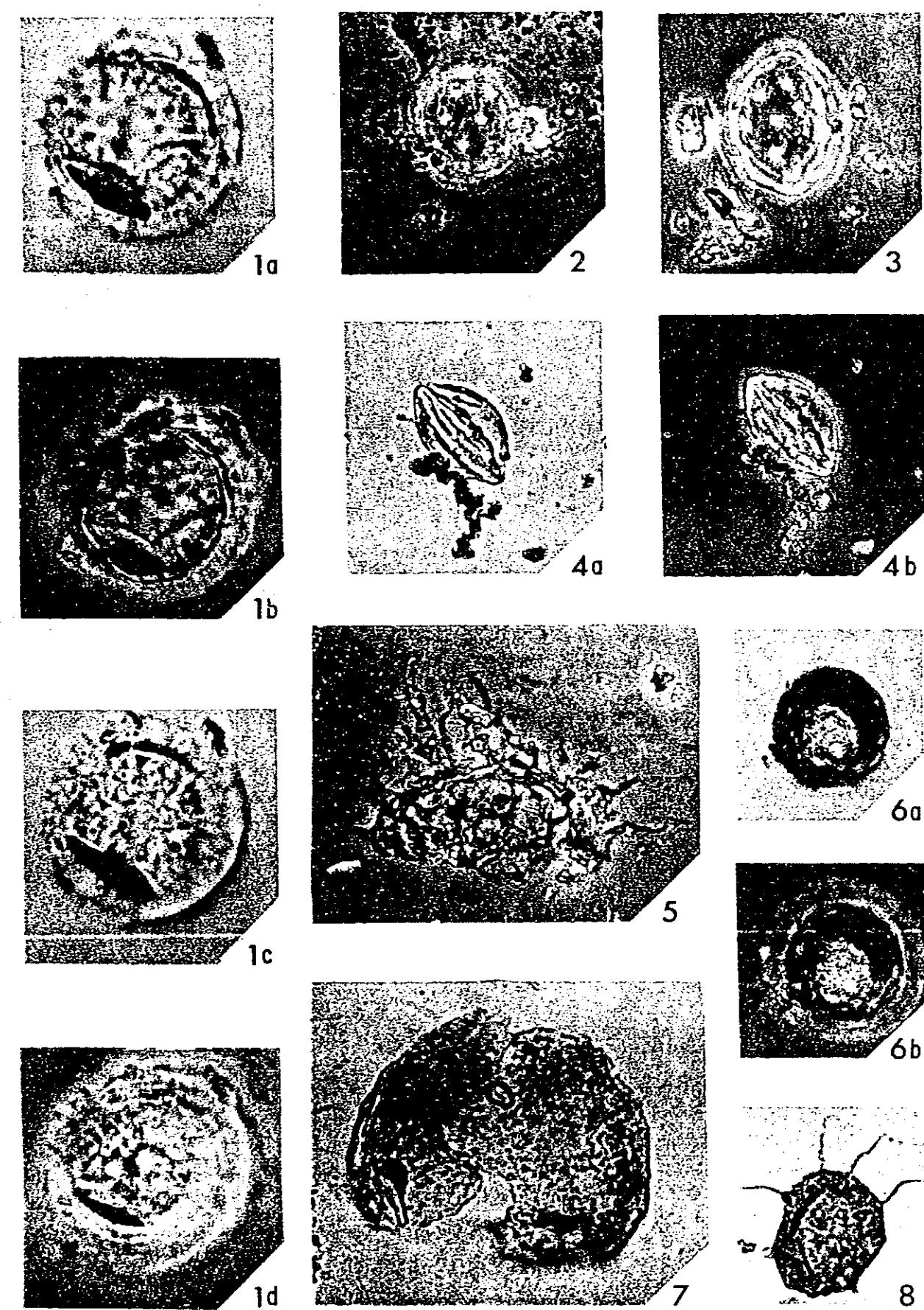


PLATE 3

- Figure 1. Deflandrea sp. Maximum length, 40.0 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-001, 14.7 x 135.1.
- Figure 2. Lycopodiumsporites sp. Greatest diameter, 38.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-018, 17.6 x 110.2.
- Figure 3. Unidentified spore. Greatest diameter, 64.6 microns. Bright field illumination, Sample 219-020. 12.7 x 115.4.
- Figure 4. Pityosporites sp. Greatest length, 47.5 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-022, 5.1 x 114.5.
- Figure 5. Stephanocolpate pollen. Maximum diameter, 38.0 microns. Depth of colpi, 13.3 microns. 5a, bright field illumination; 5b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-030, 8.0 x 108.0.
- Figure 6. Pityosporites sp. Greatest length, 53.5 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-022, 17.3 x 133.0.
- Figure 7. Chenopodiaceae-Amaranthaceae. Maximum diameter, 17.0 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-002, 10.0 x 123.9.
- Figure 8. Pityosporites sp. Maximum length, 68.4 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-024, 6.6 x 134.9.
- Figure 9. Pityosporites sp. (Reworked from U. Paleozoic). Maximum length, 74.0 microns. 9a, bright field illumination; 9b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-022, 9.1 x 113.1.
- Figure 10. Pityosporites sp. Maximum diameter, 43.7 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-024, 3.7 x 122.8.

PLATE 3

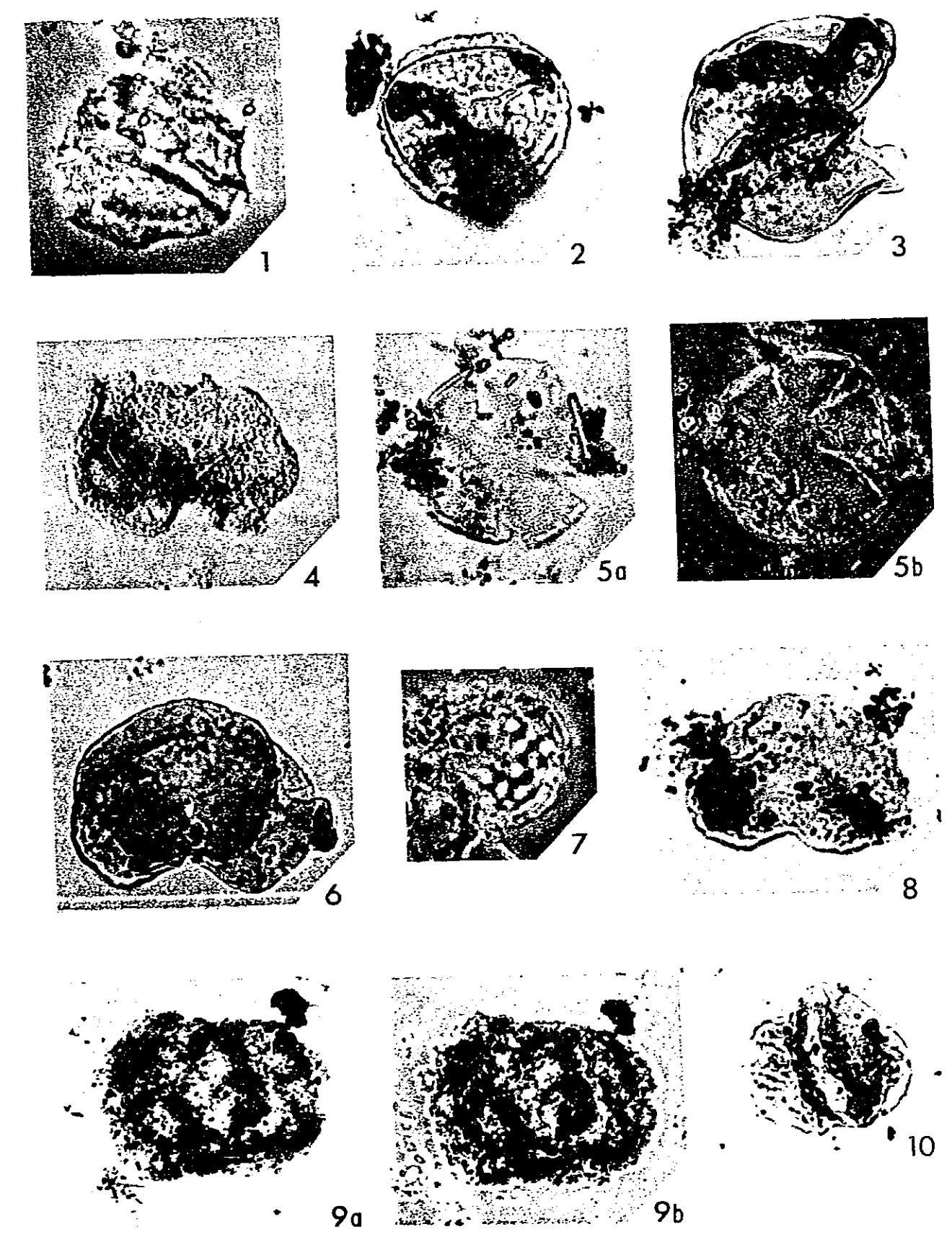


PLATE 4

- Figure 1. Unidentified spore (?algal) surrounded by amorphous-algal debris. Diameter of spore, 28.5 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-028, 15.7 x 128.9.
- Figure 2. ?Chitinozoan fragment. Maximum length, 57.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-028, 16.4 x 128.8.
- Figure 3. ?Desmochitina sp. (?Chitinozoan fragment). Maximum length, 27.9 microns. Bright-field illumination. Sample 219-035, 7.8 x 123.5.
- Figure 4. Baltisphaeridium sp. Overall diameter, 30.4 microns. Length of processes, approximately 5.4 microns. Central body, 19.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-028, 6.7 x 132.0.
- Figure 5. Leiosphere. Maximum diameter, 39.9 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-028, 17.6 x 128.6.
- Figure 6. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 19.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-035, 18.3 x 123.6.

PLATE 4

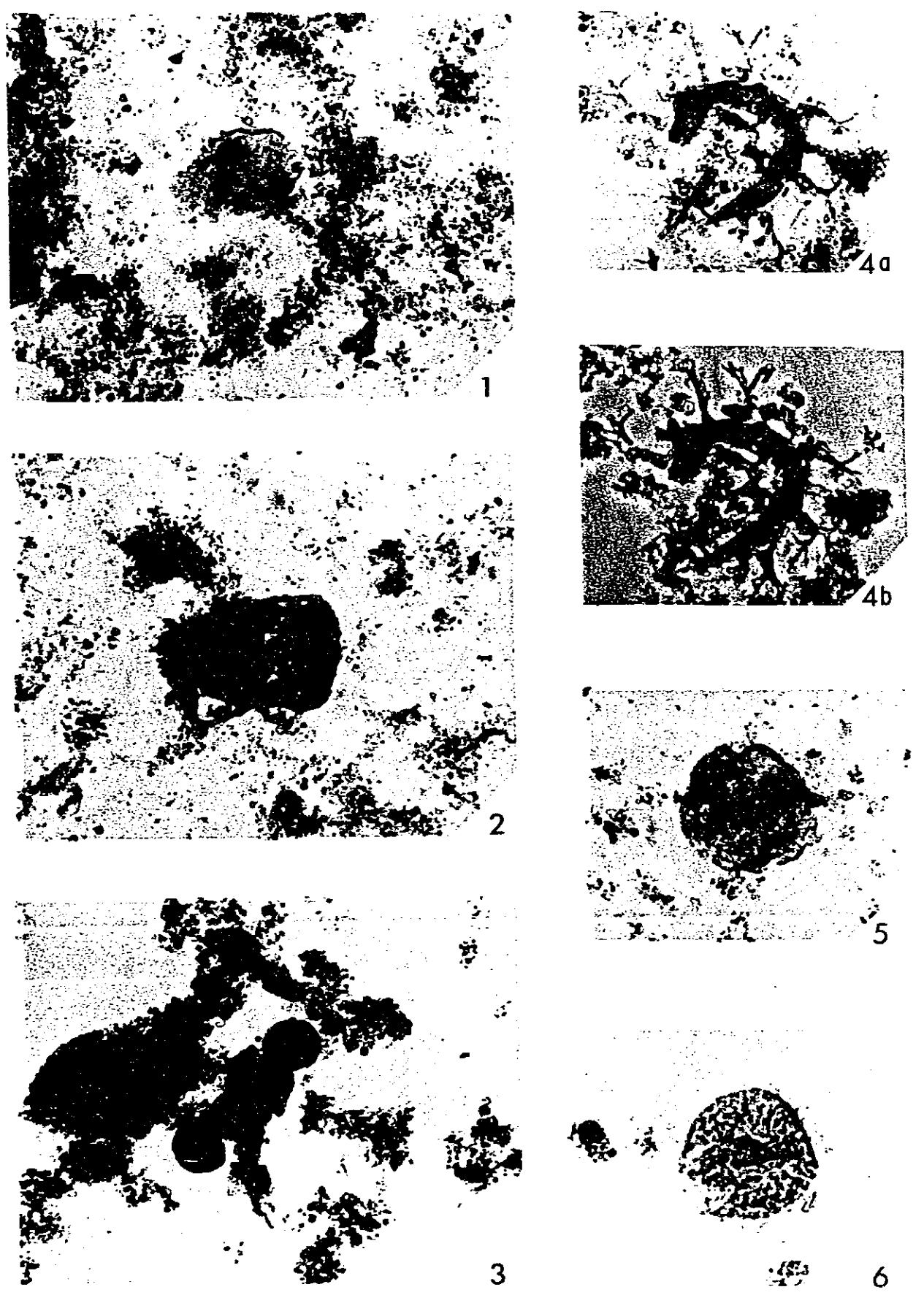


PLATE 5

Figure 1. Scolecodont. Maximum length, 104.5 microns. Bright field illumination. Slide 219-035, 13.6 x 121.5.

Figure 2. Leiosphere. Maximum diameter, 38.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-033, 11.1 x 113.4.

Figure 3. Unidentified acritarchs, possibly Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter of each specimen is 26.6 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-033, 10.0 x 107.4.

Figure 4. Aff. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 20.9 microns. 4a, bright field illumination; 4b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-035, 12.5 x 119.2.

Figure 5. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 17.1 microns. 5a, bright field illumination; 5b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-035, 18.2 x 117.0.

PLATE 5

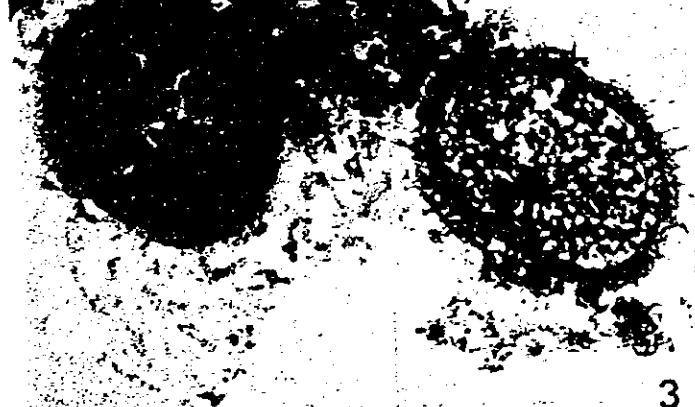
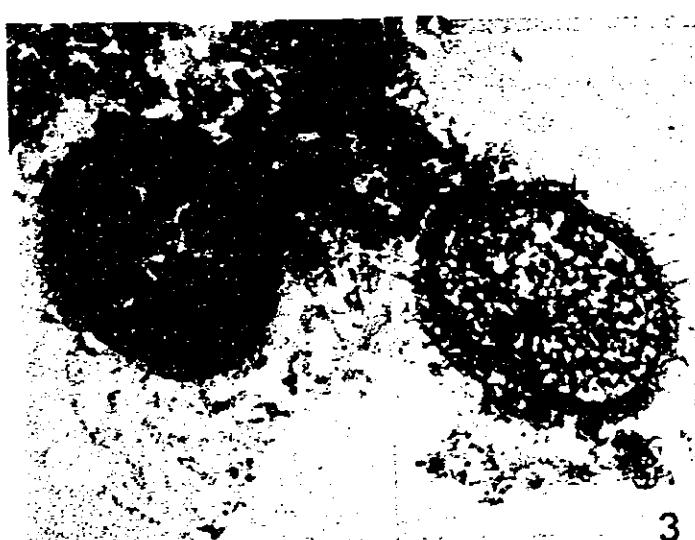
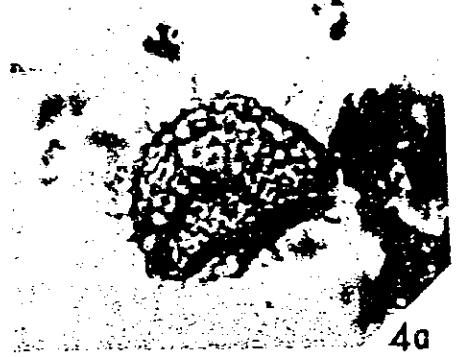
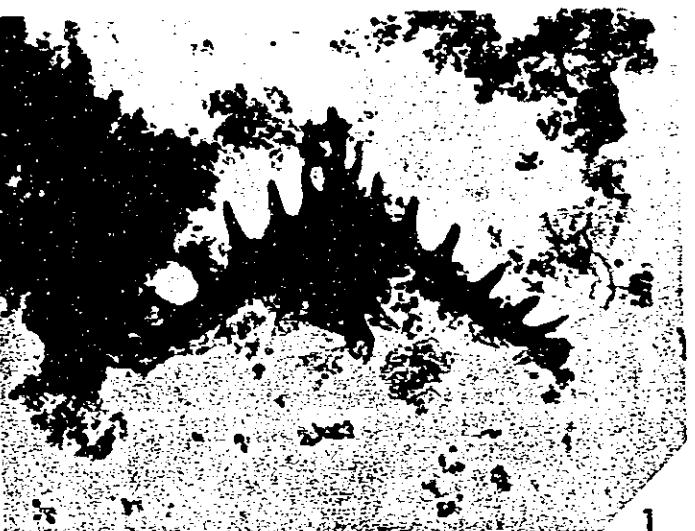
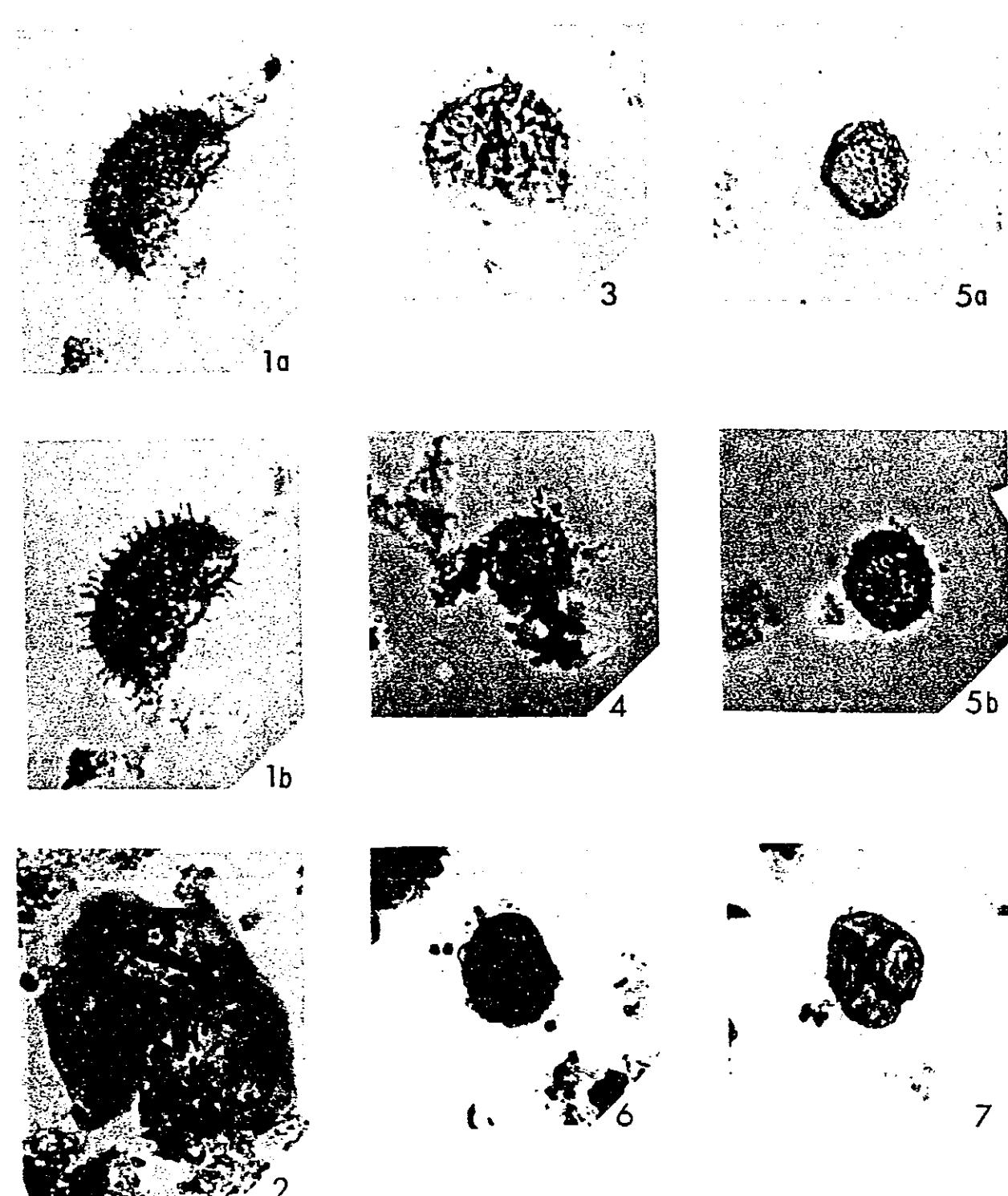


PLATE 6

- Figure 1. Aff. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 20.9 microns. 1a, bright field illumination; 1b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-032, 20.1 x 130.6.
- Figure 2. Unidentified acritarch. Maximum diameter, 16.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-035.
- Figure 3. Aff. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 19.0 microns. Bright field illumination. Sample 219-035.
- Figure 4. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 11.4 microns. Phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-036, 11.7 x 127.9.
- Figure 5. Micrhystridium sp. Maximum diameter, 11.4 microns. 5a, bright field illumination; 5b, phase contrast illumination. Sample 219-035, 12.6 x 117.4.
- Figure 6. Algal tetraspore. Maximum diameter, 13.3 microns. Sample 219-035, 12.0 x 120.2.
- Figure 7. Algal tetraspore. Maximum diameter, 13.3 microns. Sample 219-035, 12.3 x 119.3.

PLATE 6



Burr
#2-24

Waddell+Duncan #1 Murray

BIT RECORD

Form No. B R 1

BIT RECORD

Graph No.	Started Under Surface	Oct 16-62
Spudded in	Set Sand String	8:00 A.M.
County	Garfield	Field
Company	Wadsworth & Associates	Lense
	Well No.	Sec.
	5	T 22S R 27E

Trip No.	Contractor	Tool Pusher	Driller		Driller		Driller								
			Make of Bit	Size	Run No.	Type of Cone	Serial No. of Bit	DEPTH	Footage	Hrs. Run	Points Wgt.	Pump Press.	Rotary R.P.M.	Time Lost	REMARKS
1	Hughes	1	0705	1/2	0	600	600	32	5	2H	90				
2	11	3	0705	14016	600	1320	100	28	6	3-18	90				
3	11	3	0705	14016	1000	13-2	360	-	6-8	300	15.90				
4	11	3	0705-1	14036	13-2	1776	410	-	8	400	90				
5	11	5	0705	14036	1776	1720	10	-	6	400	90				
6	11	5	0705	22528	1720	1890	105	-	6	375	90				
7	11	6	0705-1	33057	1890	2005	115	-	5	375	90				
8	11	7	0705	34754	2005	2147	142	-	8	375	90				
9	11	7	0705	22528	2147	2167	20	-	8	375	90				
10	Hughes	8	0705	33590	2167	2185	18	-	9	375	90				
11	11	9	0705	51059	2185	2211	26	-	7	350	90				
12	11	10	0705	20852	2211	2231	20	-	8	350	90				
13	Hughes	10	0705	36754	2231	3249	17	-	9	350	90				
14	Hughes	11	w7R	11365	3249	3360	111	-	10	350	90				
15	11	12	w7R	11971	3360	3600	240	-	10	375	90				
16	11	13	w7R	11335	3600	2838	133	-	11	375	85				
17	Richard	13	w7R	11360	2838	3744	11	-	11	375	85				
18	Hughes	14	w7R	11330	3744	3793	49	-	11	375	85				
19	11	15	0705	23632	3793	2803	10	-	9	375	85				
20	11	16	0705	32632	2803	2818	15	-	9	375	85				
21	11	17	w7R	11344	2818	2859	41	-	11	375	85				
22	11	18	w7R	11356	2859	3925	66	-	11	375	85				
23	11	19	w7R	11349	3925	3983	58	-	11	400	85				
24	11	20	w7R	15802	3983	3125	142	-	11	400	85				
25	11	21	0705	33631	3125	3160	35	-	10	400	85				
26	11	22	w7R	31329	3160	3210	50	-	12	400	90				
27	11	23	w7R	31330	3210	3269	59	-	11	410	90				
28	11	24	w7R	12972	3269	3305	36	-	12	410	90				
29	11	25	w7R	131334	3305	3345	40	-	12	400	90				
30	11	26	w7R	86353	3345	3422	77	-	11	400	90				
31	11	27	w7R	25482	3422	3604	182	-	11	400	90				
32	11	28	0705	32473	3604	3759	155	-	9	400	90				
33	11	29	3205	36578	3759	3795	36	-	9	400	90				
34	11	30	w7R	63769	3795	3820	26	-	10	400	90				
35	11	31	w7R	10485	3820	3836	16	-	11	375	85				
36	11	32	w7R	55645	3836	3850	14	-	12	350	85				
37	11	33	w7R	31327	3850	3868	18	96	12	350	85				
38	11	34	w7R	8749	3868	3890	22	-	12	400	85				
39	11	35	2HS1	90944	3890	3899	9	-	11	400	85				
40	Hughes	36	2HS1	25800	3899	3912	13	-	12	400	85				

Trip No.	Contractor	Tool Pusher	Driller		Driller		Driller								
			Make of Bit	Size	Run No.	Type of Cone	Serial No. of Bit	DEPTH	Footage	Hrs. Run	Points Wgt.	Pump Press.	Rotary R.P.M.	Time Lost	REMARKS
1	Hughes	37	w7R	25484	3912	3914	2	3	12	400	85				
2	11	38	w7P	52098	3914	3944	30	10	10	400	85				
3	11	39	w7R	8852	3944	3971	27	8	11	400	85				
4	11	40	w7R	8327	3971	4006	30	9	8	400	85				
5	11	41	w7R	8795	4006	4031	25	8	7	400	85				
6	11	42	w7R	8804	4031	4057	26	7	9	400	85				
7	11	43	w7R	8343	4057	4092	35	10	10	300	85				
8	11	44	w7R	8315	4092	415	23	9	9	250	85				
9	11	45	w7R	8573	415	4151	36	10	7	250	85				
10	11	46	w7C	22404	4151	4159	8	6	7	250	85				
11	11	47	0705	21752	4159	4176	17	-	7	300	85				
12	11	48	w7R	8588	4176	4195	19	-	9	400	85				
13	11	49	w7R	35327	4195	4235	40	8	10	400	85				
14	11	50	w7P	35377	4235	4275	40	8	9	400	85				
15	11	51	w7R	35330	4275	4295	45	8	10	400	85				
16	11	52	w7R	35320	4295	4375	55	9	10	400	85				
17	11	53	w7R	52098	4375	4400	25	6	10	400	85				
18</															

COMPANY Waddell-Dunn Co. FARM MUYER
 SEC. 1 TWP. 2 RGE. 27 LOC. S E - N H COUNTY COOK STATE ILLINOIS
 CONTRACTOR DRILL PIPE
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINES LENGTH STROKE

DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	1580	5 P.M.						
	1590	7:45		3 hrs minutes made				
	1600	7:45						
	1610	8:30						
	1620	9:15						
	1630	10:30						
	1640	11:15						
	1650	12:30						
	1700	1:30						
	1710	2:15						
	1720	3:00						
	1730	3:45						
	1740	4:30						
	1750	5:15						
	1800	6:00						
	1810	6:45						
	1820	7:30						
	1830	8:15						
	1840	9:00						
	1850	9:45						
	1860	10:30						
	1870	11:15						
	1880	12:00						
	1890	12:45						
	1900	1:30						
	1910	2:15						
	1920	3:00						
	1930	3:45						
	1940	4:30						
	1950	5:15						
	1960	6:00						
	1970	6:45						
	1980	7:30						
	1990	8:15						
	2000	9:00						
	2010	9:45						
	2020	10:30						
	2030	11:15						
	2040	12:00						
	2050	12:45						
	2060	1:30						
	2070	2:15						
	2080	3:00						
	2090	3:45						
	2100	4:30						
	2110	5:15						
	2120	6:00						
	2130	6:45						
	2140	7:30						
	2150	8:15						
	2160	9:00						
	2170	9:45						
	2180	10:30						
	2190	11:15						
	2200	12:00						
	2210	12:45						
	2220	1:30						
	2230	2:15						
	2240	3:00						
	2250	3:45						
	2260	4:30						
	2270	5:15						
	2280	6:00						
	2290	6:45						
	2300	7:30						
	2310	8:15						
	2320	9:00						
	2330	9:45						
	2340	10:30						
	2350	11:15						
	2360	12:00						
	2370	12:45						
	2380	1:30						
	2390	2:15						
	2400	3:00						
	2410	3:45						
	2420	4:30						
	2430	5:15						
	2440	6:00						
	2450	6:45						
	2460	7:30						
	2470	8:15						
	2480	9:00						
	2490	9:45						
	2500	10:30						
	2510	11:15						
	2520	12:00						
	2530	12:45						
	2540	1:30						
	2550	2:15						
	2560	3:00						
	2570	3:45						
	2580	4:30						
	2590	5:15						
	2600	6:00						
	2610	6:45						
	2620	7:30						
	2630	8:15						
	2640	9:00						
	2650	9:45						
	2660	10:30						
	2670	11:15						
	2680	12:00						
	2690	12:45						
	2700	1:30						
	2710	2:15						
	2720	3:00						
	2730	3:45						
	2740	4:30						
	2750	5:15						
	2760	6:00						
	2770	6:45						
	2780	7:30						
	2790	8:15						
	2800	9:00						
	2810	9:45						
	2820	10:30						
	2830	11:15						
	2840	12:00						
	2850	12:45						
	2860	1:30						
	2870	2:15						
	2880	3:00						
	2890	3:45						
	2900	4:30						
	2910	5:15						
	2920	6:00						
	2930	6:45						
	2940	7:30						
	2950	8:15						
	2960	9:00						
	2970	9:45						
	2980	10:30						
	2990	11:15						
	3000	12:00						
	3010	12:45						
	3020	1:30						
	3030	2:15						
	3040	3:00						
	3050	3:45						
	3060	4:30						
	3070	5:15						
	3080	6:00						
	3090	6:45						
	3100	7:30						
	3110	8:15				</		

COMPANY Waddell & Pierce FARM McMurray
SEG. TWP. RGE. LOC.

COUNTY Cochran

STATE Oklahoma

WELL NO. 1

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE 7 1/2" DRILL PIPE 14 1/2"
SIZE PUMP LINERS 7 1/4" LENGTH STROKE 14'

REMARKS:

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
19'00	8:50	25					
19'05	9:15	26	Conest.				
19'10	9:40	30					
19'15	10:05						
19'20	11:45						
19'25	12:30	15					
19'30	1:15						
19'35	2:00						
19'40	2:45						
19'45	3:30						
19'50	4:15						
19'55	4:50	30					
19'60	5:25	30					
19'65	5:35	35					
19'70	6:20	45	TOOK CHAIN AND DRILL				
19'75	7:15	55	DRILLED AND WELDED METAL				
19'80	8:50	35					
19'85	9:20	40					
19'90	10:05	30					
19'95	10:40	25					
20'00	11:25	45	TOOK CHAIN AND DRILL				
20'05	12:10	515	TRIP				
20'10	12:55	145					
20'15	1:30	30					
20'20	2:15	40					
20'25	3:00	40					
20'30	3:45	40					
20'35	4:30	45					
20'40	5:15	55					
41	5:50	10					
42	6:25	12					
43	7:00	9					
44	7:45	14					
45	8:30	11					
46	9:15	9					
47	10:00	13					
48	10:45	14					
49	11:30	14					
50	12:15	14	TRIP.				
51	1:15	10	STARTED DRILLING 6:05				
52	2:00	10					
53	2:45	15					
54	3:30	15					
55	4:15	15					
56	5:00	15					
57	5:45	15					
58	6:30	10					
59	7:15	10					
60	7:30	10					
61	7:45	10					

COMPANY WILLIAMS SEC. 10
SEG. 1 TWP. 1 RGE. 1 LOC. 1

FARM 92 COUNTY Kansas

WELL NO. 1

CONTRACTOR

STATE Kansas

REMARKS:

SIZE HOLE 4 1/2" DRILL PIPE 4 1/2"
SIZE PUMP LINER 3 1/2" LENGTH STROKE 12'

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
557	7:50	10	9-13-2
60	8:06	10	BRINGAN
61	8:15	9	VIS = 34 VTS = 8.5
62	8:25	10	
63	8:34	9	
64	8:43	2	
65	8:50	7	
66	5:58	8	
67	9:05	7	
68	9:13	8	
69	9:18	5	
70	9:24	1	
71	9:31	7	
72	9:40	9	
73	9:50	10	
74	9:53	8	
75	10:05	7	
76	10:40	10	25 MI DEEP
77	10:50	10	
78	10:59	9	VIS = 38 VTS = 8.5
79	11:08	9	VIS = 38 VTS = 8.5
80	11:18	10	
81	11:35	7	
82	11:32	7	
83	11:42	8	
84	11:50	10	5' MUD LINE
85	12:00	3	
86	12:15	5	
87	12:21	7	
88	12:31	6	
89	12:32	4	
90	12:26	4	
91	12:41	9	5' MUD LINE
92	12:40	7	
93	12:55	8	
94	11:02	7	
95	11:12	8	
96	11:17	5	
97	11:22	7	
98	11:27	5	VIS = 38 VTS = 8.5
99	11:32	5	
2100	11:33	4	
1	11:41	9	
2	11:51	7	
3	11:57	6	
4	12:02	5	
5	12:06	4	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
1	11:42	1	
2	11:47	1	
3	11:52	1	
4	11:57	1	
5	12:02	1	
6	12:07	1	
7	12:12	1	
8	12:17	1	
9	12:22	1	
10	12:27	1	
11	12:32	1	
12	12:37	1	
13	12:42	1	
14	12:47	1	
15	12:52	1	
16	12:57	1	
17	1:02	1	
18	1:07	1	
19	1:12	1	
20	1:17	1	
21	1:22	1	
22	1:27	1	
23	1:32	1	
24	1:37	1	
25	1:42	1	
26	1:47	1	
27	1:52	1	
28	1:57	1	
29	1:02	1	
30	1:07	1	
31	1:12	1	
32	1:17	1	
33	1:22	1	
34	1:27	1	
35	1:32	1	
36	1:37	1	
37	1:42	1	
38	1:47	1	
39	1:52	1	
40	1:57	1	
41	1:02	1	
42	1:07	1	
43	1:12	1	
44	1:17	1	
45	1:22	1	
46	1:27	1	
47	1:32	1	
48	1:37	1	
49	1:42	1	
50	1:47	1	
51	1:52	1	
52	1:57	1	
53	1:02	1	
54	1:07	1	
55	1:12	1	
56	1:17	1	
57	1:22	1	
58	1:27	1	
59	1:32	1	
60	1:37	1	
61	1:42	1	Rough
62	1:47	3	"
63	12:55	1	→ TRIP
64	1:05	1	ON BOTTOM 12:35 PM
65	1:30	2	239 grm
66			5 mi connection

COMPANY (W.M.D. & CO. INC.)

FARM Murray

WELL NO. 1

SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC.

COUNTY Pottawattamie

STATE IOWA

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE 7 1/2

DRILL PIPE 11 1/2

REMARKS:

SIZE PUMP LINERS 7 1/2 LENGTH STROKE 14

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
2151	2:38	25	+100 ft
2	2:38	35	"
3	3:55	25	
4	3:10	15	8.4 ft
5:55	3:22	17	
56	3:37	10	
57	3:55	18	
58	4:13	18	
59	4:31	21	
2160	4:55	21	
60	5:20	25	
61	5:39	19	
62	5:58	19	
63	6:03	24	
64	6:22	24	
65	7:15	33	15 MIN ON PUMPS CLOUT
66	7:50	35	VIS=33 WT=8-8
67	8:30	40	TRIP. Renewed intervals
68	11:10	15	0:3 10:55
69	11:25	15	
2170	11:35	10	
71	11:43	8	
72	12:00	17	
73	12:15	18	
74	12:30	32	
75	1:05	15	
76	1:22	20	VIS=33 WT=8.8
77	1:48	23	
78	2:10	22	
79	2:37	27	
2180	3:12	38	
81	4:00	4:15	30 MIN ON PUMPS CLOUT + WORKING
82	4:15	15	ADDITIONAL 30 MIN
83	4:32	17	
84	4:47	15	
85	5:05	22	60 MIN ON PUMPS
86	10:50	18	TRIP & REPAIRS ON BOTTOM AT 10:50
87	11:05	17	
88	11:16	21	
89	12:00	14	
2190	12:10	10	
91	12:30	10	
92	12:31	11	
93	12:43	12	
94	12:56	13	
95	1:10	14	
96	1:32	12	
97	1:33	11	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
98	1:43	10	VIS=35 WT=9.2
99	2:02	9	
1:00	2:10	8	
1	2:16	6	
2	2:22	6	
3	2:30	7	
4	2:38	8	
2205	2:47	9	
5	2:58	11	
6	3:10	12	
7	3:21	17	
8	3:33	15	
9	3:43	15	
2310	4:18	17	
11	4:30	30	TRIP. 0:3 10:35 WT=
12	4:41	14	ON MOTOR & MUD PUMP
13	9:01	12	
14	9:13	12	
15	9:35	12	
16	9:40	15	
17	10:05	15	10 MIN ON MUD PUMP
18	10:32	12	15 = = = =
19	10:56	13	VIS=36 WT=9.2
2220	11:PM	10	
21	11:16	10	
22	11:23	11	
23	11:50	10	5 MIN ON GREASE LINE
24	1:07	11	
25	1:25	12	
26	12:41	19	VIS=34 WT=8.9
27	1:03	19	
28	1:23	10	
29	1:43	10	
2230	2:02	19	TRIP 2231 & Repair
31	2:27	25	Started drilling 1:PM
32	1:00	12	VIS=34 WT=9
33	1:12	13	
34	1:30	8	
35	1:38	8	
36	1:46	8	
37	1:54	8	
38	2:03	9	
39	2:12	9	
2240	2:20	8	
41	2:34	7	Corrections: 5 ml
42	2:44	10	
43	2:55	11	
44	3:30	12	23 MIN ON MUD PUMP

COMPANY Wade & Duncan FARM Murray WELL NO. 1
 SEC. 1 TWP. 1 RGE. 1 LOC. 1 STATE Kansas
 CONTRACTOR SIZE HOLE 9 7/8 DRILL PIPE 2 1/2"
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINERS 7 1/4" LENGTH STROKE 14'

DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	2245	3:40	10		72	3:22	7	
	46	3:49	9		73	3:27	5	
	47	3:58	9		74	3:35	8	
	48	4:04	6		75	3:46	11	
	49	4:10	6	TRIP WORKING ON	96	4:10	16	15 min. out mud 100
	2250	11:06	6	PIPE WORKS READED	97	4:40	30	8 min. out mud 100
	51	11:10	4	35 ft to bottom of bottom	98	4:50	10	10 min. out mud 100
	53	11:12	20		99	4:55	2	
	54	11:15	3		2300	5:05	15	
	55	11:18	3		1	5:10	10	
	56	11:24	3		2	5:20	10	
	57	11:28	4		3	5:25	20	12 min. out mud 100
	58	11:35	7		4	6:20	50	15 min. out mud 100
	59	11:40	5		5	6:30	10	3 1/2" H 400 ft
	2260	12:00	20	10 min. out mud 100	6	6:35	7	VIS: 35 WT: 8.9
	61	12:05	6	VIS: 35 WT: 8.9	7	7:00	7	
	62	12:12	7		8	7:20	7	
	63	12:17	5		9	7:30	7	
	64	12:28	11		10	7:40	7	
	65	12:32	4		11	7:50	7	
	66	12:37	5		12	8:00	7	
	67	12:45	8		13	8:15	7	
	68	12:50	5		14	8:25	7	
	69	12:54	4		15	8:35	7	
	2270	1:00	6		16	8:45	7	
	71	1:12	15	5 min. out, con.	17	9:43	10	
	72	1:16	4		18	10:51	8	
	73	1:21	5		19	11:00	7	
	74	1:27	6		2300	11:07	9	
	75	1:32	5		21	11:18	2	
	76	1:37	5		22	11:37	7	Diamond 3 1/2" clutch
	77	1:43	6		23	12:30	9	
	78	1:47	4		24	12:38	7	
	79	1:52	5		25	12:47	7	
	2280	1:57	5		26	12:55	7	
	81	2:01	14		27	3:03	8	VIS: 36 WT: 9.2
	82	2:08	5		28	3:12	9	
	83	2:15	7		29	3:22	10	
	84	2:22	7		2300	3:32	10	
	85	2:30	8		31	3:42	10	
	86	2:38	8		32	3:53	11	
	87	2:46	8		33	4:40	12	35 min down on mud
	88	2:54	8		34	4:58	18	
	89	3:01	7		35	5:16	18	
	90	3:09	8		36	5:33	17	MINING MUD
	91	3:15	6		37	5:50	17	

COMPANY W. D. Bell & Duncan

FARM Murray

WELL NO. 1

SEC. TWP. 5, RGE. 27 LOC. 27E

COUNTY Garfield

STATE Colo.

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE 9 1/8

DRILL PIPE 4 1/2"

REMARKS:

SIZE PUMP LINERS 7 1/2

LENGTH STROKE 12'

2371

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
2339	6:20	15	
40	6:33	13	
41	6:46	13	
42	7 P.M.	14	
43	7:14	14	
44	7:28	14	
45	7:42	14	VIS = 36 WT = 9-1
46	7:54	12	
47	8:05	11	
48	8:21	16	
49	8:37	16	
2350	8:53	16	
51	9:09	16	
52	9:25	16	
53	9:39	14	
54	9:53	14	
55	10:07	14	
56	10:21	14	
57	10:34	13	
58	10:47	13	
59	11:06	19	
2366	11:36	30	TRIP WASH ON 100
61	3:19	9	HUE 0:13.3:10
62	3:39	10	
63	3:46	10	9 MINSON
64	3:55	9	
65	4:04	9	VIS = 35 WT = 8.8
66	4:15	11	
67	4:26	11	
68	4:37	11	
69	4:49	12	
2370	4:58	9	
71	5:06	8	
72	5:14	8	
73	5:22	8	
74	5:30	8	
75	5:38	8	
76	5:48	10	
77	5:57	9	
78	6:05	8	VIS = 36 WT = 9
79	6:13	8	
2380	6:22	9	
81	6:31	9	
82	6:41	10	
83	6:51	10	
84	7 A.M.	9	
85	7:08	8	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
2381	7:16	16	
7	7:32	16	
8	7:34	16	
9	7:45	16	
10	7:56	16	
11	8:07	16	
12	8:18	16	
13	8:30	16	
14	8:41	16	
15	8:52	16	
16	9:03	16	
17	9:14	16	
18	9:25	16	
19	9:36	16	
20	10:00	16	
21	10:22	16	
22	10:44	16	
23	11:05	16	
24	11:27	16	
25	11:48	16	
26	12:09	16	
27	12:31	16	
28	12:52	16	
29	1:13	16	
30	1:34	16	
31	1:55	16	
32	2:16	16	
33	2:37	16	
34	2:58	16	
35	3:19	16	
36	3:40	16	
37	3:51	16	
38	4:12	16	
39	4:33	16	
40	4:54	16	
41	5:15	16	
42	5:36	16	
43	5:57	16	
44	6:18	16	
45	6:39	16	
46	6:50	16	
47	7:11	16	
48	7:32	16	
49	7:53	16	
50	8:14	16	
51	8:35	16	
52	8:56	16	
53	9:17	16	
54	9:38	16	
55	9:59	16	
56	10:20	16	
57	10:41	16	
58	10:52	16	
59	11:13	16	
60	11:34	16	
61	11:55	16	
62	12:16	16	
63	12:37	16	
64	12:58	16	
65	1:19	16	
66	1:40	16	
67	1:51	16	
68	2:12	16	
69	2:33	16	
70	2:54	16	
71	3:15	16	
72	3:36	16	
73	3:57	16	
74	4:18	16	
75	4:39	16	
76	4:50	16	
77	5:11	16	
78	5:32	16	
79	5:53	16	
80	6:14	16	
81	6:35	16	
82	6:56	16	
83	7:17	16	
84	7:38	16	
85	7:59	16	
86	8:20	16	
87	8:41	16	
88	8:52	16	
89	9:13	16	
90	9:34	16	
91	9:55	16	
92	10:16	16	
93	10:37	16	
94	10:58	16	
95	11:19	16	
96	11:40	16	
97	11:51	16	
98	12:12	16	
99	12:33	16	
100	12:54	16	
101	1:15	16	
102	1:36	16	
103	1:57	16	
104	2:18	16	
105	2:39	16	
106	2:50	16	
107	3:11	16	
108	3:32	16	
109	3:53	16	
110	4:14	16	
111	4:35	16	
112	4:56	16	
113	5:17	16	
114	5:38	16	
115	5:59	16	
116	6:20	16	
117	6:41	16	
118	6:52	16	
119	7:13	16	
120	7:34	16	
121	7:55	16	
122	8:16	16	
123	8:37	16	
124	8:58	16	
125	9:19	16	
126	9:40	16	
127	9:51	16	
128	10:12	16	
129	10:33	16	
130	10:54	16	
131	11:15	16	
132	11:36	16	
133	11:57	16	
134	12:18	16	
135	12:39	16	
136	12:50	16	
137	1:11	16	
138	1:32	16	
139	1:53	16	
140	2:14	16	
141	2:35	16	
142	2:56	16	
143	3:17	16	
144	3:38	16	
145	3:59	16	
146	4:20	16	
147	4:41	16	
148	4:52	16	
149	5:13	16	
150	5:34	16	
151	5:55	16	
152	6:16	16	
153	6:37	16	
154	6:58	16	
155	7:19	16	
156	7:40	16	
157	7:51	16	
158	8:12	16	
159	8:33	16	
160	8:54	16	
161	9:15	16	
162	9:36	16	
163	9:57	16	
164	10:18	16	
165	10:39	16	
166	10:50		

COMPANY W FARM 1 WELL NO. 1
 SEC. 1 TWP. 1 RGE. 1 COUNTY 1 STATE KAN
 CONTRACTOR 1 SIZE HOLE 1 DRILL PIPE 1
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
2428	11:11	7	
29	4:19	8	
30	4:26	7	
31	4:34	8	
32	4:43	5	
33	4:50	8	
34	4:55	6	
35	5:06	8	
36	5:14	8	
37	5:23	9	
38	5:30	7	
39	5:37	7	
40	5:45	8	
41	5:54	9	
42	6:03	9	
43	6:11	8	
44	6:19	8	
45	6:27	8	
46	6:35	5	
47	6:43	8	
48	6:53	9	
49	7:01	8	
50	7:18	9	9.00 x 228
51	7:27	9	
52	7:35	8	
53	7:44	9	
54	7:54	10	
55	8:02	8	
56	8:10	8	
57	8:19	7	
58	8:25	8	
59	8:33	8	
60	8:45	12	
61	8:55	10	
62	9:05	10	
63	9:15	10	
64	9:27	12	
65	9:36	9	
66	9:45	9	V73=35 WT 8-7
67	9:54	9	
68	10:04	10	
69	10:14	10	
70	10:25	11	
71	10:37	12	
72	10:48	11	
73	10:58	10	
74	11:07	9	

ROTARY DRILLING TIME SHEET # 202
KANSAS BLUE PRINT CO., WICHITA, KAN.

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
2475	11:16	7	
76	11:25	7	
77	11:34	7	
78	11:46	12	
79	11:58	12	
2480	12:02	7	Completion
80	12:32	7	
81	12:46	10	
82	12:56	10	
83	1:02	10	
84	1:12	7	
85	1:17	7	
86	1:23	7	
87	1:33	7	
88	1:43	7	
89	1:53	7	
90	1:58	7	
2490	1:56	7	
91	2:12	7	
92	2:22	7	
93	2:32	7	
94	2:42	7	
95	2:52	7	
96	3:02	8	
97	3:12	7	
98	3:22	7	
99	3:32	7	
100	3:42	7	
101	3:52	7	
102	4:02	8	
103	4:12	7	
104	4:22	7	
105	4:32	7	
106	4:42	7	
107	4:52	7	
108	5:02	8	
109	5:12	7	
110	5:22	7	
111	5:32	7	
112	5:42	7	
113	5:52	7	
114	6:02	8	
115	6:12	7	
116	6:22	7	
117	6:32	7	
118	6:42	7	
119	6:52	7	
120	7:02	8	
121	7:12	7	
122	7:22	7	
123	7:32	7	
124	7:42	7	
125	7:52	7	
126	8:02	8	
127	8:12	7	
128	8:22	7	
129	8:32	7	
130	8:42	7	
131	8:52	7	
132	9:02	8	
133	9:12	7	
134	9:22	7	
135	9:32	7	
136	9:42	7	
137	9:52	7	
138	10:02	8	
139	10:12	7	
140	10:22	7	
141	10:32	7	
142	10:42	7	
143	10:52	7	
144	11:02	8	
145	11:12	7	
146	11:22	7	
147	11:32	7	
148	11:42	7	
149	11:52	7	
150	12:02	8	
151	12:12	7	Completion P.M.
152	12:22	7	
153	12:32	7	
154	12:42	7	
155	12:52	7	
156	1:02	8	
157	1:12	7	
158	1:22	7	
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161	1:52	7	
162	2:02	8	
163	2:12	7	
164	2:22	7	
165	2:32	7	
166	2:42	7	
167	2:52	7	
168	3:02	8	
169	3:12	7	
170	3:22	7	
171	3:32	7	
172	3:42	7	
173	3:52	7	
174	4:02	8	
175	4:12	7	
176	4:22	7	
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178	4:42	7	
179	4:52	7	
180	5:02	8	
181	5:12	7	
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184	5:42	7	
185	5:52	7	
186	6:02	8	
187	6:12	7	
188	6:22	7	
189	6:32	7	
190	6:42	7	
191	6:52	7	
192	7:02	8	
193	7:12	7	
194	7:22	7	
195	7:32	7	
196	7:42	7	
197	7:52	7	
198	8:02	8	
199	8:12	7	
200	8:22	7	
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202	8:42	7	
203	8:52	7	
204	9:02	8	
205	9:12	7	
206	9:22	7	
207	9:32	7	
208	9:42	7	
209	9:52	7	
210	10:02	8	
211	10:12	7	
212	10:22	7	
213	10:32	7	
214	10:42	7	
215	10:52	7	
216	11:02	8	
217	11:12	7	
218	11:22	7	
219	11:32	7	
220	11:42	7	
221	11:52	7	
222	12:02	8	
223	12:12	7	
224	12:22	7	
225	12:32	7	
226	12:42	7	
227	12:52	7	
228	1:02	8	
229	1:12	7	
230	1:22	7	
231	1:32	7	
232	1:42	7	
233	1:52	7	
234	2:02	8	
235	2:12	7	
236	2:22	7	
237	2:32	7	
238	2:42	7	
239	2:52	7	
240	3:02	8	
241	3:12	7	
242	3:22	7	
243	3:32	7	
244	3:42	7	
245	3:52	7	
246	4:02	8	
247	4:12	7	
248	4:22	7	

CONTRACTOR

REMARKS:

SIZE HOLE	DRILL PIPE
SIZE PUMP LINERS	LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
26 15			
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COMPANY Wichita FARM MURKIN WELL NO. /
 SEC. 5 TWP. 14 RGE. 17 LOC. COUNTY STATE
 CONTRACTOR
 REMARKS: SIZE HOLE DRILL PIPE
 SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
1	10:46	9	
10	10:49	7	
11	10:53	?	
12	11:07	9	
13	11:14	7	
14	11:22	6	
15	11:22	10	10 min. on pump
16	11:27	7	
17	11:35	9	
18	11:42	5	
19	11:47	9	
20	11:52	6	
21	12:35	7	Vis 35 wt. 4.0
22	12:42	10	Com. Pump
23	1:10	17	
24	1:13	13	
25	1:18	11	
26	1:27	12	
27	1:35	20	
28	1:42	20	
29	2:00	15	
30	2:13	15	
31	2:32	17	Surface Milled Pipe 30 ft
32	2:47	12	Vis: 36 Wt. 8.9
33	9:20	13	
34	9:42	12	
35	9:54	12	
36	10:05	11	
37	10:15	10	
38	10:27	12	
39	10:42	15	
40	11:02	20	
41	11:27	25	
42	11:52	25	End of Job - Repair
43	12:30	10	End 22 39 hrs 11 min
44	1:07	?	
45	1:16	9	
46	1:24	8	
47	1:30	6	Vis: 37 Wt. 9.8
48	1:37	7	
49	1:46	7	
50	1:51	7	
51	1:56	5	
52	2:02	6	
53	2:08	6	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
1	11:25	7	10 min. on pump
2	11:31	8	
3	11:37	9	
4	11:46	16	
5	11:55	31	
6	12:02	17	
7	12:12	10	
8	12:22	10	10 min. on pump
9	12:37	17	
10	12:46	30	
11	12:55	30	
12	1:00	25	
13	1:09	30	
14	1:19	12	
15	1:26	11	Emancipation Line
16	1:36	10	Vis: 35 Wt. 9.
17	1:45	10	
18	1:56	10	
19	2:00	24	
20	2:48	28	
21	11:28	40	
22	11:56	28	
23	12:30	34	
24	1:20	50	
25	1:30	50	TRIP 164,600 ft
26	1:33	20	Reaming 6"
27	1:49	13	Vis: 36 Wt. 9
28	4:17	14	
29	4:32	15	
30	4:43	11	
31	4:53	10	
32	5:05	12	
33	5:32	12	15 min. checking major & minor
34	5:54	22	

COMPANY Platt (S. L. D. M. CO. FARMM

WELL NO. /

SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC.

COUNTY

STATE

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE

DRILL PIPE

REMARKS:

SIZE PUMP LINERS

LENGTH STROKE

29-2
29-4
29-11

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
6,803	6:26	32	
4,913	4:53	15	30 MIN ON 6 INCHES. 16:56
5,10:01	37	11	10:01 D. 31:00
6,10:27	38	VIS=34 WT=8-9	
7,10:51	37	14 MIN ON 6 INCHES. 30:00	
8,11:09	32		
9,11:52			
2,810	12:10		
11	1:20	20	
12	1:37	17	
13	1:54	25	
15	1:59	27	
16	2:16	12	PAINTED 16
17	2:33	27	
18	2:50	15	TRD O.B. 62
19	6:22	20	
2820	3:54	21	
31	4:10	16	
32	4:27	15	45 MIN ON 6 INCHES. 31:00
33	5:13	20	
34	5:30	20	
35	5:48	20	
36	6:06	16	
37	6:24	18	16 MIN ON 6 INCHES. 31:00
38	8:10	15	VIS=36 WT=9
39	8:44	19	
2830	9:10	16	
31	9:13	12	
32	9:26	12	
33	9:37	11	
34	9:50	13	
35	10:04	10	
36	10:11	11	
37	10:25	14	
38	10:42	17	
39	10:55	13	
2840	11:09	14	
41	11:23	14	
42	11:42	18	
43	12:05	20	
44	12:13	20	.8 min. out. 12:14
45	12:47	14	
46	1:00	18	VIS=36 WT=8-9
47	1:13	12	
48	1:23	11	
2849	1:40	17	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
51	1:51		
52	2:08		
53	2:25		
54	2:42		
55	3:00		
56	3:17		
57	3:34		
58	4:10		
59	4:27		
60	5:04		
61	5:21		
62	5:38		
63	5:54		
64	6:11		
65	6:28		
66	6:45		
67	7:02		
68	7:19		
69	7:35		
70	7:52		
71	8:09		
72	8:26		
73	8:43		
74	8:59		16 MIN C.01
75	9:07		
76	9:16		
77	9:28		
78	9:40		
79	9:52		
2880	9:55		
81	9:55	20	
82	9:58	25	
83	10:23	28	5 HRS WORKING. C.01
84	10:35	20	Snow marks
85	11:10	15	
86	11:25	15	
87	11:50	15	10 MIN ON 6 INCHES. C.01
88	12:07	17	
89	12:25	18	VIS=8 WT=7.1
2890	12:33	10	
91	1:47	14	
92	6:00	11	
93	6:12	12	
94	6:24	12	
95	6:35	11	
2896	6:50	15	

COMPANY Wadell-Duncan Co FARM Murphy WELL NO. 1
 SEC. 5 TWP 22S RGE 27E LOC. COUNTY Cochise STATE Arizona

CONTRACTOR SIZE HOLE DRILL PIPE
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	2897	6:00	10		4	3:57	20	
	93	7:15	15		5	4:13	16	
	49	7:50	10	gathering Pig 26 min.	6	4:30	17	
	2900	8:05	18		7	4:50	20	
	1	8:24	16		8	5:07	17	
	2	8:36	13		9	5:28	21	
	3	9:00	11	rotation & filling 10m	2950	5:50	220	
	4	9:18	18	VIS: 34 WT. 9.1	1	6:05	15	
	5	9:36	18		2	6:24	17	
	6	9:53	17		3	6:42	20	
	7	10:11	10		4	6:57	15	
	8	10:13	10		5	7:10	13	
	9	10:31	8		6	7:24	14	VIS: 35 WT. 9.2
	2910	10:49	8		7	7:53	10	gathering Pig 26 min.
	10	10:56	7		8	8:17	12	
	11	10:52	6		9	8:27	10	
	12	10:48	6		2960	8:39	12	
	13	10:57	9		1	8:41	12	
	14	11:15	13		2	8:55	14	
	15	11:32	10		3	9:15	20	Gathering Cutout 2.1.
	16	11:38	10		4	9:30	15	
	17	11:38	10		5	11:50	20	
	18	11:46	16		6	12:15	25	
	19	12:05	14		7	13:40	25	
	20	12:10	10		8	14:00	20	
	21	12:17	7		9	14:17	17	
	22	12:34	7		2970	14:32	15	
	23	12:39	5		1	14:47	15	
	24	12:34	5		2	15:57	10	
*	25	12:42	8	X TRIP & MINE	3	1:15	18	
*	26	12:59	6		4	2:32	17	
*	27	12:11	12		5	2:57	25	
*	28	12:14	3		6	3:10	13	
*	29	12:17	3		7	3:49	15	30 MIN DOWN ON WORKS
	2930	12:55	8		8	4:15	30	
	1	12:55	7	35 min out. PUMP	9	4:26	25	10 MIN DOWN ON WORKS
	2	1:08	6		2980	5:15	25	
	3	1:13	5	VIS 34. INT. 9-1	81	5:40	25	
	4	1:23	7	Cans & Drill Guard 120m	82	6:15	20	
	5	1:40	8		83	6:25	25	DRAW
	6	1:50	10		84	12:59	10	TRIP WORK ON WORKS
	7	2:02	12		85	1:07	7	
	8	2:15	13		86	1:15	8	
	9	2:29	14		87	1:25	10	
	2990	2:43	14		88	1:30	8	25 min out. on. PUMP
	1	2:58	14		89	2:04	6	
	2	3:16	18		2990	5:07	3	
	3	3:37	21					

COMPANY W. P. DODGE & CO., FARM MFG. CO.
 SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC. COUNTY COCHITI STATE ARIZONA
 CONTRACTOR
 REMARKS:

WELL NO. 1

SIZE HOLE DRILL PIPE

SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	2991	5:27	13		8	2:33	8	
	92	5:32	14		9	2:42	9	
	93	5:30	8		3040	2:50	8	
	94	2:40	10	VIS=36 WT=9-2	1	2:59	9	
	95	2:50	10	10 min. out. coh.	2	3:07	8	
	96	3:10	10		3	3:16	9	
	97	4:30	10	1 HR + 10 min. coh. coh.	4	3:25	9	
	98	5:07	9	CHAM.	5	3:33	8	
	99	5:14	5		6	3:40	2	7 MIN CHECKING RIL
	3030	5:23	1		7	3:44	2	
	1	5:50	20		8	3:45	1	
	2	6:02	12		9	3:46	1	
	3	6:16	14		3050	3:47	1	
	4	6:30	11	15 min. out. coh.	51	4:52	3	CIRCULATED 1 HR 7 MIN
	5	6:45	16		52	5:10	12	FOR SAMPLES
	6	7:16	15		53	5:30	20	VIS=36 WT=9-3
	7	7:30	14	VIS=36 WT. 9.2	54	5:43	13	
	8	7:44	14		55	5:58	7	10 MIN COH.
	9	7:58	14		56	6:17	10	
	3010	8:12	14		57	6:29	12	
	11	8:24	12		58	6:41	12	
	12	8:36	12		59	6:45	4	
	13	8:48	12		3060	6:48	3	
	14	9:00	12		61	6:55	7	
	15	9:10	10		62	6:59	4	
	16	9:20	10		63	7:06	7	
	17	9:30	10		64	7:16	10	
	18	9:40	10		65	7:30	14	
	19	9:50	10		66	7:47	17	
	3020	9:59	9		67	8:03	16	
	21	10:08	9		68	8:20	17	
	22	10:17	9		69	8:39	19	
	23	10:27	10		3070	8:55	16	10 MIN JETTING STABED
	24	10:32	10	CONNECTION + weight	71	9:08	13	
	25	11:30	10		72	9:34	16	VIS=35 WT=9-3
	26	12:15	15		73	9:54	20	
	27	12:30	15		74	10:08	18	
	28	12:44	14	VIS=36 WT. 9.	75	10:23	15	
	29	12:58	14		76	10:35	12	
	3080	1:12	14		77	10:55	20	
	1	1:24	12		78	11:15	20	
	2	1:34	10		79	11:42	27	
	3	1:44	10		3080	11:52	10	
	4	1:54	10		81	11:55	3	
	5	2:04	10		82	11:56	1	
	6	2:15	9	VIS=35 WT. 9.3	83	11:57	1	
	7	2:25	10		84	12:00	3	

COMPANY Wardell & Duvall FARM WELL NO.
 SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC. COUNTY STATE
 CONTRACTOR SIZE HOLE DRILL PIPE
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3085	12:04	4	CIRCULATED 1/2 A. FOR
6	1:58	3	Central Spring
7	1:33	1	
8	1:38	5	
9	1:42	8	
3090	1:45	5	
91	1:55	10	
92	2:00	5	
93	2:03	3	
94	2:08	5	
95	2:10	2	
96	2:12	3	
97	2:17	14	
98	2:20	8	
99	2:24	4	
3100	2:30	6	
1	2:35	5	
2	2:39	4	
3	2:41	2	
4	2:45	4	
5	2:48	7	
6	3:11	19	
7	3:12	4	
8	3:27	18	
9	3:33	6	
3110	3:45	10	
11	3:50	7	
12	3:55	5	
13	3:58	3	
14	4:01	3	
15	4:04	3	
16	4:12	9	9 min. conn.
17	4:30	8	
18	4:41	11	
19	4:45	4	
3120	4:47	2	
21	4:49	2	
22	4:50	1	
23	4:51	1	
24	4:59	8	
25	5:16	17	* Trip
26	8:30	40	10
27	8:55	15	VIS 35 WT. 9.4
28	9:07	12	
29	9:17	10	
3130	9:28	11	
31	9:38	10	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3132	9:48	10	
33	9:57	9	
34	10:07	10	
35	10:17	10	
36	10:27	10	
37	10:36	9	
38	10:46	10	
39	10:56	12	
3140	11:10	12	
41	11:22	12	
42	11:32	10	
43	11:41	9	
44	11:47	6	VIS 35 WT. 9.4
45	11:54	7	
46	3:48	12	Repair chain and tools
47	3:46	14	
48	4:04	18	
49	4:21	17	
3150	4:37	16	13 min down on pump
51	4:50	17	
52	5:22	15	
53	5:40	18	
54	5:57	17	VIS = 38. WE = 9.3
55	6:15	18	
56	6:34	19	
57	6:54	20	
58	7:18	24	
59	7:40	22	
3160	8:17	37	* Trip.
61	11:43	21	
62	12:12	24	VIS 14.2 WT. 9.3
63	12:34	19	13 min. up, pump
64	1:03	20	
65	1:20	17	
66	1:45	25	
67	2:04	19	
68	2:23	19	
69	2:35	12	
3170	3:02	27	
71	3:26	24	
72	3:50	21	
73	4:08	18	
74	4:30	21	
75	3:06	30	
76	3:32	29	
77	3:55	23	
3178	4:19	19	15 min conn.

COMPANY WADDELL & DUNN

FARM

MUYER

WELL NO. 1

SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC.

COUNTY

STATE

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE

DRILL PIPE

REMARKS:

SIZE PUMP LINERS

LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3177	6:44	3	
3180	7:07	18	7 min on clutch
81	7:18	20	
82	7:35	8	*
83	7:37	4	
84	7:44	5	
85	8:00	16	
86	8:20	20	
87	8:36	16	
88	8:53	16	
89	9:10	18	
3190	9:24	17	
1	9:44	17	
2	10:00	16	VIS: 35 WT: 3.2
3	10:15	15	
4	10:35	20	
5	10:53	18	
6	11:10	17	
7	11:26	16	
8	11:40	14	
9	11:50	10	
3200	12:05	15	
1	12:25	20	
2	12:45	20	
3	1:05	20	
4	1:30	25	
5	1:50	20	
6	2:10	20	
7	2:30	20	7 MIN CON.
8	4:19	23	1 HR. 33 MIN ON PUMP
9	5:05	29	
3210	5:45	40	TRIP
11	10:47	27	VIS=38 WT=9-3
12	11:06	19	
13	11:33	27	
14	11:53	20	
15	12:15	22	VIS: 45 - 9-4
16	12:35	20	
17	12:54	19	
18	1:17	23	
19	1:35	18	
3236	1:55	20	
21	2:32	15	82 MIN ON PUMP.
22	2:45	3	
23	2:56	1	
24	2:57	1	
25	2:59	3	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
21	2:32	3	
21	2:34	2	CIR. SAMPLE
21	2:35	8	STARTED PUMPING
21	4:12	15	
3239	4:32	15	
31	4:51	18	
32	5:18	17	
33	5:30	17	
34	5:45	20	
35	6:17	52	
36	6:34	17	
37	6:54	3	
38	7:16	15	encountering big setting at 6.00
39	8:10	17	VIS: 37 WT: 9.5
3240	9:39	20	
41	9:45	15	
42	9:51	15	
43	9:57	15	
44	10:03	1	
45	10:15	1	Start TOTAL TIME
46			VIS: 42 WT: 9.5 10:15
47			
48			
49			
50			
51			
52			
53			
54	10:56	11	✓
55	11:10	14	
56	11:26	16	
57	11:40	1	
58	11:50	10	
59	12:00	10	
3240	12:09	9	
61	12:19	8	
62	12:28	9	
63	12:39	11	
64	12:55	16	
65	1:13	18	
66	1:32	17	
67	1:51	19	
68	2:10	19	
69	2:27	17	TRIP
3270	5:10	15	
71	5:40	15	25 MIN ON MUD PUMP
3272	6:18	13	

COMPANY WADDELL + DUNCAN FARM MURRAY
 SEC. 5 TWP. 22S RGE. 27E LOC. SE NW COUNTY COLORADO
 CONTRACTOR STATE APLZ
 REMARKS: DIL & GAS CONSERVATION COMMISSION
 STATE OF ARIZONA
 4515 N. 7th AVE.
 TELEPHONE: 271-5161
 PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85013

WELL NO.

STATE APLZ

SIZE HOLE DRILL PIPE

SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

#2-24

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3173	6:33	15	
74	6:50	17	40 VIS AT 1000-cc WT=9-3
75	7:06	16	
76	7:23	17	
77	7:40	17	6 MINICON
78	7:48	14	
79	8:16	16	
3280	8:34	18	
81	8:55	21	
82	9:16	21	
83	9:35	19	
84	9:53	21	
85	10:16	20	
86	10:43	27	
87	11:10	29	
88	11:35	25	
89	11:51	16	
3290	12:38	15	
91	12:40	12	
92	12:50	10	
93	1:00	24	
94	1:13	25	VIS=36 WT=9-1
95	1:41	16	
96	1:58	17	
97	2:22	24	
98	2:43	21	
99	3:01	21	
3300	3:26	22	
1	3:52	36	
2	4:10	18	
3	4:40	30	
4	5:15	32	
5	5:45	30	TRIP 3 hr. 35 min.
6	6:38	18	
7	7:53	15	VIS 38 WT 9-5
8	10:06	12	CONNECTION 6 min.
9	10:30	12	VIS 35 WT 9-5
3310	10:42	12	
11	10:54	12	
12	11:10	16	
13	11:30	20	
14	11:50	20	
15	12:08	18	
16	12:24	16	
17	12:41	17	
18	12:59	18	
19	1:16	17	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
1	1:33	17	
2	1:41	16	
2	2:05	12	
2	2:18	4	
2	2:35	16	
2	2:52	11	
2	3:07	17	
3	3:27	13	30 min. sitting down
3	3:56	19	TIGHTENING JOINTS
4	4:06	20	
3	4:44	18	
3	5:05	21	
3	5:26	31	
3	5:49	32	
3	6:13	34	VIS=36 WT=9-1
3	6:35	23	
3	7:00	25	
4	7:26	6	
4	7:33	4	9 MINICON
4	7:52	23	
2	8:32	12	
4	8:52	23	
4	9:10	18	
4	9:30	20	
4	9:55	25	
4	10:30	35	TRIP
4	10:55	15	O.D. 3-1/2"
4	11:42	10	
4	12:00	15	
4	12:08	8	
3350	12:40	12	
5	3:33	13	VIS=40-9-4
5	3:48	13	
5	4:00	12	
5	4:17	17	
5	4:37	20	
5	4:58	17	
5	5:13	18	
5	5:30	17	
5	5:45	15	
5	5:57	12	
6	6:07	10	
6	6:28	21	
6	6:40	12	
6	6:50	10	
6	6:55	10	
6	7:05	10	
6	7:15	10	
6	7:30	15	
3360	7:57	12	
6	8:07	10	
6	8:28	21	
6	8:40	12	
6	8:50	10	
6	8:55	10	
6	9:05	10	
6	9:20	15	
6	9:30	15	
6	9:45	15	
6	10:00	15	
6	10:15	10	
6	10:30	15	

COMPANY Wardell & Farnum
SEC. TWP. 22, RGE 27 E LOC.

FARM 91114
COUNTY Custer

WELL NO. 1

CONTRACTOR (4)

STATE Kansas
DRILL PIPE 11 1/2

REMARKS:

SIZE HOLE 7 1/2
SIZE PUMP LINER 7 1/2

LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
33.67	10:50	20	VIS=40 WT=9-4
68	11:10	20	
69	11:30	20	10 MIN CON CHECK PUMP
70	11:51	11	
71	12:03	13	
72	12:19	16	
73	12:32	13	
74	12:42	20	
75	12:50	17	
76	12:57	14	
77	1:33	14	
78	1:33	13	
79	2:08	13	
32.80	2:23	15	VIS=38 WT=9-4
81	2:50	27	
82	3:03	12	10 MIN CON CHECK PUMP
83	3:31	18	
84	3:40	10	
85	-	-	
86	4:06	14	
87	4:20	14	
88	4:33	13	
89	4:53	17	
33.70	5:03	12	VIS=38 WT=9-4
91	5:15	13	
92	5:30	12	
93	5:43	12	
94	5:54	11	
95	6:05	14	
96	6:20	12	
97	6:32	12	
98	6:42	11	10 MIN OUT PUMP
99	7:03	12	10 MIN CON.
314.00	7:27	12	
1	7:39	12	
2	7:58	12	greasing bit setting bits
3	8:10	12	1/16 in.
4	8:34	12	
5	8:48	14	VIS=38 WT=9-4
6	8:59	11	
7	9:10	11	
8	9:34	14	
9	9:39	15	
2410	9:54	15	
1	10:08	14	
2	10:20	12	
3	10:31	11	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	IN.	REMARKS
4	10:43	7	
5	10:53	7	
6	11:03	10	
7	11:13	13	
8	11:21	11	
9	11:35	11	
3420	11:52	15	
21	12:02	7	
22	12:13		* Trip
23	3:12	6	
24	3:26	5	
25	3:34	3	
26	3:42	8	
27	3:55	8	
28	3:57	7	115 MIN CON WORKED, PUMP
29	4:21	9	
3430	4:30	9	
31	4:39	7	
32	4:51	7	
33	4:59	7	
34	5:17	7	
35	5:18	9	
36	5:26	8	
37	5:34	8	
38	5:42	8	
39	5:52	10	
3440	6:01	9	VIS=36 WT=9-4
41	6:11	10	
42	6:21	10	
43	6:31	10	
44	6:42	11	
45	6:52	10	
46	7:02	10	
47	7:11	9	
48	7:21	10	
49	7:30	9	
3450	7:39	9	
51	7:49	10	
52	7:59	10	
53	8:08	9	
54	8:16	8	
55	8:26	10	
56	8:35	9	
57	8:46	11	
58	8:56	10	7 MIN CON
59	9:08	7	
3460	9:19	8	

SEC. 5 TWP. 225 RGE. 225 LOC.

COUNTY COCHISE

STATE ARIZ.

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE 9"

DRILL PIPE 11/4"

REMARKS:

SIZE PUMP LINERS

LENGTH STROKE 14'

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3441	3:29	5	
62	9:35	8	
63	9:44	9	
64	9:53	9	
65	10:03	10	
66	10:11	8	
67	10:18	7	
68	10:29	9	
69	10:34	7	
3470	10:41		
71	10:50	9	
72	11:02	10	
73	11:10	10	
74	11:20	10	
75	11:30	10	VIS 37 W.T. 9.5
76	11:43	12	
77	11:55		
78	12:05	11	
79	12:15	7	
3428	12:24	11	
81	12:37	9	
82	12:47	10	
83	12:55	11	
84	1:06	12	
85	1:19	12	
86	1:32	11	
87	1:45	11	
88	1:58	10	
89	2:11	12	VIS 37 W.T. 9.5
3470	2:22	7	
91	2:27	5	
92	2:31	7	
93	2:43	9	
94	2:55	12	
95	3:04	9	
96	3:15	14	
71	3:28	10	
97	3:41	13	
98	3:52	11	
3500	4:10	18	
01	4:18	8	
02	4:28	10	
03	4:38	10	
04	4:50	12	
05	4:58	8	
06	5:05	7	
07	5:13	8	VIS 37 W.T. 9.5

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3501	5:21	7	
09	6:32	6	
3516	5:37	7	
11	6:45	8	
12	5:52	7	
13	5:57	7	
14	6:03	7	
15	6:16	8	
16	6:21	7	
17	6:30	7	
18	6:37	7	
19	6:45	7	
20	6:52	7	MINING PLATE
21	7:01	7	
22	7:31	10	
23	7:43	9	
24	7:49	7	
25	7:54	7	
26	8:02	7	clearing rock off top of hole
27	8:13	7	
28	8:23	7	
29	8:31	7	
30	8:49	7	VIS 38 W.T. 9.5
31	9:06	8	
32	9:13	6	
33	9:19	7	
34	9:27	8	
35	9:35	8	
36	9:43	7	
37	9:52	9	
38	10:00	7	
39	10:09	7	
40	10:18	9	
3510	10:19	11	
41	10:39	10	VIS 37 W.T. 9.5
42	10:49	10	
43	10:58	9	
44	11:07	9	
45	11:16	9	
46	11:35	9	
47	11:34	9	
48	11:43	9	
49	11:52	9	CONNECTION 6 min.
3550	12:05	7	
50	12:14	9	
51	12:33	9	VIS 38 W.T. 9.5
52	12:32	9	
3554	12:43	11	

COMPANY Wardell - Duvill Co Farm MARRY WELL NO. 1
 SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC. COUNTY STATE
 CONTRACTOR
 REMARKS:

DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	3555	10:30	11		3102	9:39	13	VIS=39 WT=9-5
	6	1:04	10		3	9:40	12	
	7	1:15	11		11	9:59	19	X TRIP 10' 1.1.1
	8	1:27	12		5	10:01	4	
	9	1:38	11		6	1:14	2	
	3560	1:47	9		7	1:31	7	
	1	1:54	7		8	1:37	6	
	2	2:01	7		9	1:41		
	3	2:07	8		3610	1:46	7	8' 3/4" 10' 1.1.1
	4	2:17	8		11	2:01		
	5	2:25	8		12	2:11		
	6	2:32	7		13	2:21		
	7	2:38	6		14	2:31		
	8	2:45	7		15	2:41		
	9	3:53	8		16	3:16	3	
	3570	3:03	9	VIS=39 WT=9-5	17	2:51	5	
	71	3:13	11		18	3:26	6	
	72	3:25	12		19	3:36		
	73	3:35	10		3620	2:31		
	74	3:50	10		1	3:41		8' 3/4" 9-5
	75	4:03	13		2	3:52		
	76	4:14	11		3	4:12		
	77	4:27	13		4	4:22		
	78	4:38	11		5	4:32		
	79	4:50	12	10' MIN CON SHOT RIG	6	4:42		
	3580	5:10	10		7	5:08		
	81	5:20	10		8	5:15		
	82	5:32	12		9	5:21		
	83	5:48	16		10	5:30		
	84	5:57	9		11	5:39	9	
	85	6:05	10		12	6:46	7	
	86	6:17	12		13	6:55	9	
	87	6:28	11		14	7:04	6	
	88	6:40	12	VIS=39 WT=9-5	15	7:13	5	
	89	6:52	12		16	7:22	6	
	3590	7:04	12		17	7:30	7	
	91	7:12	9		18	7:35	5	20 min 4.04. PUMP
	92	7:23	11		19	7:03	8	
	93	7:34	11		20	6:10	7	
	94	7:42	8		21	5:10	5	20 min 4.04. MAKING COH.
	95	7:53	11		22	5:41	6	AND WORK ON RIG
	96	8:03	10		23	5:48	7	
	97	8:15	12		24	6:55	7	
	98	8:28	13		25	6:03	8	
	99	8:40	12		26	6:10	7	
	3600	8:57	17		27	6:17	7	
	01	9:11	14		3640	6:25	8	

COMPANY "D" ADD'L DRILLING CO.

SEC. 5 TWP. 2 SRGE 27 E. LOC.

CONTRACTOR

REMARKS:

FARM *Thurman*

COUNTY *Pawnee*

WELL NO. *1*

STATE *KAN.*

SIZE HOLE *7 1/2"*

DRILL PIPE *1 1/2"*

SIZE PUMP LINERS *7 1/2"* LENGTH STROKE "

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3647	6:50	7	
3680	6:40	8	
3711	6:49	9	
3716	6:55	6	
3721	7:01	6	
3724	7:07	7	
3725	7:15	7	
3724	7:24	8	
3732	7:32	8	
3737	7:40	8	
3741	7:44	9	changes all materials - 100 ft. below
3766	9:12	8	1 hr. 45 min.
3766	9:31	9	
3771	9:37	8	
3774	9:46	7	
3773	9:53	7	
3780	10:00	7	
3780	10:07	7	
3780	10:15	8	
3780	10:23	8	
3789	10:31	7	
3670	10:39	8	
3710	10:48	8	CONNECTION 11 min.
3710	11:06	8	
3713	11:14	8	
3714	11:31	7	
3715	11:28	7	
3716	11:35	7	
3717	11:42	7	
3718	11:51	9	
3719	12:00	9	
3680	12:10	10	
3680	12:30	10	Vis 37 Cut. 7.4
3680	12:31	11	
3681	12:41	10	
3684	12:50	9	
3685	12:59	9	
3686	1:07	8	
3687	1:14	7	
3688	1:21	7	
3689	1:29	8	
3690	1:36	7	
3691	1:44	8	
3692	1:53	9	
3693	2:03	10	
3694	2:15	12	
3695	2:27	12	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3700	2:37	10	
3701	2:50	13	
3702	3:35	13	45 MIN ON PUMP CLUTCH
3703	3:58	10	10 MIN ON MUD PUMP
3704	4:38	10	60 MIN ON MUD PUMP
3705	4:45	10	8 MIN CON
3710	5:06	8	
3711	5:12	6	
3712	5:21	9	
3713	5:34	13	
3714	5:45	11	
3715	5:55	10	
3716	6:05	10	
3717	6:15	10	
3718	6:32	17	
3719	6:46	14	
3720	6:59	13	
3721	7:10	11	
3722	7:23	13	
3723	7:40	17	
3724	7:57	17	
3725	8:12	15	
3726	8:26	14	
3727	8:38	12	
3728	8:50	12	
3729	9:27	12	25 MIN ON MUD PUMP
3730	9:37	10	
3731	9:48	11	VIS = 37 MFT = 9-4
3732	10:00	12	
3733	10:13	13	
3734	10:25	12	
3735	10:36	11	
3736	11:00	13	
3737	11:27	7	33 min. on pump
3738	12:15	8	
3739	12:25	10	
3740	12:36	13	5 min. con
3741	12:53	10	
3742	1:00	7	
3743	1:10	10	
3744	1:19	9	VIS = 37 MFT = 9-4
3745	1:28	9	
3746	1:49	21	
3747	1:55	14	
3748	2:06	11	
3749	2:17	11	
3750	2:30	13	

COMPANY YODDICK & DUCHA

FARM McHenry

WELL NO. 7

SEC. 14 TWP. 1 RGE. LOC.

COUNTY Cass STATE Kansas

CONTRACTOR

SIZE HOLE DRILL PIPE

REMARKS:

SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3743	3:34	12	
67	3:57	12	
118	3:57	10	
46	3:57	9	
41	3:57	1	
27	3:57	13	
107	3:57	12	
2154	4:00	12	
21	4:00	11	
22	4:01	11	
23	4:05	14	
24	4:08	13	
25	4:18	12	
26	4:17	17	
27	4:17	11	
28	4:36	10	
29	5:15	12	TRIP 4 HRS 5 CALL
30	5:53	8	
41	10:06	8	
42	10:14	8	
43	10:22	8	
44	10:30	8	
45	10:37	7	
46	10:44	7	
47	10:51	7	
48	10:58	7	
49	11:35	7	
50	11:43	8	
51	11:20	7	
52	11:37	7	
53	11:35	8	
54	11:43	8	
55	11:50	7	
56	11:56	6	
57	12:00	11	
58	12:05	5	VI = 36 WT = 9.5
59	12:10	5	
3780	12:15	5	
1	12:10	5	
2	12:27	7	
3	12:35	8	
4	12:42	7	
5	12:47	7	
6	12:55	6	
7	1:00	5	
8	1:07	7	
9	1:15	9	VI = 36 WT = 9.5

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3740	1:16	10	CONNECTIONS
91	2:22	10	
92	2:32	10	
93	2:44	12	
94	3:17	33	
95	4:05	43	TRIP 4 HRS 5 CALL
96	8:10	16	WORK ON 12:15
97	8:33	7	
98	8:40	7	
99	8:47	7	
3800	8:53	6	
1	9:10	17	
2	9:27	17	
3	9:50	23	VI = 36 WT = 9.5
4	10:14	24	
5	10:31	17	
6	10:45	14	
7	11:09	14	
8	11:30	21	
9	11:51	1	
3810	12:02	27	
11	12:12	22	
12	1:02	0	
13	1:23	23	
14	1:50	25	
15	2:13	23	VI = 36 WT = 9.5
16	2:33	20	
17	2:52	19	
18	3:12	15	
19	3:35	20	
3820	4:02	27	TRIP 4 HRS 5 CALL
1	8:44	12	
2	9:08	11	
3	9:19	11	
4	9:30	11	
5	9:42	12	VI = 35 WT = 9.5
6	10:12	30	
7	10:26	14	
8	10:40	14	
9	10:51	11	VI = 34 WT = 9.5
3830	11:02	11	
1	11:22	20	
2	11:43	21	
3	12:00	7	> Hard
4	12:20	30	gumbo like Sand
5	13:38	18	18 C
3836	1:10	32	TRIP 4 HRS 5 CALL
			8:10/4:00

COMPANY Wichita Falls Petroleum FARM 1200 WELL NO. 11
 SEC. 10 TWP. 10 RGE. 10 LOC. 10 COUNTY Garrett Co. STATE Texas
 CONTRACTOR SIZE HOLE 10 1/2" DRILL PIPE 10 1/2"
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINERS LENGTH STROKE

DATE							
DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3837	2:55	7		3884	1:55	2	2 MIN CON
38	3:05	8		35	1:13	3	
39	3:12	7		86	1:15	10	97 min. 107.0 ft.
3840	3:50	18		87	1:17	3	
41	3:55	25		88	1:20	1	
42	4:02	8		89	1:25	1	
43	4:13	9		3890	1:17	2	OK 6:17 2:17 TRIP
44	4:23	23		91	1:26	5	
45	4:48	13		92	1:25	15	
46	4:57	9		93	1:27	1	
47	5:17	30		94	1:17	6	
48	5:25	3		95	1:24	7	
44	5:42	17		96	1:44	16	9: casing rig 23 min.
3850	6:22	22	38 min. 100 ft. 1:16	97	2:23	23	
1	11:52	15	Drill -	98	9:55	42	
2	12:15	10		99	9:55	50	
3	12:25	10		3870	3:32	12	TRIP & READING
4	12:45	8	8:45 TRIP 10 min.	13:50	3:59	9	8 MIN CHECKING RIG
5	12:51	8		14:09	10		
6	12:58	7		14:19	10		
7	1:04	6		14:38	9	VIS=36 WT=9.1	
8	1:10	6		14:34	6		
9	1:17	7		14:44	10		
3860	1:24	7		14:50	6		
1	1:31	7		15:05	15		
2	1:39	8		15:23	18		
3	1:47	8		3970	6:05	42	
4	1:57	10		11	6:35	30	
5	2:11	14	VIS=10 WT=9.2	12	7:03	28	TRIP
6	2:34	23		13	10:58	15	13 MIN CON.
7	3:17	42	15 MIN CHECKING RIG	3914	11:18	37	DOWN
8	3:32	42	TRIP. 4 HRS	12			TESTING & RUNNING
9	8:15	42		13			RIG TO DRILLING
3870	8:34	10		14			TWO PLUGS
71	8:44	10		15			
72	8:56	13		16			
73	9:06	10		17			
74	9:14	8		18			
75	9:24	10		19			
76	9:34	10		3920	1		
77	9:48	14		2			
78	10:02	14		3			
79	10:12	10		4			
3850	10:20	8		5			
31	10:38	8		6			
32	10:38	10		7			
83	10:48	10	VIS=38 WT=9.1	8			
				9			

COMPANY Weddell - Duncan Co FARM Murray
 SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC. COUNTY Cochise STATE AZ
 CONTRACTOR C. M. Drilling SIZE HOLE 7 $\frac{1}{8}$ " DRILL PIPE 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
 REMARKS: Please see 171975 C. M. Drilling

DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	3918	1:50	20	Started drilling	3962	2:00	9	
	6	1:50	20	made tests & run pipe	62	2:12	10	
	7	2:30	7		64	2:22	10	
	8	2:40	10		65	2:30	8	
	9	2:45	22		66	2:54	21	
	3920	2:51	19		67	3:12	19	
	1	3:00	17		68	3:32	19	
	2	10:37	18		69	3:42	13	
	3	10:53	16		3970	4:08	10	
	4	11:37	14		70	4:30	15	7:30 AM
	5	11:21	14		71	10:40	10	7:30 AM long day shift
	6	11:37	16		72	10:50	10	
	7	11:43	16		74	10:59	9	
	8	12:03	20		75	11:08	9	
	9	12:23	20	7:56 9.2	76	11:18	10	
	3930	12:43	20		77	11:30	12	
	1	1:03	20		78	11:42	12	
	2	1:21	18		3979	11:57	12	
	3	1:35	14		2980			
	4	1:47	14					
	5	2:07	18					
	6	2:25	18					
	7	3:45	20					
	8	3:08	23					
	9	3:26	18					
	3940	3:38	4:00	2:21				
	41	4:20	20					
	42	4:45	25					
	43	5:09	24					
	44	5:35	26	TRIP 4 HRS				
	45	9:35	18					
	46	10:10	18					
	47	10:27	17					
	48	10:40	13					
	49	10:58	18					
	3950	11:16	18					
	51	11:35	19					
	52	11:50	15					
	53	12:04	14					
	54	12:20	16					
	55	12:35	15					
	56	12:47	12					
	57	1:02	15					
	58	1:18	16					
	59	1:31	13					
	3960	1:42	11					
	37	1:53	11					

COMPANY Waddell-Duncan Co FARM Murray WELL NO. 1
 SEC. TWP. RGE. LOC. Cochise STATE A 12
 CONTRACTOR Co. SIZE HOLE 7 1/8 DRILL PIPE 7 1/2
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINER 7" LENGTH STROKE 19"

DATE Oct. 26/58

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
3980	12:05	11	
1	12:15	10	
2	12:26	11	
3	12:37	11	
4	12:48	11	
5	12:59	11	
6	1:10	11	
7	1:20	10	
8	1:31	9	
9	1:42	11	
3990	1:53	13	<i>Det. 3990 - 4 min. down</i>
1	2:07	14	
2	2:23	16	
3	2:48	18	
4	2:57	12	
5	3:09	12	
6	3:30	11	
7	3:32	12	
8	3:40	15	
9	4:11	16	
4000	4:23	12	8 MIN CON
1	4:34	9	
2	4:53	13	
3	5:09	17	
4	5:22	13	
5	5:35	13	
6	6:PM	25	4 HRS TRIP (WTR)
7	10PM	7	
8	10:14	7	
9	10:22	8	
4010	10:31	9	
11	10:41	10	
12	10:50	9	
13	11:PM	10	
14	11:10	10	
15	11:20	10	
16	11:32	12	
17	11:48	10	6 min. greasing up
18	11:55	7	
19	12:10	15	
4020	12:23	13	
21	12:35	12	
22	12:47	12	
23	1:00	13	
24	1:13	13	
25	1:29	15	
26	1:43	15	

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
4027	1:55	12	
28	2:10	15	
29	2:28	18	
4030	2:43	15	
31	3:00	18	TRIP. W. 1F.
32	1:00	7	Milling in and Repair 11'
33	1:15	8	
34	1:22	7	
35	1:29	7	
6	1:35	6	
7	1:41	6	
8	1:47	6	
7	1:53	6	
4040	1:59	6	
1	2:05	6	
2	2:12	7	
3	2:18	6	
4	2:34	6	
5	2:30	6	
6	2:36	6	
7	3:42	6	
8	3:48	6	
7	3:55	7	
4050	3:04	9	
1	3:13	9	
4052	3:48	16	Circulating

COMPANY Weddell-Duncan Co FARM Murray WELL NO. 1
 SEC. 5 TWP. 22, RGE. 27E LOC. 1
 COUNTY Cochise STATE ARIZ
 CONTRACTOR 3 SIZE HOLE 7 1/2" DRILL PIPE 9 1/2"
 REMARKS: SIZE PUMP LINERS 7" LENGTH STROKE 18"

DATE Oct. 27

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
9053	4:20	16	
54	4:35	15	
53	4:48	13	7' C.I.L. + 10'
56	4:53	15	A.M.
57	4:57	11	TRIP. LAST 10' - 11:00
58	11:20	20	DTT = 31
59	11:51	11	
4060	12:00	8	CONNECTION 12 mi
1	12:29	9	
3	13:37	10	
3	12:53	14	
4	1:09	16	
5	1:26	17	
6	1:46	20	
7	2:02	18	VIS. 52 WT. 8.9
8	2:22	20	
9	2:40	18	
4070	2:57	17	
1	3:13	16	
2	3:27	14	
3	3:41	14	
4	3:55	14	
5	4:09	14	
6	4:23	14	
7	4:37	14	
8	4:52	15	
9	5:10	18	
4080	5:28	18	
1	5:44	16	
2	6:00	16	
3	6:17	17	
4	6:34	17	
5	6:50	16	
6	7:06	16	
7	7:21	15	
8	7:35	14	
9	7:49	14	
4090	8:03	14	
8	8:20	17	
9	8:38	18	
9	1:50	10	Trips
94	1:20	10	
95	1:30	10	
91	1:28	12	VIS = 43, WT = 8.6
97	1:50	18	
98	1:54	14	
99	1:20	16	

TOTAL DRILL TIME SHEET # 500
DRILLING TIME PRINT CO., WICHITA, KAN.

DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
4100	10:35	15	VIS. 411 WT = 8.9
1	10:53	18	
2	11:12	19	
3	11:30	18	VIS. 44 WT = 8.9
4	11:50	30	
5	12:13	22	
6	12:34	22	VIS = 43 WT = 8.9
7	1:56	32	
8	1:30	14	VIS = 40 WT = 8.9
9	1:44	14	
4110	2:37	13	
11	2:22	21	VIS = 40 WT = 8.9
12	2:52	24	
13	3:16	14	
14	3:40	14	VIS = 42 WT = 8.9
15	4:10	30	Trips
16	4:52	12	
17	8:03	11	VIS = 37 DTS = 8.8
18	8:14	11	
19	8:26	12	VIS = 35 WT = 8.8
4120	8:38	12	
1	8:51	13	VIS = 43 - 10' 9.
2	9:18	18	CON. 9 min.
3	9:36	18	
4	9:53	17	
5	10:09	16	VIS = 40 - 10' 9.
6	10:26	17	
7	10:43	17	
8	11:07	14	
9	11:26	19	
4130	11:42	16	
1	12:00	18	VIS = 40 - 10' 9.
2	12:20	20	
3	12:42	22	
4	1:00	18	
5	1:22	22	VIS. H3 - W. 9.
6	1:41	19	
7	2:00	19	
8	2:20	20	VIS. 49 - W. 8.9
9	2:39	19	
4140	2:58	19	
1	3:25	27	
2			
3			
4			
5			

Missing 4141-4329

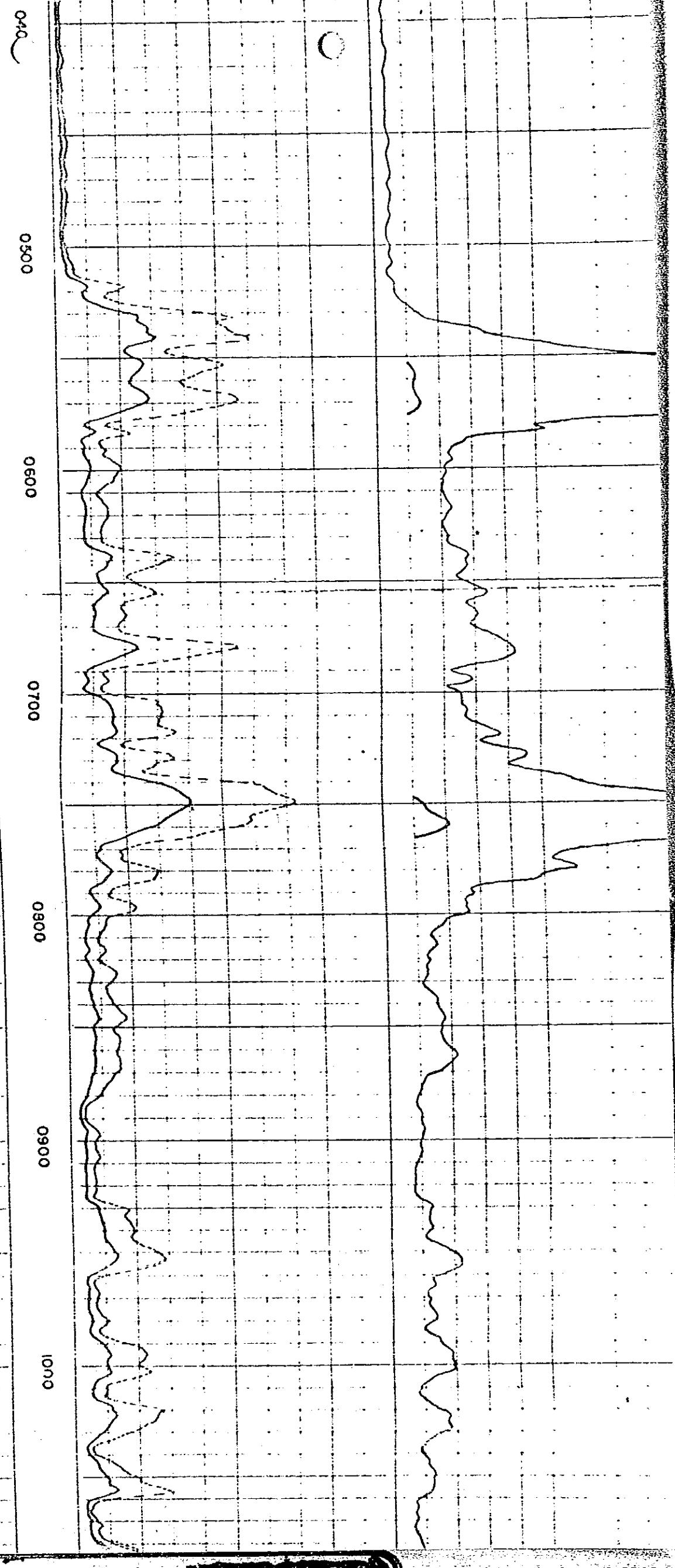
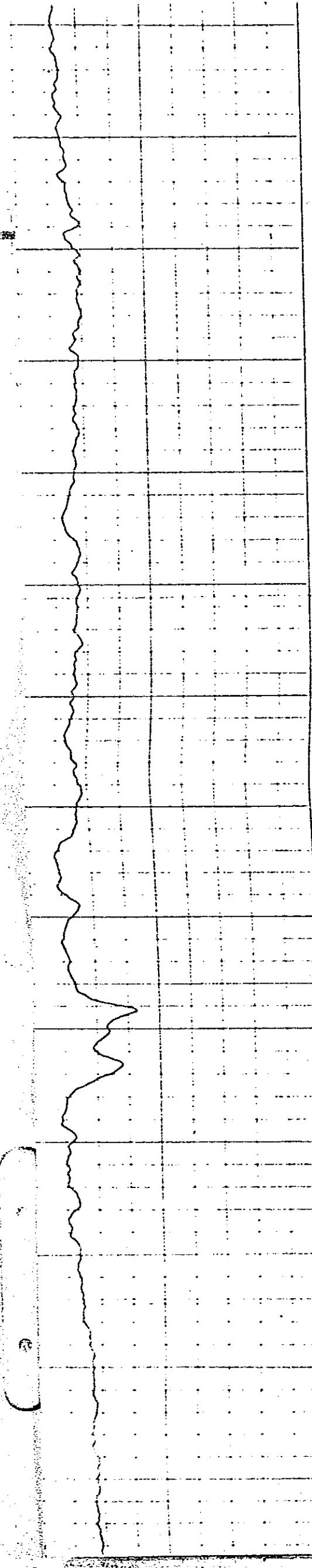
COMPANY W.M. HILL & SONS FARM MICHIGAN WELL NO. 1
 SEC. 1 TWP. 5 RGE. 27 LOC. 1
 COUNTY Cochran STATE Okla
 CONTRACTOR
 REMARKS: 300-7
300-2

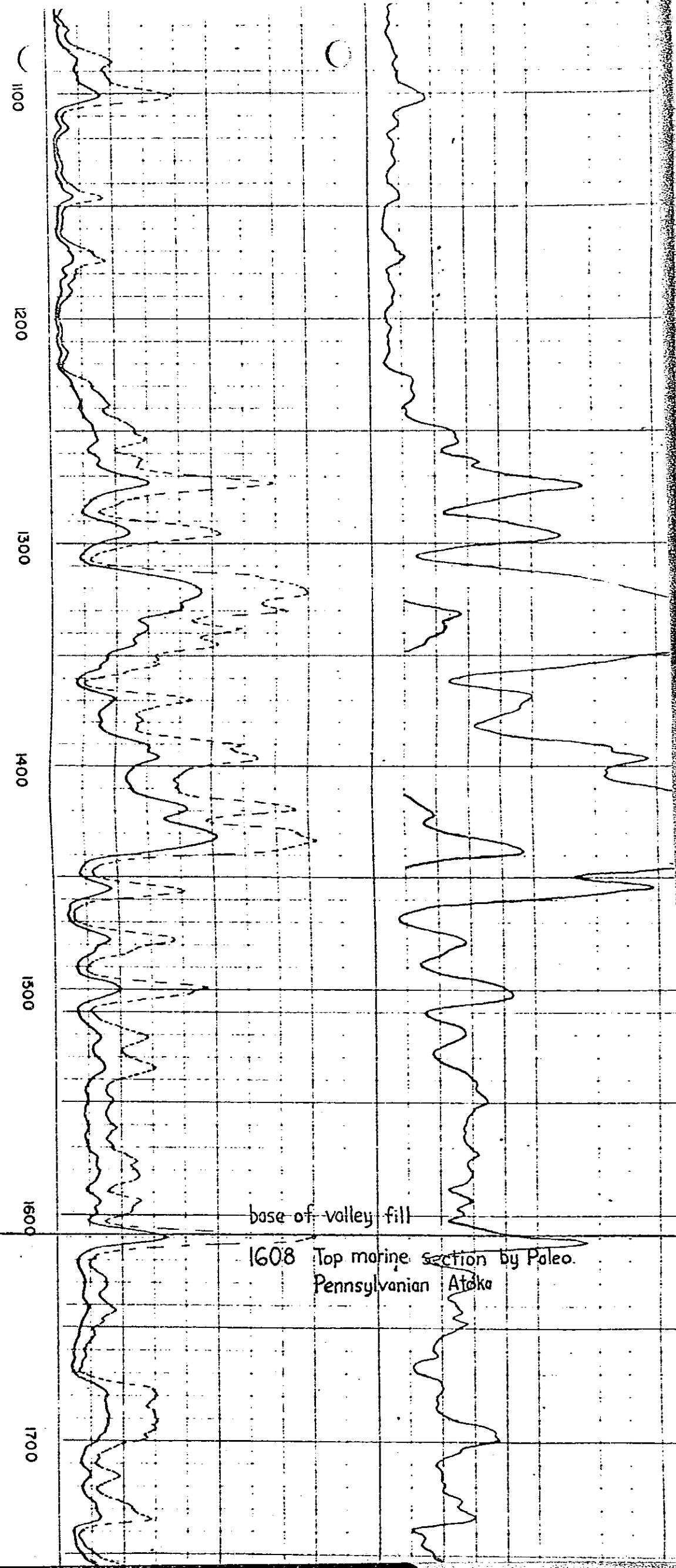
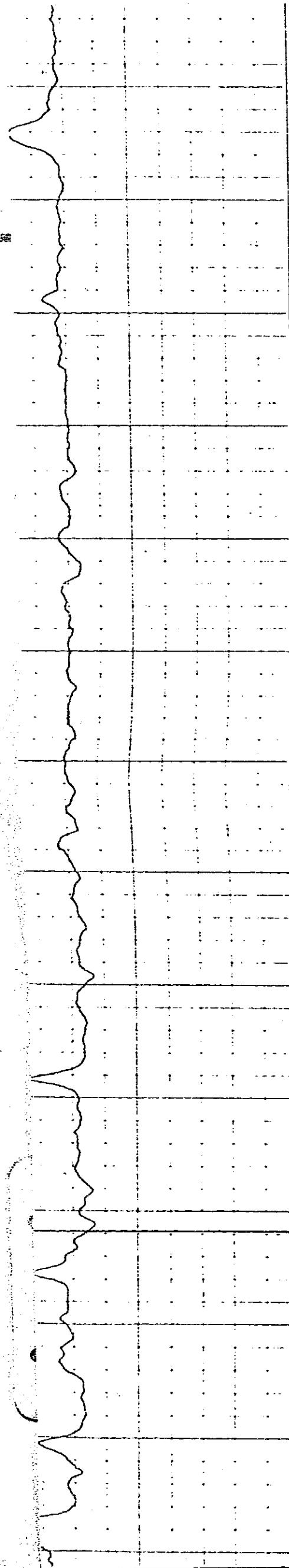
SIZE HOLE 7 1/2 DRILL PIPE 10 1/2

SIZE PUMP LINERS 7 1/2 LENGTH STROKE 14

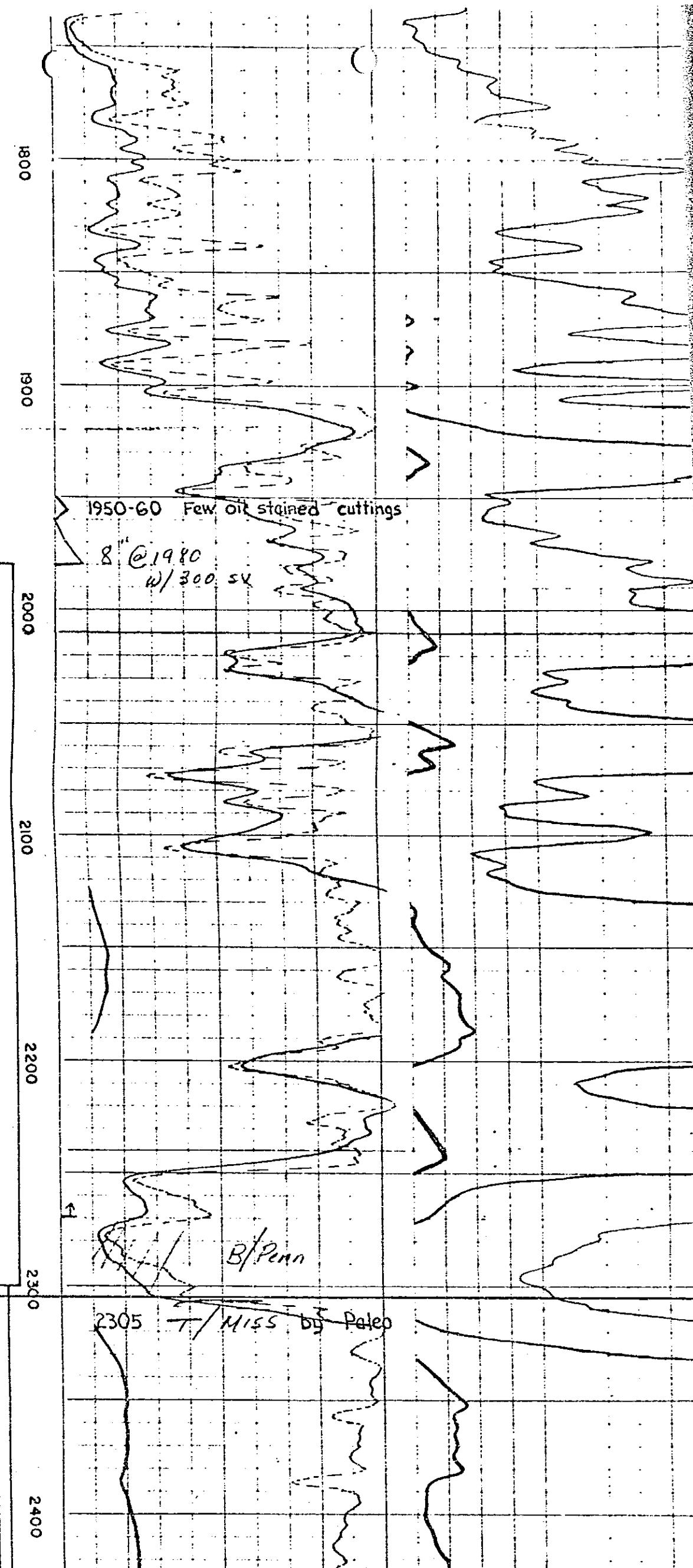
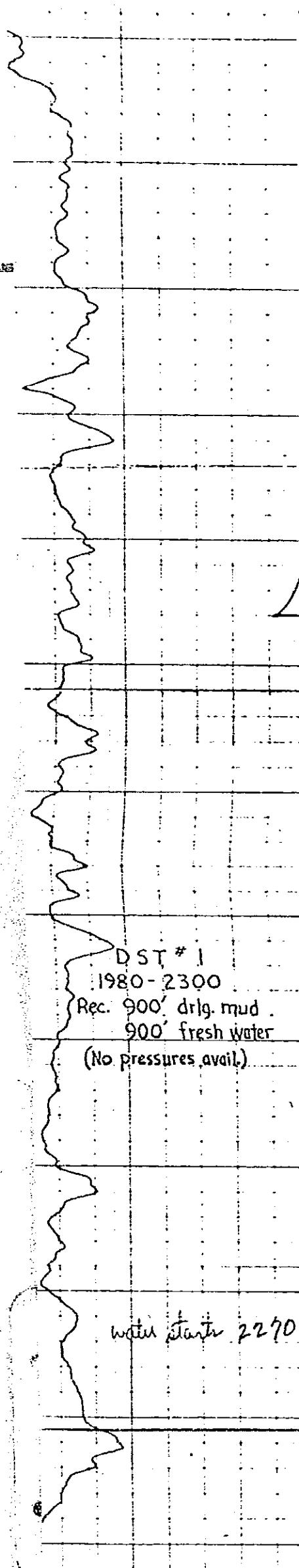
DATE	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS	DEPTH	TIME O'CLOCK	MIN.	REMARKS
	4 8:24				6	10:15		
	4330 12:57	12			7	10:30		
	1 1:10	13			8	10:43	13	
	2 1:24	14			9	10:57	11	
	3 1:38	12			"	11:10	12	
	4 3:33	17		2 HR 6 MIN. CON & WDRS	11380 11:23			
	5 3:44	17			1 11:36			
	5 3:59	15		ON MOTOR	2 11:50			
	6 4:15	16			3 11:59	1		5 MIN. CON & WDRS
	7 6:15	15		2 HR 5 CON & MOTOR	4 12:09			
	8 6:38	15			5 12:45	15		
	9 6:45	15			6 12:50	2		
	9 7:48	15		1 HR CON & MOTOR	7 1:01	1		
	4340 8:25	15		10 MIN. = = =	8 1:18			
	1 8:39	14			9 1:32	17		
	2 8:53	14			11390 1:54			
	3 9:07	14		VIS. PT. 107-8-6	1 2:10	16		
	4 9:31	14			2 2:38	18		
	5 9:35	14			3 2:46	17		
	6 9:50	15			4 3:05	11		
	7 10:05	15			5 3:30	17	XMAS CON.	
	8 10:21	16			6 3:45	15		
	9 10:35	14			7 4:03	13		
	4350 10:50	15			8 4:20	17		
	1 11:05	15		NOV. 11.	9 4:40	20		
	2 11:20	15		VIS. 34 - 1078.7	4400 5:05	35		
	3 11:36	16						
	4 11:50	14						
	5 12:04	14						
	6 12:19	15						
	7 12:34	15						
	8 12:49	15						
	9 1:03	14						
	4360 1:17	14						
	1 1:32	15						
	2 1:47	15						
	3 2:03	16		connection & misc.				
	4 2:49	16		30 mi.				
	5 3:06	17						
	6 3:25	19						
	7 3:42	17						
	8 3:59	17						
	9 4:16	19						
	4370 4:32	16						
	1 4:47	15						
	2 5:02	15						
	3 5:18	16						
	4 5:34	16						
	5 5:50	16		Trip - 4 hr. 25 mi.				

DEPTH	TIME	RECORD
0	0000	
100	0000	
200	0000	
300	0000	
400	0000	
500	0000	
600	0000	
700	0000	
800	0000	
900	0000	
1000	0000	
1100	0000	
1200	0000	
1300	0000	
1400	0000	
1500	0000	
1600	0000	
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3100	0000	
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3800	0000	
3900	0000	
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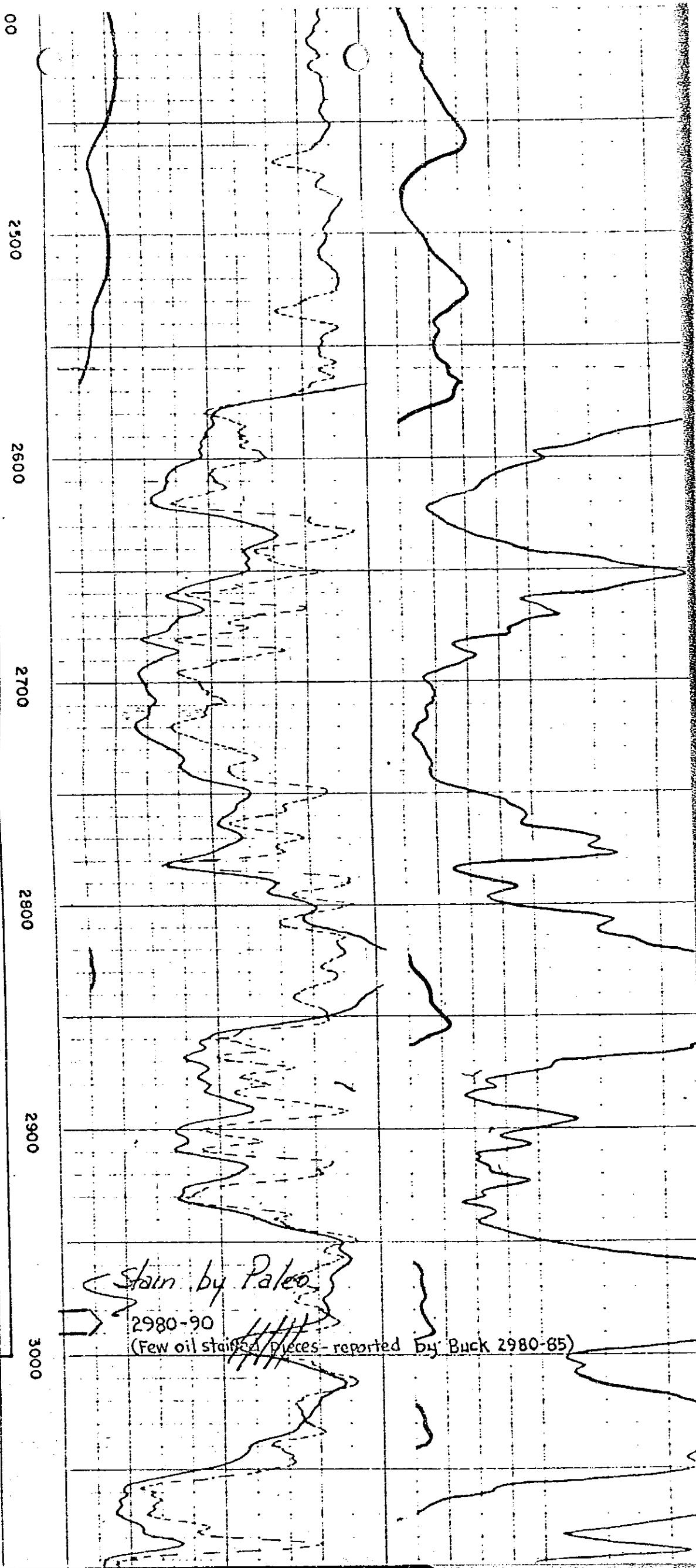


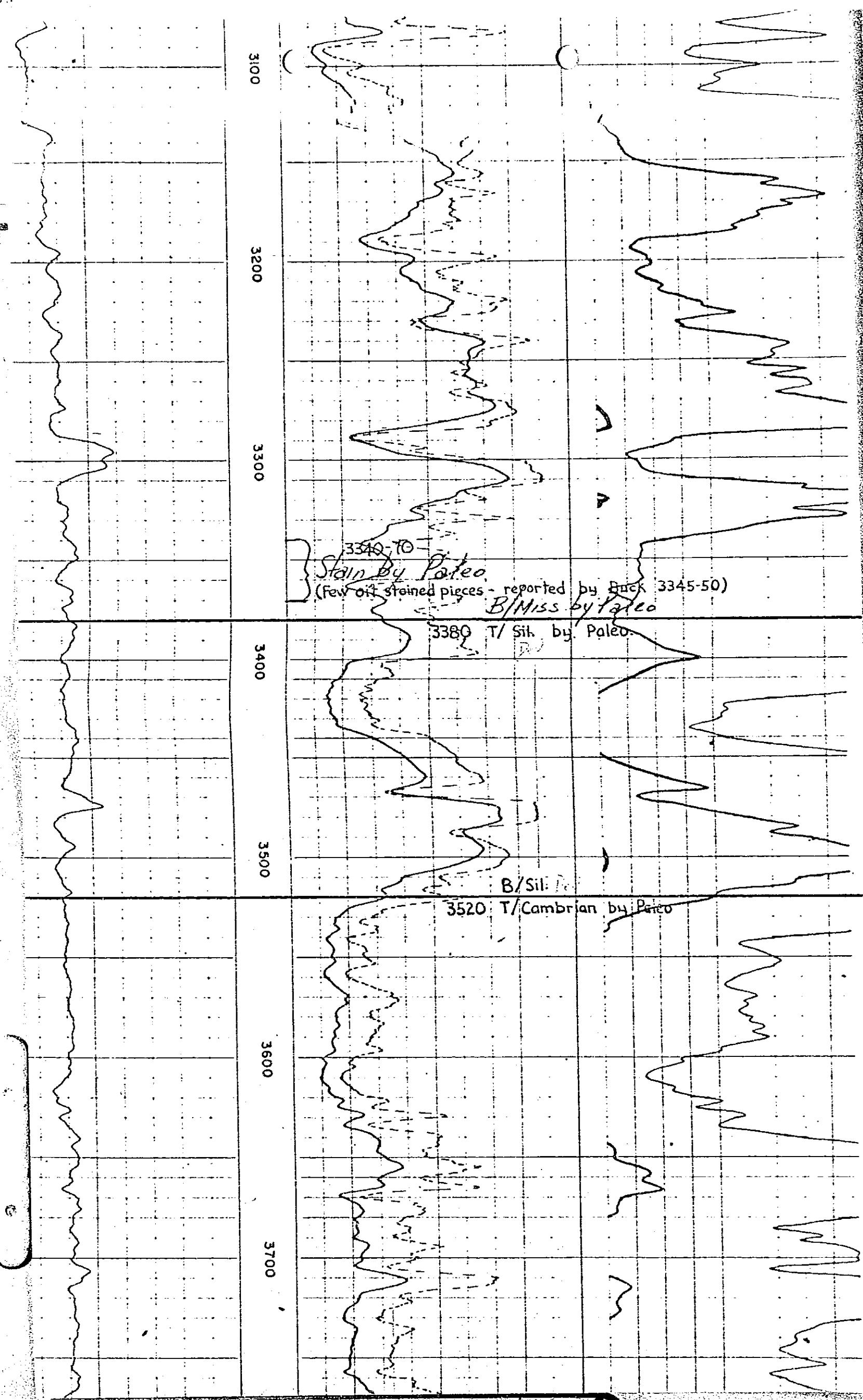


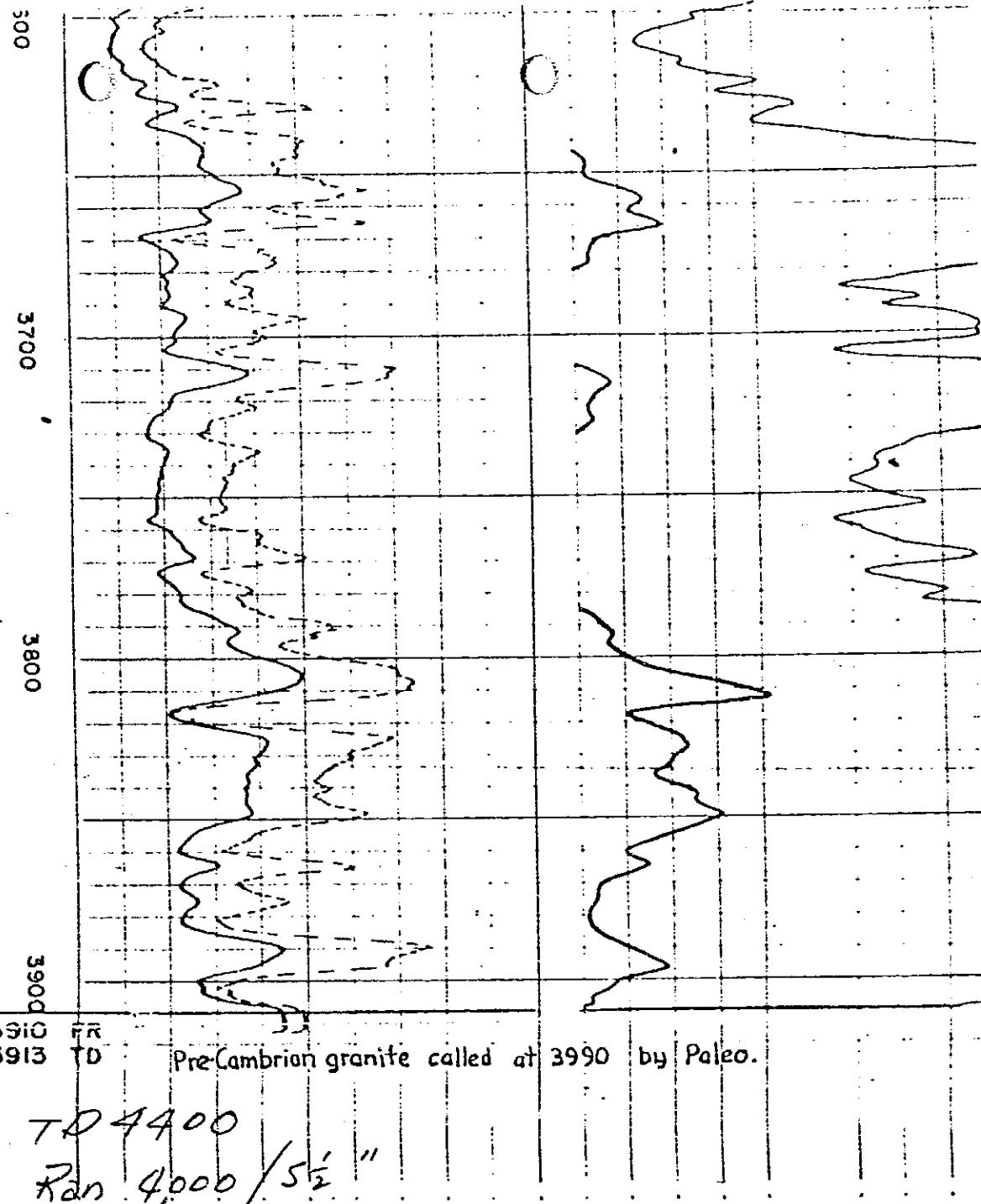
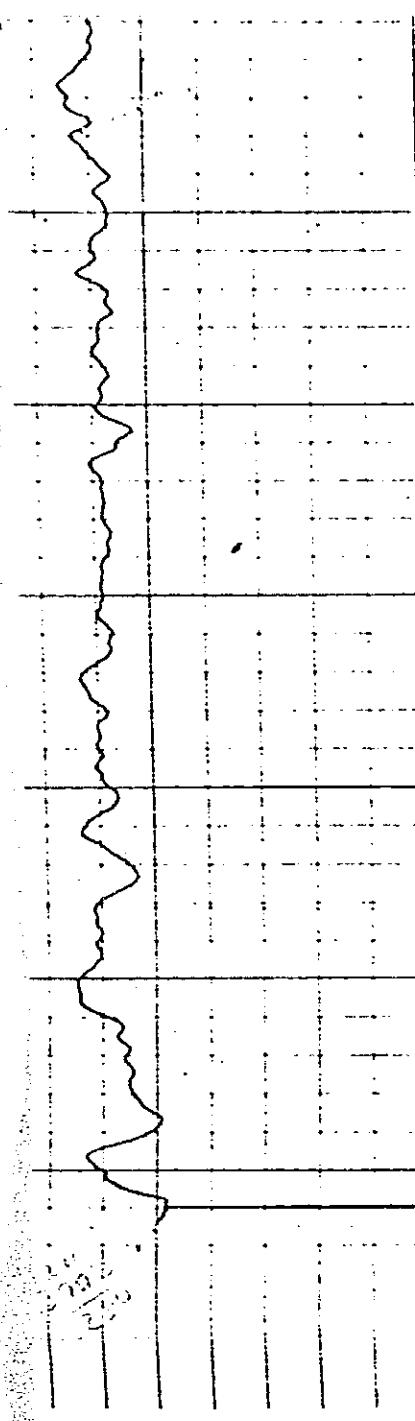
1608 Top marine section by Paleo.
Pennsylvanian Atoka



DIST #2
2300-3000
Rec: 3000' drilg. mud
(No pressures avail)







3910 FR
3913 TO

PreCambrian granite called at 3990 by Paleo.

TD 4400
Ran 4,000 / 5½ "



OFFICE OF

Oil and Gas Conservation Commission

STATE OF ARIZONA

4515 NORTH 7TH AVE.
PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85013
PHONE: (602) 271-5161

April 7, 1971

Sr. Arsenio Navarro Galindo
Petroleos Mexicanos
Box 2406
El Paso, Texas 79952

Dear Sir:

In appreciation for your cooperation regarding the wells your company is drilling in Chihuahua, Mr. John Bannister has requested I send you all reliable information we have on wells drilled in southeastern Arizona.

Under separate cover I am sending you a number of electric logs on some of these wells. They are shown on the enclosed list.

Transmitted herewith is information on some of the above wells and on other wells in Cochise and Santa Cruz counties. We are sending you the data on all known Paleozoic tests as well as other tests indicating the thicknesses of the Qaternary and Tertiary formations in the Intermontane valleys.

The enclosed data includes the following:

Cochise County

Fraser #1 State Section 19-T21S-R23E
Sample Log by Loren Buck

R. B. Moncrief #1 Davis-Clark Section 5-T21S-R24E
The Am-Strat sample tops on this well are as follows:

Cretaceous	0'
Permo-Pennsylvanian	1135'
Mississippian	2520'
Devonian	3026'
Cambrian	3510'
Total Depth	3525'

Waddell-Duncan #1 Murray

Page 2
Sr. Arsenio Navarro Galindo
April 7, 1971

Southwest Oil Company #1 Davis-Clark Section 5-T21S-R24E
Drill Stem Test #1

Sample Log
Letter report by Kenneth G. Smith (Continental Company). (We have no additional information as to how heavily oil cut the mud was in the drill stem test mentioned by Mr. Smith.)

Allen #1 Davis Section 25-T21S-R25E

The electric log of this well to a depth of 4947' sent under separate cover is of the original hole which was drilled to a total depth of 5450' ending in Tertiary (?) in 1953. In 1963 R. B. Moncrief set 9-5/8" casing at 385' and drilled a new hole to 4024' and made some tests.

Waddell-Duncan #1 Murray Section 5-T22S-R27E

Electric Log is included with this letter.
Tops: Loren Buck and Richard Hollingworth, both experienced geologists, have examined samples from this well. Their correlations differ slightly and a composite of them would be as follows:

Valley Fill	0'
Morita (shaly conglomerate)	560'
Naco	1610'
Mississippian	2305'
Devonian	3380'
Cambrian	3520'
Pre-Cambrian	3990'

Shows of gas and oil were reported from this well; and, casing was run and perforated at various levels but only 900' of water and 900' of mud was recovered.

Ari-Tex #1 Goins Section 4-T24S-R23E

No logs are available on this well but it is believed to have stopped in the Permian.

Thomson #2 State Section 2-T24S-R31E

This well is believed to have started and ended in the Naco group.

Santa Cruz County

R. L. Jones #1 Larimore Section 9-T20S-R16E
Halliburton Well Log is enclosed with this letter.

A relatively large number of wells drilled in Cochise County have reported shows of oil and gas including some of the wells for which we are sending you electric logs. We are unable at this time to determine which of these alleged

Page 3
Sr. Arsenio Navarro Galindo
April 7, 1971

shows are authentic; although, apparently there have been some genuine shows of oil and gas in some wells.

Within a few days we expect to be able to send you a geologic report and maps of the Guadalupe Structure near the southeastern corner of Cochise County on which a deep test may be drilled this year. The proposed well will be located near the center of Section 2-T24S-R31E.

We trust the data we are sending you will prove of some value to you. We will be happy to answer any questions you may have regarding these wells.

Sincerely,



Edward A. Koester
Staff Geologist

EAK:jd
Enc.

LIST OF DATA SENT TO SR. ARSENIO NAVARRO GALINDO
IN MAILING TUBE

Waddell-Duncan #1 McComb Section 23-T13S-R24E
Lane Wells Log
Electric Log

Arizona Oil & Gas #1 State Section 36-T14S-R30E
Micro-Log

R. B. Moncrief #1 State Section 17-T21S-R23E
Welex Tracer Logs #1 and #2
Simco Formation Log

Fraser #1 State Section 19-T21S-R23E
Radio Log

R. B. Moncrief #1 Davis-Clark Section 5-T21S-R24E
Induction Electric Log

Southwest Oil Company #1 Davis-Clark Section 5-T21S-R24E
Electric Log

Allen #1 Davis Section 25-T21S-R25E
Electric Log

**ARIZONA
STATE LAND DEPARTMENT**

Lease or
Permit No.....

Lessee's Monthly Report of Operations

HARRIS-DUNCAN CO., COCHISE AND GRAHAM COUNTIES, ARIZONA

The following is a correct report of operations and production (including drilling and producing wells) for the month of JULY, 1950.

Agent's Address Box 311, Willcox, Arizona Company WADDELL-DUNCAN CO.

Signed.....
Agent's Title.....

Section and $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{4}$	Town- ship	Range	Days Pro- duced	Barrels of Oil	Gravity	Cubic Feet of Gas (in Thousands)	Gallons of Gasoline	Barrels of Water (if None so State)	Remarks (if drilling, depth; shutdown, cause; date and resu- lt of test for gasoline content of gas)
URGED LARGE DERRICK AND ROTARY RIG FOR 7500 FT. TEST WELL SPANNING SECTION FIVE, TOWNSHIP 22S, RANGE 27 EAST, COCHISE COUNTY, CHARTERED THIRTEEN THREE EIGHTS INCH SURFACE CASING USING 125 SACKS CEMENT, HALLIBURTON OIL WELL CEMENTING CO. OF MIDLAND, TEXAS FINISHED RUNNING CEMENT AT DAYBREAK AUGUST FIRST, 1959.									

NOTE:—There were No. runs or sales of oil; No. runs or sales of gas
runs or sales of gasoline during the month. (Write "no" where applicable.)

NOTE:—Report on this form is required for each calendar month, regardless of the status of operations, and must be filed in triplicate with the Commissioner by the 6th of the succeeding month, unless otherwise directed by the Commissioner.

Approved:

WADDELL-DUNCAN CO.,
Company
By LLOYD DUNCAN Lloyd Duncan
Title PARTNER BOX 311.

No. 1
Well Wedell-Duncan-Murray

Type RIG

A B C D I n s i t u (D-22-27)5

Date begun

sec. 5-T 22 S E R 27 N

County Coalville

Date completed

MAY 16, 1952 Run by R. E. Beer

Location

Date completed MAY 16, 1952 Run by R. E. Beer

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Remarks
				Minor Constituents	Major Constituents	
50'	Clayey sand	Medium brown	Fine, angular to rounded.			
60'	Silty sand	Light brown	5YR4/4 do.			
70-90	Clayey sand	Medium brown	5YR4/4 do.			
100-	Silty sand	Light brown	5YR6/4 do.			
110						
120-	Gravel	Pale red	Angular to rounded			Pebbles up to 20 mm. Volcanic material.
130-	do.	10R6/2				Pebbles up to 10 mm.
140-	do.					
150-						
160-						
170						
180-	Pebbley sand	Grayish red	Very coarse to very fine			50% granules.
190		10R4/2				Pebbles max. 7 mm. Pebbles max. 7 mm. Considerable sand.
200'	Gravel	do.	Angular to rounded.			Volcanic material 80% 8 mm. in diameter. Volcanic material 40% 8 mm.
210-	do.	do.	do.			Some calcite
220-	do.	Pale red	do.			Volcanic material
230-	do.	10R6/2				50% 8 mm. Pebbles avg. 10 mm.
240'	do.	do.	do.			
250'	do.	do.	do.			
260'	do.	do.	do.			
270-	do.	do.	do.			
280	Pebbley	do.	do.			
290'	do.	do.				
	sand.					

Well-Waddell-Duncan-Murphy Type Rig rotary
Location sec. 5 T 22 S. R 27 E. County Cochise

Date begun Date completed May 16, 1952 Run by H.H. Geer

A-B C D cation (D-22-27) 5

Depth	Rock name	Color	size, shape	Composition			Remarks
				Angular to rounded	Major Constituents	Minor Constituents	
300	Sand with gravel	Pale red 10R6/2	Angular to rounded				
310-	Sand	do.	Very coarse to very fine, angular to rounded.				Well sorted; 95% pebbles, avg. 9 mm. of volcanic origin 50% rounded. Some dark limestone.
350	Gravel	do.	Angular to rounded.				
360	Pebbley sand	Light brownish gray 5TR6/1	do. Very coarse to very fine sand				Some dark gray lime- stone fragments with the volcanics.
370	do.	Pale red 10R6/2	do.				do.
380-	Gravel	do.	Angular to rounded.	Muscovite magnetite calcite chalcedony	do.	do.	90% rocks of volcanic origin. 5% pink and white limestone.
400	some silt	do.	do.				
410	Pebbley sand	do.	Very coarse to very fine sand, ang- ular to round- ed.				do.
420-	do.	do.					Pebbles max. 10 mm. avg. 5 mm. Volcanics and lime- stone.
450	Sand, some pebbles & silt	do.					Pebbles max. 5 mm. Volcanics & limestone
500-	Pebbley coarse sand	do.	do.	Magnetite chalcedony	do.	do.	95% rocks of volcanic origin 5% limestone
530				calcite			

Geologic

2.

0

Well Wedell-Huancan-Murray

Type Rig
Rotary

A F C D Location

(D-22-27) 5

Date begun

Run by M. Geor

Location

sec. 5 T 22 S. R 27 E

County Cheshire

Date completed May 16, 1952

Depth	Rock name	Color	size, shape	Minor Constituents	Major Constituents	Cement	Composition		Remarks	
							angularity	Angular & sub-	do.	
540	Subgray- wacke	Pale red 10x6/2	Very coarse to very fine sand, angular ular to round ed. but 90% angular and subangular fragments	Magnetite chalcedony calcite		Silica, some calcite				
550-	do.	do.	angular, very few rounded.					do.		
560										
570-	do.	do.	angular & sub-	do.						
580			angular							
590	do.	do.	do.							
600-	do.	do.		Magnetite chalcedony calcite						
610										
620	do.	do.	do.							
630	do.	do.	do.							
640-	do.	do.	do.							
650										
660	do.	do.	do.							
670										
680	do.	do.	do.							
690	do.	do.	do.							
700-	do.	do.	do.							
720										
730	do.	do.	do. 15% rounded & subrounded							

A B C D location (D-22-2725)

Well	Rock name	Color	Texture size, shape	Composition		Cement	Remarks
				Major Constituents	Minor Constituents		
740-760	Subgraywacke	Pale red 10R6/2	Angular & subangular 15% rounded and subrounded		Silica	Some rounded pebbles up to 6 mm. & calcareous gypsum(?)	
770	do.	do.	Angular & subangular rounded and subrounded		do.	More fine & very fine material	
780-790	do.	do.	Angular & subangular	Magnetite chalcedony calcite	do.	do. If few rounded grains.	
800-880	do.	Grayish red 10R4/2		Silica, some calcite	Calcite rhombs less conspicuous than at 780-790	Calcite stains common	
890	do.	Pale red 10R6/2	do.	do.	Color from 630-890 gradually becomes lighter	Magnetite chalcedony	
900	do.	do.	do.	Silica	No calcite or cal.	carries gypsum (?)	
910-940	Grayish red 10R4/2	do.	do.	do. some calcite	Limonite stains much less conspicuous.	Limonite stains much less conspicuous.	
950-960	do.	do.	do. A very few rounded and subrounded.	do. Calcite			
970-990	do.	do.	Angular & subangular	Magnetite chalcedony Fallomelane(?)	Silica	Flaser material than at 950', 20% red. to very fine frags.	
1000-1050	do.	do.	do.				
1050-1080	Grayish red 5R4/2	do.					
1090	do.	Pale red 10R6/2	do.				
1100-1190	Grayish red 10R4/2	do.					

Well Madeline-Murray

B O D location (D-22-21)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	Composition		Cement	Remarks
				Minor Miner	Major Constituents		
1200	Subgraywacke	Grayish red 10R4/2	Angular & subangular	Magnetite Calcite Chalcedony	Pink to dark gray felsites. Some purple andesite & gabbro & felsite and also tuff.	Silica and Calcite	Some aragonite fills small fissures.
1210-1250	do.	do.	do.				
1260	do.	do. & Dark gray N3	do.		60% a dark gray volcanic, poss. 10% ss altered gabbro & felsite 50% dark gray		
1270-1290	do.	do.	do.		Volcanic do. Dark gray felsite & gabbro. Lighter colored felsite, tuff & andesite	do.	Dark gray volcanic noticeable
1300	do.	do.	do.				
1310-1360	do.	do.	do.				
1370	do.	do.	do.				
1380-1390	do.	do.	do.				
1400	do.	do.	do.	Magnetite Chalcedony Calcite	70% dark gray gabbro(?) & fel- site. 30% light colored andesite, felsite & some tuff	do.	Much less magnetite and chalcedony than in previous samples
145-1470	do.	do.	do.		70% dark volcanics		
1480	do.	do.	do.		50% dark volcanics		
1490	do.	do.	do.				
1500	do.	Grayish red 10R4/2		Magnetite Calcite some Chal- cedony	80% gray & greenish do. Gray felsite. 20% reddish brown felsite, andesite (?) & some tuff	Washed sample is blackish red SR2/2 with a few light colored grains	
1510-1530	do.	do.	do.				
1540-1550	do.	do.	do.				
							Some rounded grans.

ABCD location (D-22-27)5

Well Weddell-Duncas-Murray

Texture
angularity
size, shapeComposition
Minor
MajorConstituents
Cement
Remarks

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	Constituents	Cement	Remarks
1560	Subgraywacke	Grayish red	Angular & subangular			Considerable fine material & calcite cement
1570-1580	do. & limestone	do. Grayish red $5\frac{1}{2}$ /2 white grains noticeable	do. $10\frac{1}{2}$ /2	Magnetite Calcite	Calcite some Silica	Gray, greenish gray & brown felsite & andesite (?). Light colored tuff & Calcite. Aphanitic volcanics in equal proportions comprise 90% of the sample
1590						Buckled and folded
1600-1610	do.	Brownish do. some rounded	do.			Some limestone
1620	do.	Gray $5\frac{1}{2}$ /1 do.	do.			Considerably more limestone chips.
1630	do.	White & dark gray N3	Angular & subangular	do. 50% white & pink limestone 50% gray, greenish gray & brown felsite; some tuff	Calcite	Some rounded volcanic & limestone grain
1640	do.	Variegated, gray, pink & brown	do.	70% felsite & some altered volcanics. 20% limestone 10% calcite cemented grains. Less limestone & cemented grains than at 1640	do.	Sample appears to be washed.
1650	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	Sample appears to be washed.
1670	do.	Grayish orange pink $5\frac{1}{2}$ /2	do.	15% limestone 80% volcanics including felsite, andesite, diabase (?) Some brown quartzite	do.	Some rounded volca-
						nic's Clear calcite cement. Sample appears to be washed
					do.	Some well rounded grains - Raw sample (?)

ABCD location (P-22-27) 5

Well Weddell-Duncan-Murphy

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture singularity size, shape	Composition		Cement	Remarks
				Minor Constituents	Major Constituents		
1680-	Subgray- wacke & limestone	Grayish orange pink 5TR4/2	Angular & subangular			Calcite	
1690							
1700	do.	Washed sample variegated, brown gray & pink	do.	Magnetite calcite	15% limestone 80% volcanics, mostly felsite	do.	Finer material than 1660!, avg. less than 2 mm in diameter.
1710-	Subgray- wacke & limestone	Pale brown 5TR5/2	Angular & sub- angular, some coarse to very fine.			do.	Silty?
1750							
1755	do.	Varie- gated, gray brown & white.	Angular & sub- angular, some rounded & sub- rounded.	70% gray & brown felsite. 15% limestone 15% brown tuff, altered diabase(?) & some chert.	do.		Some limestone pebbles are well rounded. Sample appears to be washed.
1760	do.	Varie- gated dark gray & white.	do.	45% white or very light gray lime- stone 55% volcanics des- cribed at 1760.			Limestone fragments avg. 6 mm. Most are angular & subangular. Some volcanics are well rounded. Sample appears to be washed. Crinoid stems in one limestone chip.
1765	Limestone & subgray- wacke	do.	Angular & sub- angular. Lime- stone is sphinctic.	80% gray & white limestone. 15% volcanics 5% chert			Fusulinids in lime- stone & chert. Some volcanics rounded.
1770-	Limestone some sub- graywacke	do.	Aphanitic; angular & sub-				
1785							

1760 specimen

Well Waddell-Duncan-Murray

B C D location (L-22-27) 5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	Composition		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
1790	Sandy calcareous claystone	Medium light gray	Fine, sub-angular to rounded	85% limestone 10% volcanics 5% claystone			
1795	Limestone	Varia-gated, dark gray & white	do.	50% limestone & sandy calcareous claystone. 50% angular to rounded.			Volcanic probably from above the Naco.
1800	do.	do. Some red & purple.	Angular & sub-angular, Aphanitic & fine grained	80% gray & white limestone. 5% pink limestone 5% red 5% purple "			Fragments avg. 15 mm. Some volcanic & sandy calcareous clay-stone.
1805	do.	Pink, light gray & white	do.	75% limestone 20% claystone			Some volcanics.
1810-	Limestone	Varia-gated dark gray to white, some pink.	Angular & sub-angular. Aphanitic; pink limestone is medium grained.				Some pink dog-tooth calcite crystals.
1825							
1830-	Limestone	do.. do.		70% red, pink, gray & white limestone. 20% gray & shaly brown siltstone. 10% claystone & green mudstone.			
1840-	do.	do.	Angular & sub-angular, mostly aphanitic.				
1860							
1870-	do.	do.					
1890							

ESCALIUS
Reticularis very abundant
in the pink limestone.
Bryozoans & diatoms
are also present in
the limestones.

1/10 section 1/4

Well Waddell-Duncan-Murray

A B C D location (B-22-27) 5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C o m p o s i t i o n		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
1900	Limestone, Some silt- stone	Varie- gated dark gray to white, Some pink & red.	Angular & sub- angular, mostly ephanitic.				Some white material similar to serpentine. 10% round pebbles may be from above.
1910	do.	do.	do.				Very little red silt- stone & pink lime- stone.
1920	Limestone	Medium gray to white Some pink.	Angular & sub- angular, ephanitic.				Many fissions, some fusulinids.
1930-	do.	do.	do.				
1950	do.	do.	do.				Some dark red medium grained limestone.
1960	do.	do.	do.				
1970-	do.	do.	do.				
1980	do.	do.	do.				
1985	do.	do.	do.				
1990-	do.	do.	do.				
2000	do.	do.	do.				
2005	do.	do.	do.				
2010-	Limestone & mudstone	Medium gray to white. Some purple & pink.	do.	80% limestone 20% mudstone			Mudstones purple.
2020							
2025-	do.	do.	do.		do.		Some dog tooth calcite
2030							crystals.

100' distance

9.

C

Well Waddell-Duncan-Murray

A B C D location (D-22-27) 5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Angularity size, shape	Composition		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2035	Limestone & mudstone	Medium gray to white.	Angular & sub-angular, subplanitic.		75% limestone 25% mudstone		
2040	do.	do.	do.		50% limestone 20% mudstone		
2045	do.	do.	do.		do.	Some reddish brown calcareous claystone.	
2050	do.	do.	do.		65% limestone 15% mudstone		
2055	do.	do.	do.		do.	Some pink chert.	
2060	do.	do.	do.		80% limestone 20% mudstone		
2065	do.	do.	do.		do. Some green	Some agat or obilite	
2070	do.	do.	do.		silty limestone with pyrite	pink limestone. No fossiliferous.	
2075						<i>Franklinite</i>	
2080	do.	do.	Angular & sub-angular, subplanitic. Some medium.		80% Limestone 20% mudstone.		
2085							
2090	do.	do.	do.		70% limestone 20% mudstone 10% graywacke	Graywacke is pale	
2095	do.	Some pale green.	do.		do.	green & contains pyrite cubes & serpentines.	
2100	do.	do.	do.		do.	Some dog tooth calcite crystals.	
2105	do.	do.	do.		do.	Dog tooth calcite crystals very noticeable.	
2110	do.	do.	do.		do.		
2115	do.	do.	do.		do.		
2120	do.	do.	do.		do.	Clear calcite rhombs	
2125							

Well Weddell-Duncan-Murray

A B C D location (P-22-27) 5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture singularity size, shape	Composition		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2170	Limestone & mudstone	Medium gray to white. Some purple & pink. Some pale green.	Angular & sub-spherical. Some medium.		80% limestone 15% mudstone 5% graywacke		
2185	do.	do.	do.		60% limestone 30% mudstone 10% graywacke.		
2190	do.	do.	do.		70% limestone 20% mudstone 10% graywacke		
2195							

There was an estimated flow of 75-100 gpm from this well. Temp. 129° F. approx.

1/20 December

Well Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	COMPOSITION		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2150-	Limestone and mud- stone	Medium gray to white, some purple, pink & pale green	Angular & subangular subangular, subangular, some medium grained	-	70% limestone 20% mudstone 10% graywacke	-	
2155	do.	do.	do.	-	50% mudstone 35% limestone 15% graywacke	-	
2160	do.	Purple and medium gray white, some pink & green	do. to	70% mudstone 20% limestone 10% graywacke	40% mudstone 50% limestone 10% graywacke and dark gray quartzite	-	
2165	do.	Dark gray to white, some purple, pink and pale green	do.	40% mudstone 50% limestone 10% graywacke and dark gray quartzite	65% limestone 25% mudstone 10% graywacke & quartzite	-	
2170-	do. & some quartzite	do.	do.	30% of the limestone is buff and sandy	do.	-	
2190	do.	do.	do.				
2195	do.	do.	do.				
2200-	Limestone & mudstone some quartzite	Medium dark gray to white, some purple, pink & pale green	do.				
2210							

(D-22-27)5

Waddell-Duncan-Murphy

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2220-	Limestone	Med. dark	Angular and subangular	-	65% limestone 30% mudstone 5% graywacke and quartzite	-	
2235	& mudstone	gray to white, some purple, pink & pale green	spherical, some med. grained	-	60% limestone 25% mudstone 10% lime cemented conglomerate 5% graywacke and quartzite	-	
2240	do. some conglom- erate	do.	do.	-	70% limestone 30% mudstone	-	
2245	Limestone & mudstone	do.	do.	-	do.	-	
2250-	do.	do.	do.	-	50% limestone 25% mudstone 25% altered	-	
2255	do.	do.	do.	-	volcanic & quartzite	-	
2260	do.	do.	do.	-	50% limestone 25% mudstone 25% altered	-	
2265-	Quartzite & limestone, medium some shale	Pink & gray to white, some purple	do.	-	40% pink and some white quartzite 10% mudstone	-	
2280				50% gray and some pink limestone	Some chert, some medium- grained limestone	-	
2285	do.	do.	do.	40% pink and some white quartzite 10% mudstone	Very little mudstone	-	
				75% pink quartzite, some white and gray			
				20% gray and pink limestone			

50% of the limestone is
med. grained. Some do-
ing calcite. Quartzite
is mostly spherical

1/10 specimen

Waddell-Duncan-Huray

(P-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2290	Quartzite	Pink & med. gray to white, some purple	Angular and subangular, eaphanitic, some medium grained	-	80% quartzite 20% limestone	-	Very little mudstone
2305	do.	do.	do.	-	90% quartzite 10% limestone	do.	do.
2310	do.	do.	do.	-	95% quartzite 5% limestone	do.	do.
2320	do.	do.	do.	-	90% quartzite 10% limestone	do.	do.
2325	Limestone	Med. gray to white, some pink and purple	Angular and subangular, eaphanitic to coarse grained	-	80% limestone 15% quartzite 5% mudstone	-	-
2335	do.	do.	do.	-	90% limestone 10% mudstone 5% quartzite	-	-
2340	do.	do.	Angular and subangular, eaphanitic to coarse grained, mostly med. grained	-	85% limestone 10% mudstone 5% quartzite	-	-
2345	do.	do.	do.	-	95% limestone 5% mudstone, some quartzite	-	-
2350	do.	do.	do.	-	90% limestone 10% mudstone	-	80% of limestone is medium grained, some chips contain unidentifiable brachiopod shells

1/20 permanent

14

Weddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27) 5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	COMPOSITION			Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents			
2355-	Limestone	Med. gray to white, some pink and purple	Angular and subangular, subangular to coarse grained, most- ly med. grain- ed	-	95% limestone 5% mudstone	-	-	One chip with a cup coral, fossil
2370	do.	Med. dark gray to white some pink and purple	Angular and subangular, med. and fine grained, some coarse grain- ed and aphanitic	-	do.	-	-	
2380	do.	do.	do.	-	95% limestone 5% dark gray quartz site & some purple mudstone	-	-	
2385-	2400	do.	do.	do.	95% limestone 5% mudstone	-	-	
2405	do.	do.	do.	do.	95% limestone 5% mudstone	-	-	
2410	do.	do.	do.	do.	95% limestone 5% mudstone	-	-	
2415-	2420	do.	do.	do.	do.	-	-	
2425-	2450	do.	do.	do.	90% limestone 10% mudstone	-	Some chart	

More white limestone than
in previous samples -
roughly 50%

60% white limestone

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture Angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2455-	Limestone	Med. gray	Angular and gray to white subangular, some pink & med. and fine grained, some purple	-	85% limestone 10% dense mudstone 5% shaly mudstone	-	Mudstone of previous samples has been, for the most part, shaly
2460			coarse grained & spherulitic	-			
2465-	do.	do.	do.	90% limestone 5% dense mudstone 5% shaly mudstone	-		
2470							
2475	do.	do.	do.	85% limestone 5% dense mudstone 5% shaly mudstone 5% pink quartzite	-		
2480	do.	do.	do.	70% limestone 30% mudstone, mostly dense	-		
2485	do.	do.	do.	60% limestone 40% dense mudstone	-		
2490-	do.	do.	do.	70% limestone 30% dense mudstone	-		
2505							
2510-	do.	do.	do.	30% limestone 20% dense mudstone	-		
2520							
2525-	do.	do.	do.	75% limestone 20% mudstone 5% quartzite and chert	-		
2530							

H. A. Duncanson

Waddell-Durcan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Angularity size, shape	Texture		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2535-	Limestone	Red, dark	Angular and subangular,	-	80% limestone 20% mudstone	-	"
2550		gray to white some pink & purple	some pink & med. and fine grained, some & coarse grained & spherulitic	do.	do.	do.	
2550-	do.	do.	do.	do.	80% limestone 10% spherulitic red	do.	
2555		Med. gray to white some pink & purple	do.	70% limestone 15% mudstone 15% volcanics	do.	do.	
2560	do.	do.	do.	do.	70% limestone 15% mudstone 15% volcanics	do.	
2565-	do.	Pink & med. dark gray to white some purple	do.	do.	80% limestone 10% mudstone 10% volcanics and dolomite(?)	do.	do. Some fault breccia
2575		do.	do.	do.	90% limestone 10% mudstone and volcanics	do.	
2580-	do.	Pale red & med. dark gray to white, some purple	do.	90% limestone 10% mudstone and volcanics	80% fine granular limestone Pale red 1086/2	do.	
2590		do.	do. & pink	do.	90% pink & pale red, fine granular limestone	do.	
2600	do.	do.	do.	do.	45% pink and red limestone 45% gray limestone	do.	
2605-	do.	do.	do.	do.		do.	
2615							

*W.C. Durcan**J.P. Durcan*

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture Angularity Size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks 20% of the limestone is gray
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2620	Limestone	Pale red & pink, some med. dark gray to white	Angular and subangular, fine grained, some coarse and ephannitic	do.	95% limestone 5% mudstone	do.	40% of the limestone is gray
2635				do.	do.	do.	10% of the limestone is gray
2640	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2645	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2650	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	15% of the limestone is gray
2655	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	50% of the limestone is gray
2660	do.	Pink & gray	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2665	do.	Med. gray to white, some pink	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2670	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2675	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2680	do.	Pale red and medium gray to white	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.
2690							
2675	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	70% pale red and pink limestone. 30% gray limestone
2700							

1/2" diameter

1/2"

Weddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-23-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture size, shape	COMPOSITION		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2705-	Limestone	Pale red & med. gray to white	Angular & subangular, fine grained, some sphaenitic		limestone		20% fine grained argillaceous light gray limestone; 50% pink limestone 30% med. gray limestone
2710		do.	do.			do.	
2715	do.	do.	do.			do.	50% fine grained argillaceous light gray limestone 35% pink limestone 15% med. gray limestone
2720	do.	Light gray some pale red and white	do.			do.	80% fine grained argillaceous limestone. Some chert
2725-	do.	do.	do.			do.	
2730	do.	do.	do.			do.	90% fine grained argillaceous limestone, light gray N7
2740	do.	Variegated pale red, med. gray & med. dark gray	do.			do.	50% do.
2745	do.	Med. gray & med. dark gray	do.			do.	
2750	do.	do.	do.			do.	
2755	do.	do. some pale red & pink	do.			do.	Some pale red sandstone cemented with calcite
				55% limestone 15% dark reddish brown felsite			
				85% limestone 15% dark reddish brown felsite (?) and mudstone			
				55% argillaceous limestone 30% sandstone 15% felsite (?) & mudstone			

Weddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
2765	Limestone & variegated sandstone	med. dark gray to white pale red and pink	Angular and subangular. Fine grained	50% gray argillaceous limestone	50% pale red sandstone		Sandstone is impure and is cemented with magnesium limestone. Sand grains are angular and very fine.
2780			Some sphaenitic				
2770	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2775	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2780	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2785	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2790	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2805	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2810	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		
2815	Sandstone limestone quartzite	Variegated pale red & pink, some gray & white	Angular and subangular. Fine and very fine grained. Some coarse	50% sandstone 30% argillaceous limestone 10% pale red purple quartzite	-		Some dolomite
2820	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.		Some dolomite Some volcanics and pale red quartzite Some dolomite and mudstone. Quartzite is coarse grained.

No specimen

Waddell

(B-2242)

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size & shape	C O M P O S I T I O N	Cement	Remarks
				Major constituents	Minor constituents	
2825	Sandstone, limestone, quartzite	Variegated pale red & pink, some gray, and white	Angular and subangular. Fine and very fine grained, some coarse	60% sandstone 20% quartzite 15% gray limestone	60% pink and pale red	Some mudstone. Quartzite contains granules
2830	do.	Pink and light gray, some pale red, purple and white	do.	80% sandstone 15% quartzite 5% mudstone	-	-
2835	Sandstone	do.	-	85% sandstone 10% mudstone 5% quartzite	-	-
2840	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
2850	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
2855	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
2860	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
2865	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
2870	Pale red and med. gray to light gray	Angular and subangular, fine	Fine sandstone cemented by calcite	Some mudstone and quartzite do. More calcite cement in sandstone do.	do.	Sandstone cemented by dolomite. Grains are very fine and angular. Gradation al, may be considered a quartzite
2875	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	-
2880	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	-
2885	Sandstone & dolomite	do.	do.	Some gray dolomite Dolomite is very sandy. Some mudstone	-	-
2890						

Waddell-Duncan-Murphy

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	Minor constituents	C O M P O S I T I O N	Major constituents	Cement	Remarks
2895	Sandstone & dolomite	Pale red and medium gray to light gray	Angular and subangular, fine.	"	60% gray dolomite	40% sandstone	"	Some dark gray impure dolomite
2905	do.	Pale red and dark gray to light gray	do.	"	40% medium gray dolomite	40% dark gray dolomite	"	
2915	do.	"	"	"	20% sandstone	"	"	
2920	do.	do.	do.	"	35% medium gray dolomite	35% dark gray dolomite	"	
2925	do.	do.	do.	"	30% sandstone	"	"	
2930	do.	do.	do.	"	40% medium gray dolomite	40% sandstone	"	Some soft pale green limestone
2935	Dolomite & sandstone	dc.	do.	"	20% dark gray dolomite	"	"	Considerable chert
2940	do.	do.	do.	"	60% medium gray dolomite	25% sandstone	"	
2950	do.	do.	do.	"	15% dark gray dolomite	"	"	
2955	do.	do.	do.	"	50% medium gray dolomite	30% dark gray dolomite	"	Some volcanics, mudstone, and grayish orange pink dolomite

1/10 section

20

Waddell-Hudcah-Murphy

G(124220)

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3050	Sandstone & dolomite	Dark reddish brown, some gray, pink, and white	Angular and subangular. Fine and medium	-	50% sandstone 20% pink & gray dolomite 10% mudstone 5% quartzite	-	Reddish brown sandstone contains angular medium & fine quartz grain cemented by calcite, silice, and some hematite. Considerable red tinted dog tooth calcite and clear calcite rhombs
3055	Sandstone	do.	do.	-	75% sandstone 10% clear calcite 15% dolomite, mudstone and quartzite	-	Much of the cement appears to be dog tooth calcite
3060	Sandstone and dolomite	do.	do.	-	45% sandstone 40% pink and gray dolomite 10% dark gray limestone	-	Some mudstone and clear calcite rhombs
3065	Dolomite & sandstone	Gray, pink & white. Some dark reddish brown	do.	-	20% sandstone 70% pink and gray dolomite 10% dark gray limestone & mudstone	-	Considerable chert. Some of the dolomite is sandy. Some grayish orange pink sandstone
3070	Sandstone & dolomite	Grayish orange pink. Some gray, pink & white	Angular and subangular, fine	-	80% impure grayish orange pink sandstone 15% pink & gray dolomite	-	Some mudstone and chert. Dolomite seems to grade into the impure sandstone. Sandstone contains glauconite (?)

1/20 Rec. 194

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Waddell-Duncan-Murray

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3075	sandstone & dolomite	Grayish, orange pink and medium gray, some pink and white	Angular and subangular, fine	-	70% grayish orange pink sandstone 25% dolomite 5% quartzite	-	Some calcite rhombs and mudstone
3080	do.	do.	do.	-	50% sandstone 50% dolomite	do.	
3085	do.	do.	do.	-	75% dolomite 25% sandstone		Sandstone seems to grade into sandy dolomite and dolomite all are impure and usually contain glauconite?
3090	do.	do.	do.	-	do.		
3095	Dolomite	do.	do.	-	80% dolomite 10% reddish brown sandstone 10% grayish orange pink sandstone		
3100				-	do.		
3105	do.	do.	do.	-	do.		
3110	do.	do.	do.	-	15% gray dolomite. Some chert. Reddish brown sandstone is probably from 3055		
3115	do.	do.	do.	-	do.		
3120	do.	do.	do.	-	do.		
3125	grayish orange pink and medium fine	Angular and subangular	fine	-	80% pink dolomite 20% gray dolomite	do. 25% gray dolomite	Considerable chert. Dolomite seems to contain the same minerals but have a slightly different color. Limestones contain glauconite (?). Some sandstone.

No specimen

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(D-22-27)5

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N			Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents			
3130	Dolomite	Grayish orange pink & medium light gray	Angular and subangular fine		70% pink dolomite 20% gray dolomite 10% sandstone			Sandstone is probably from 3055
3135	do.	do.	do.		80% pink dolomite 20% gray dolomite			
3140-	do.	do.	do.		70% pink dolomite 30% gray dolomite			
3145	do.	do.	do.		60% pink dolomite 40% gray dolomite			
3150	do.	do.	do.		60% gray dolomite 40% pink dolomite			
3155	do.	do.	do.		70% gray dolomite 30% pink dolomite			
3160	do.	do. and light gray	do. some medium		60% gray dolomite 40% pink dolomite			
3165	do.	do.	do.		60% gray dolomite 40% pink dolomite			
3170-	do.	do.	do.		do.			
3175	do.	do.	do.		do. more quartz grains in dolomite			
3180	do.	do.	do.		Some white quartzite. Considerably more quartz grains particularly in the darker dolomite			
3185	do.	do. Some medium dark gray	do.		70% gray dolomite 20% pink dolomite 10% dark gray quartz			

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Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3340.	Dolomite,	Grayish	Angular and subangular	-	-	-	Some dark gray micaceous mudstone and reddish brown mudstone. Also small amounts of quartzite and sandstone.
3350	some quart. zite and sandstone	orange pink and dark gray to light gray	Fine and Medium	-	-	-	5% dark gray micaceous mudstone. Some pure limestone.
3355-	do.	do.	do. some esphantitic	-	-	-	10% micaceous mudstone. Some pure limestone.
3360	do. and mudstone	do.	do.	-	-	-	Some pure limestone.
3365-	do. and mudstone	do.	do.	-	-	-	Micaceous mudstone appears to occur as thin layers in a grayish orange pink and light gray, fine-grained glauconitic (?) sandstone.
3375	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	do. Much of the micaceous mudstone is very fissile.
3380	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	Much of the red mudstone is also micaceous. Some sandstones.
3385-	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	85% dolomite and limestone 15% red and gray mudstone
3390	Dolomite, limestone, & mudstone	Variiegated pink, dark reddish brown and dark gray to very light gray	do.	-	-	-	80% dolomite and limestone 20% mudstone
3400-	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	75% dolomite and limestone 25% mudstone
3405	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	Dolomite and glauconite not as prevalent.
3410-	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	
3420	Permian	do.	do.	-	-	-	

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-275)

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Gement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3425	Dolomite, limestone, & mudstone	Variegated grayish orange, pink, dark reddish brown and dark gray to very light gray	Angular and subangular fine and aphantic. Some medium	-	90% dolomite and limestone 10% mudstone	-	20% medium gray dolomite
3430	do.	do.	do.	-	50% dolomite and limestone 50% mudstone	-	50% medium gray micaceous mudstone
3435	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	Considerable dolomite and volcanics. Probably a contaminated sample.
3440	Limestone & mudstone, gray, some very little light gray dolomite	Medium dark gray, some lighter	Do. but no medium	-	-	-	Most of the sample is medium gray limestone and mudstone. Limestone contains finely striated shell fragments.
3445	Limestone & mudstone	Medium gray, some lighter gray	do.	-	50% limestone 20% mudstone	-	Micaceous mudstone appears to grade into the limestone
3450	do.	do.	do.	-	do.	-	Some grayish orange pink limestone
3455	do.	do. some grayish orange pink	do.	-	do.	-	Do. some dark reddish brown mudstone
3460-3465	do. some dark reddish brown	do.	do.	-	do.	-	

the Permian

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3470	Limestone & mudstone	Medium to light gray, grayish orange pink, some dark reddish brown	Angular and subangular.	-	80% limestone 20% mudstone	-	Some small bivalves average 1 mm in diameter
3485	Limestone some mud- stone	Variiegated medium gray to white, grayish orange pink, dark reddish brown and grayish green	do.	-	95% limestone 5% mudstone	-	Some green limestone
3490	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
3500	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
3505-	Limestone, volcanics & mudstone	Dark gray to very light gray, grayish orange pink	do.	-	60% limestone 35% volcanics 5% mudstone	-	50% very light gray limestone
3510	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	Volcanic material is similar to that between 540 feet and 1750 feet. Probably a contaminated sample.
3515-	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	do.
3520	do.	do.	do.	-	60% volcanics 35% limestone 5% mudstone	do.	do.
3525	do.	do.	do.	-	65% limestone 25% volcanics 10% mudstone	do.	do.
3530	do.	do.	do.	-	80% limestone 10% volcanics 10% mudstone	do.	do.

The permanent

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3535-	Limestone & mudstone	Dark gray to very light subangular.	Angular and fine and granular	-	90% limestone 10% mudstone	-	Very little siltstone. Most of the mudstone is dark greenish gray
3540		gray, little grayish orange pink	Angular and granular	-	-	-	-
3545-	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
3550		do.	do.	-	-	-	-
3555	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
3560	do.	do.	do.	-	-	-	-
3565-	do.	Dark gray to very light gray	do.	-	85% limestone 15% mudstone	-	-
3570		do.	do.	-	do.	-	-
3575	do.	do.	do.	-	80% limestone 20% mudstone	-	-
3580	do.	do.	do.	-	60% limestone 40% mudstone	-	-
3585-	do.	do.	do.	-	90% limestone 10% mudstone	-	-
3625		do.	do.	-	Contaminated	-	-
3630	do.	do.	do.	-	do.	-	-
3635-	do.	do.	do.	-	80% limestone 20% mudstone	-	-
3650		do.	do.	-	do.	-	-
3655	do.	do.	do.	-	Contaminated	-	-

1/20 ft

52

Some shell fragments in a
light gray limestone

Approximately 80% limestone
and 20% mudstone

Some sandy dolomitic
limestone

do. Much of the limestone
contains silt.

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Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3805-	Quartzite	Dark gray	Angular and subangular.	40%	coarse grained white quartzite	-	
3820	sandstone, limestone and some mudstone	to white	Coarse, fine and spherulitic				
3825	do.	do. some grayish orange pink	do.		70% quartzite 30% sandstone, limestone and mudstone		
3830	do.	do.	do.				
3835	do.	do.	do.				
3840-	do.	do.	do.				
3845	Quartzite	Moderate orange pink, some dark gray to white	Angular coarse	30% quartzite 25% sericite (?)	30% sericite (?)	Some pink sandstone	
3850-						Considerable amount of a pale green stony rock - possibly sericite. Contamin- ated	
3855							
3860	do.	do.	do.	25% quartzite 70% quartzite 10% sericite (?)	70% quartzite 10% sericite (?)	Contaminated	
3865-							
3870	do.	do.	do.				
3875	do.	do.	do.				
3880	do.	do.	do.				

3%

Most of the quartzite
is moderate orange pink

More grayish orange pink quartzite

Very little green

Considerable white quartzite

do. Some medium gray fine
grained quartzite. Contamin-
ated

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-23-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture angularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3885	Quartzite & sandstone	Medium gray & some pink and white	Angular and subangular. Coarse and fine	50% partly siliceous sandstone.	50% fine grained	Some gray coarse grained quartzite. Sandstone similar to that at 3685 ft.	Contaminated.
3890	do.	do.	do.	15% coarse grained white and pink quartz	15% coarse grained white and pink quartz	Very little coarse grained quartzite. Contaminated.	Contaminated.
3895	do.	do.	do.	90% sandstone similar to that at 3685 feet	90% sandstone similar to that at 3685 feet	Very little coarse grained quartzite. Samples 3885-3895 may have been incorrectly labeled.	Very little coarse grained quartzite. Contaminated.
3905	do.	Grayish orange pink, white and medium gray	do.	40% coarse grained pink and white quartzite	55% do.	Most of the quartzite is coarse grained but some is fine and medium grained. Quartzite contains some feldspar.	Contaminated.
3910-3915	Quartzite	do. but very little gray	Angular, some subangular. Lar. Coarse medium and fine	7% quartzite	20% arkose	Arkose composed of quartz, feldspar, specular hematite and chlorite, pink ortho-feldspar	Arkose & arkose
3920-3935	Quartzite and arkose	do.	do.	30% arkose	10% quartzite	Arkose composed of quartz, feldspar, specular hematite and chlorite, pink ortho-feldspar	Arkose & arkose
3940-3955	Arkose & quartzite	do.	do.	35%	35%	Contaminated	Contaminated

Waddell-Duncan-Murray

(D-22-27)5

Depth	Rock name	Color	Texture singularity size, shape	C O M P O S I T I O N		Cement	Remarks
				Minor constituents	Major constituents		
3960-	Arkose and quartzite	Gravish orange pink 10R8/2 and white	Angular, some subangular. Coarse, medium and fine.	-	35% arkose 25% quartzite	-	Contaminated
3990				-	-	-	
3995-	Granite(?)	Grayish Orange pink 10R8/2, light red and white	do.	-	-	-	Red orthoclase very noticeable. Contaminated.
4015				-	-	-	
4020-	Granite	do. plus pale yellowish green	do.	-	-	-	Many fragments contain sericitic
405				-	-	-	
4110-	do.	Moderate orange pink and white, Some green and purple	Angular coarse	-	Purple and green sericitic increase with depth.	-	
4210				-	-	-	

The present